MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2016

McGinnis Meadows Mitigation Site Lincoln County, Montana



Prepared for:



2701 Prospect Avenue Helena, Montana 59620 Prepared by:



820 North Montana Ave, Suite A Helena, Montana 59601

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Montana Department of Transportation Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report: Year 2016

McGinnis Meadows Mitigation Site Lincoln County, Montana Initial Construction: 2009

MDT Project Number STPX-NH 27(17) Control Number 4143

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prepared for

Montana Department of Transportation 2701 Prospect Avenue Helena, Montana 59620

Prepared by

RESPEC 820 North Montana Avenue, Suite A Helena, Montana 59601

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The McGinnis Meadows 2016 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report presents the results of the seventh year of postconstruction monitoring at the McGinnis Meadows wetland mitigation site. This Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) wetland mitigation project is located in Section 33, Township 26 North, Range 28 West, Lincoln County, Montana, as shown in Figure 1-1. The project lies within the boundaries of Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin. McGinnis Meadows is located approximately 7 miles south of the US Highway 2 corridor on two parcels that encompass 33 acres of a historic hay field and pasture (Figure A-2, Appendix A). McGinnis Creek is a tributary to the Fisher River that bisects the parcels. Figures A-2 and A-3 (Appendix A) show the monitoring activity locations and mapped site features, respectively. Figure A-4 (Appendix A) delineates the 2016 wetland credit areas. The MDT Mitigation Site Monitoring form, US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Determination Data forms [USACE, 2010], and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) forms [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008] are included in Appendix B. Representative photographs are included in Appendix C, and the project plan sheet is included in Appendix D.

Wetlands that were developed at this location provide compensatory mitigation for wetland impacts associated with transportation projects in the Missoula District. The McGinnis Meadows site was selected after an extensive search of potential wetland and stream restoration sites by MDT within the Kootenai River Watershed in cooperation with a consortium of conservation districts known as Montana Watersheds Incorporated (MWI). The consortium consisted of the Lincoln, Sanders, and Flathead County Conservation Districts with technical assistance from the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) as well as Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) centers in Bozeman, Kalispell, Libby, and Eureka, Montana. The wetland and stream restoration project was developed to improve the flood storage, stream length, and fisheries habitat of McGinnis Creek and to enhance the overall wildlife, riparian, and wetland habitats that are impacted by past agricultural practices within the McGinnis Creek watershed.

Project goals include restoring/reestablishing approximately 0.8 acre of riparian habitat and 17.3 acres of degraded wetlands, creating 2.9 acres of emergent wetlands, enhancing 1.74 acres of existing emergent wetland and an intermittent drainage, preserving 0.3 acre of existing riparian communities along McGinnis Creek, and protecting 2.2 acres of upland buffer. Section 3.10 of this report presents the project credit ratios approved by the USACE under Permit Number NWO-2008-03130-MTH. MDT also seeks to obtain approximately 8,835 stream credits to restore 2,850 linear feet of McGinnis Creek. The approved performance standards [MDT, 2009] are listed in Section 3.10.

Wetland Characteristics for all of the restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual for the Determination of Wetlands (1987 Wetland Manual) [Environmental Laboratory, 1987] and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (WMVC) (Version 2.0) (2010 Regional Supplement) [USACE, 2010].

