TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND SAFETY RULES

1. Montana speed limits: Daylight—reasonable and prudent speed; 55 miles per hour during the hours when lights are required, except where zoned and posted. Trucks in excess of 8,000 pounds gross weight—50 miles per hour. Vehicles towing house trailers—50 miles per hour. Speed limit on roads under construction—35 miles per hour.
2. Vehicles entering main highways from side road or drive must yield right-of-way to vehicles traveling main highways.
3. Proper signal must be given when passing another vehicle, changing direction, stopping or slowing down on the highway. Sound horn to warn the car ahead you are going to pass; left turn, left hand and arm extended horizontally; right turn, left hand and arm extended upward; stop or slow down, left arm extended downward. Electrical turn indicators are legal.
4. Never drive at a speed greater than that at which you can stop in the clear road visible ahead. Slow down at night or when the road is wet or icy.
5. When approaching another car from either the front or rear, dim your lights, don't be afraid to dim first. Courtesy promotes safety.
6. Don't stop or park on the main-traveled portion of the highway, especially on hills or curves. Pull out on the shoulder. It's safer for you and other cars.
7. Accidents resulting in death, personal injury, or property damage of an apparent extent of $100 or more requires immediate notification to Sheriff, Police or Highway Patrol by quickest means of communication. This notice must be followed by a written report to Montana Highway Patrol Board, Helena, Montana within ten days.
8. When approaching school busses loading or unloading school children, drivers must stop and not proceed until school bus resumes motion.
9. PREVENT FOREST FIRES—USE YOUR ASH TRAY.
10. The dumping of garbage or refuse upon or near any highway, road, street, or alley prohibited. Persons found guilty of this violation shall be fined the sum not to exceed $25.00, or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed 30 days, or both.
11. During the forest fire season every vehicle going into forested areas must be equipped with a serviceable shovel, axe, and bucket, except when traveling numbered state and federal highways.
12. Montana highway regulations provide that no combination of auto and trailer shall exceed 60 ft. in length, or 96 in. in total outside width, or 13 ft. 6 in. in height except with permit. Trailers should carry red lights to the rear, green, amber or white lights to the front and amber side lights. The speed limit for vehicles towing house trailers is 50 miles per hour. No person shall occupy a house trailer while it is being moved upon the highway.

MONTANA ROADS OPEN FOR WINTER TRAVEL

Modern maintenance equipment enables Montana to keep all primary roads (shown in red) open during winter months except for very short periods during or immediately after a severe storm. Make local inquiry regarding conditions during storms. Carry chains and a shovel. Reduce speed.

All main highway passes are kept open all winter. Passes that are closed to traffic for several months are:

Beartooth Pass on U. S. 212, from 12 miles south of Red Lodge over Beartooth Plateau to Cooke City.

Logan Pass in Glacier National Park, closed from about Oct. 15 to June 1.

Skalkaho Pass on Montana 38 between Anaconda and Hamilton.

Yellowstone National Park roads subject to closure after Oct. 31, except for Gardiner-Cooke City road via Mammoth which remains open year around.

POINTS OF INTEREST

1. **LAST CHANCE GULCH** (E-4). Gold was discovered on July 14, 1864. Third Territorial and present State Capital. Capitol Building and Historical Museum visitors welcome. Conducted tour of Helena by Last Chancer Tour Train. Carroll College, Veteran's Hospital, Vocational School for girls.
2. **RICHEST HILL ON EARTH** (F-4). Gold, silver, copper and zinc from deep mines and open pits. World Museum of Mining, 33 acres of history and relics of mining of yesterday to present. Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology.
3. **CUSTER BATTLEFIELD NATIONAL MONUMENT** (G-9). June 25, 1876, Battle of the Little Big Horn. Gen. George A. Custer and his Seventh Cavalry were slain to the last man by the combined Sioux and Cheyenne Indian Forces.
4. **FORT PECK DAM AND RESERVOIR** (C-10). World's largest earth-filled dam impounds the Missouri River forming reservoir 189 miles in length with over 1,600 miles of shoreline. Boating and fishing. Hell Creek, Rock Creek State Parks and Recreation Areas.
5. **GATES OF THE MOUNTAINS** (D-4). Wilderness Area, discovered and named July 19, 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Sheer cliffs rise to 1,200 feet above the Missouri River. Abounds with interesting wildfowl, deer, bear and mountain goats. Launch trips.
6. **GREAT FALLS OF THE MISSOURI RIVER** (C-5). Discovered in 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Giant Springs, world's largest fresh water spring. Picnic grounds. Five hydroelectric dams. College of Great Falls, Montana School Deaf and Blind, Malmstrom Airforce Base, Cowboy artist Charles M. Russell original cabin and Art Gallery.
7. **LEWIS AND CLARK CAVERNS STATE PARK** (F-5). One of the nation's largest limestone caverns. Colorful stalactites, stalagmites, clusterites, and flowstone provide an exciting 90 minute guided tour.
8. **MADISON CANYON EARTHQUAKE AREA** (H-5). At 11:37 p.m., August 17, 1959 an awesome earthquake slid half a mountain into the canyon creating a giant dam and Quake Lake. Memorial and visitors vista.
9. **MONTANA NATIONAL BISON RANGE** (D-2). Large herd of bison, also elk, pronghorns, whitetail and mule deer. Some longhorn cattle and many upland birds and waterfowl. Conducted auto tours from late June until Labor Day.
10. **YELLOWTAIL DAM AND BIGHORN CANYON NATIONAL RECREATION AREA** (G-9). 500 foot multimillion dollar hydroelectric dam in spectacular Big Horn Canyon, Visitors Vista, Boating, Fishing and Recreation.
11. **MUSEUM OF THE PLAINS INDIAN** (B-3). An exhibition and crafts center portraying the life of the Northern Plains Indians "in the days when buffalo ran." Open June through Sept. under supervision of the Blackfoot Indian Agency.
12. **COW CAPITAL OF THE WEST** (E-11). Range Riders Museum, a memorial to those who rode the unfenced range. Custer County Junior College, State Industrial School, Agricultural Experiment Station and Veteran's Administration Hospital.
13. **ST. IGNATIUS MISSION** (D-2). Established in 1854 for the Flathead Indians. The present church is said to be the third most beautiful in the world. A visit is a very rewarding experience.
14. **MEDICINE ROCK STATE PARK** (F-12). 220 acres containing numerous weird and oddly-shaped sandrock formations, a result of wind erosion. Carter Co. Museum at Ekalaka, exhibits specimens of prehistoric times, dinosaurs, fossils, etc.
15. **GEORGETOWN LAKE AREA** (F-3). Rockhounding country, ghost towns, camping, fishing, hunting. World's largest smoke stack at Anaconda Smelter.
16. **BOWDOIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE** (B-9). Abounds with resident and migratory waterfowl, Canadian geese, ducks of all species, colonial nesting birds, and upland game birds. Also antelope, deer, and occasionally even elk.
17. **ALDER GULCH** (G-4). Rich gold placer diggings were discovered in the spring of 1863. Historic Virginia City soon became the second Territorial Capital. Reconstructed ghost towns and rockhound country.
18. **MIDLAND EMPIRE MAGIC CITY** (F-8). Yellowstone Museum, Range Rider Monument. Boothill Cemetery, Eastern Montana College and Rocky Mountain College. Area Office Bureau of Indian Affairs.
19. **DILLON AREA** (G-4). Ghost town of Bannack, gold was discovered in July 1862. Beaverhead County Museum, archaeology and geology exhibits. Western Montana College. Fishing and hunting country.
20. **HISTORIC BITTERROOT VALLEY** (E-2). Stevensville, St. Mary's Mission established in 1841. Fort Owen now a State Monument was established in 1850. Hamilton U.S. Public Health, Rocky Mountain Laboratory.
21. **GALLATIN EMPIRE** (G-5). Bozeman, named for John M. Bozeman, pioneer wagonmaster of the early sixties. Montana State University, Montana Experiment Station.
22. **HUB OF FIVE GREAT VALLEYS** (D-2). Missoula, University of Montana, Northern Region Headquarters, U.S. Forest Service and Aerial Fire Depot, Smoke Jumpers Center. Missoula Snow Bowl site of 1967 Winter Olympic Trials. Luge run near Lolo.
23. **FLATHEAD LAKE AREA** (C-2). Center of great year around playground: skiing, big game hunting and fishing in every direction, with water sports, camping and outdoor recreation unlimited.
24. **TRIBAL ARTS AND CRAFTS** (B-11). Poplar, over 3,000 Assiniboine and Sioux Indians welcome you to their million acre reservation.
25. **GLACIER NATIONAL PARK** (A-3). Going to the Sun Road, an engineering masterpiece, overlooks the most spectacular scenery in the world.
26. **POMPEYS PILLAR** (F-8). July 25, 1806, Capt. William Clark carved his name and date on this towering 200 foot high rock formation. The signature is still there. Registered National Historic Landmark.
27. **BEARTOOTH COUNTRY** (G-7). Travel this scenic switchback highway to an elevation of almost 11,000 feet for a magnificent panorama of the country below. Early mining camps, fishing and hunting country. Winter sports area.
28. **MAKOSHIKA STATE PARK** (D-12). Erosion by wind and water have created this colorful badlands. Glendive Museum displaying prehistoric reptile bones. Dawson County Junior College.
29. **LEWISTOWN AREA** (D-7). Fishing, hunting, winter sports, ghost towns, and rockhound country. Montana Center for the Aged.
30. **YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK** (H-5). A world apart of natural wonders, colorful canyons, sparkling waters, interesting geysers and abundant wildlife.
31. **FORT BENTON** (C-6). Founded as a fur trading post in 1846, with ruins of the old fort preserved in a city park. Head of steamboat navigation on Missouri River (1860–1887). Old steamboat levee is a National Historic Landmark. A fine small museum relives a colorful and eventful history.
32. **LIVINGSTON** (F-6). Homeward bound in 1806 Captain Clark reached the Yellowstone River, at the site which is now Livingston. North gateway and only winter entrance to Yellowstone Park. Second Sunday in August is annual Trout Derby. 1,000 silver dollars to the winner. July 4 annual rodeo, join the fun.

MONTANA INDEX

Population: 717,000 (1965 Estimate) (674,767—1960 Census)

Area: 147,138 sq. miles

Capital: Helena

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CITIES AND TOWNS

1960 census or later Estimates ■County Seats

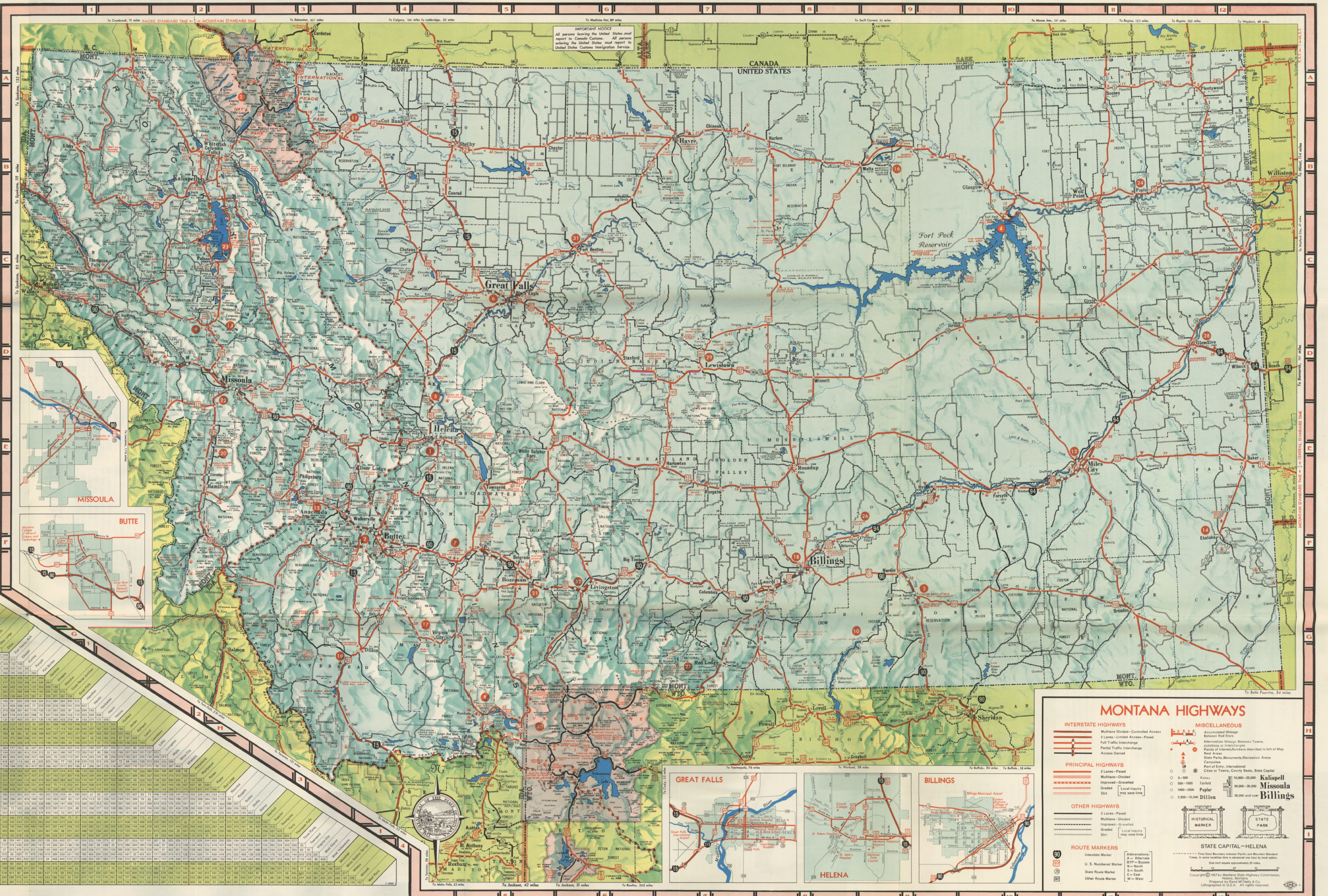
Montana Mileage Table

Mileage between two cities is determined by following the vertical column under one city and the horizontal column of the other.

Mileage of distances at may angles are from last and other m.....

BROADCASTING STATIONS

City		Dial
Anaconda	KANA	580 Kc
Baker	KFLN	960 Kc
Belgrade	KGVM	630 Kc
	KGVM-FM	96.7 mc
Billings	KBMY	1,240 Kc
	KGHL	790 Kc
	KOOK	970 Kc
	KOYN	910 Kc
	KURL	730 Kc
	KURL-FM	97.1 mc
Bozeman	KBMN	1,230 Kc
	KXXL	1,450 Kc
Butte	KBOW	550 Kc
	KXLF	1,370 Kc
Deer Lodge	KDRG	1,400 Kc
Dillon	KDBM	1,490 Kc
Glasgow	KLTZ	1,240 Kc
Glendive	KGLE	590 Kc
	KXGN	1,400 Kc
Great Falls	KARR	1,400 Kc
	KARR-FM	106.3 mc
	KFBB	1,310 Kc
	KMON	560 Kc
	KUDI	1,450 Kc
Hamilton	KLYQ	980 Kc
Hardin	KHDN	1,230 Kc
Havre	KOJM	610 Kc
Helena	KBLL	1,240 Kc
	KCAP	1,340 Kc
Kalispell	KGEZ	600 Kc
	KOFI	930 Kc
Lewistown	KXLO	1,230 Kc
Libby	KLCB	1,230 Kc
Livingston	KPRK	1,340 Kc
Miles City	KATL	1,340 Kc
Missoula	KGMY	1,450 Kc
	KGVO	1,290 Kc
	KUFM-FM	88.1 mc
	KYLT	1,340 Kc
	KYSS	910 Kc
Plentywood	KPWD-FM	100.1 mc
Red Lodge	KRBN	1,450 Kc
Shelby	KSEN	1,150 Kc
Sidney	KGCX	1,490 Kc
Wolf Point	KVCK	1,450 Kc



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