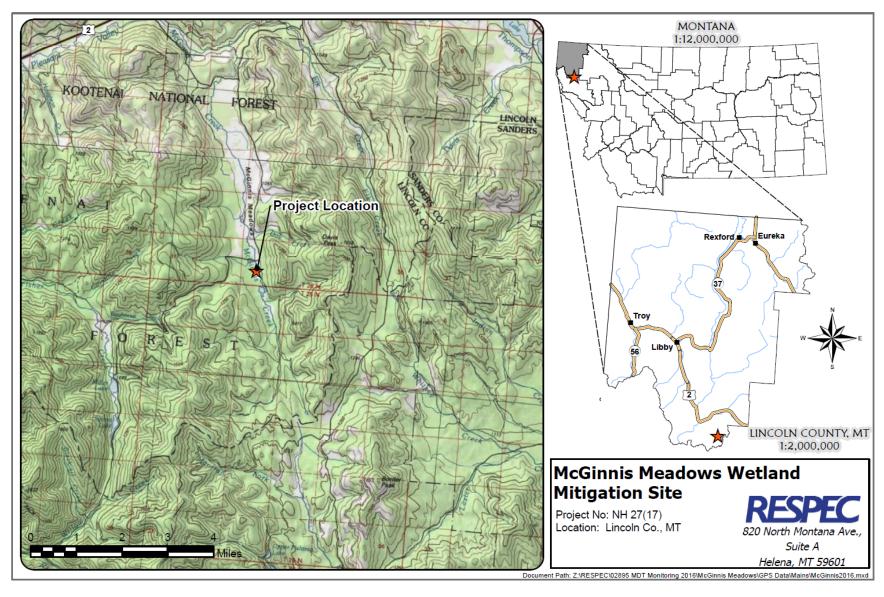


Figure 1-1. Project Location of the McGinnis Meadows Site.

- a. **Wetland Hydrology Success** will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.
- b. Hydric Soil Success will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent NRCS definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil profile development will be documented during the course of the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils per current guidance. Because typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success are achieved.
- c. Hydrophytic Vegetation Success will be achieved where aerial cover of facultative or wetter species is greater than or equal to 70 percent and state-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover. The following concept of "dominance," as defined in the 1987 Wetland Manual, will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in created/restored wetlands: "Subjectively determine the dominant species by estimating those having the largest relative basal area (woody overstory), greatest height (woody understory), greatest percentage of aerial cover (herbaceous understory), and/or greatest number of stems (woody vines)."
- d. Woody Plants and plantings will be considered successful where they exceed 50 percent survival after 5 years. The natural colonization of woody plant species from nearby sources is anticipated once the grazing, haying, and construction activities are removed from the site. The rate and extent of natural woody plant colonization will depend on factors such as habitat availability, beaver activity, seed sources, and other natural selection factors.
- 2. **Open Water** is intended to be provided by the project during the spring and early summer within excavated depressions. Open water area will be considered creditable under this plan.
- 3. **McGinnis Creek Channel Restoration Success** will be evaluated in terms of revegetation success.
 - a. Revegetation along the new McGinnis Creek channel corridor will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species.
 - b. The intent of the stream restoration is to allow the stream to migrate naturally within the floodplain and to give it enough room to move and stabilize itself within the site.
- 4. **Upland Buffer Success** will be achieved when the noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent of cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer zone that is disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of nonweed species by the end of the monitoring period.
- 5. Weed Control will be based on annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and the degree of infestation within the site. Control measures are based on the monitoring results and will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of state-

- listed noxious weed species within the site. MDT is currently managing the property to control relic weed problems before wetland construction activities are initiated within the site.
- 6. Fencing on the proposed mitigation site has been installed around the perimeter of the site to protect the integrity of the wetland from disturbance. Fencing that was installed along the perimeter of the site was designed to be wildlife-friendly to allow for wildlife movement into and out of the wetland complex.

2.0 METHODS

The seventh monitoring event was completed on July 27, 2016. Information collected during the field investigation was recorded on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form and Wetland Determination Data form (Appendix B). Monitoring activity locations were located with a global positioning system (GPS) (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Information collected during the site visit included a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, vegetation transect monitoring, soil and hydrology data, stream channel cross-sectional surveys, bird- and wildlife-use documentation, photographs, and a nonengineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area.

2.1 HYDROLOGY

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data form was assessed at two data points that were established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed in situ during the site visit. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow mitigation goals that address inundation and saturation requirements to be evaluated.

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (12.5 percent of the growing season) during the growing season" [USACE, 2010]. Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered jurisdictional wetlands. The growing season is defined for purposes of this report as the number of days when a 50 percent probability exists that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28.5 degrees Fahrenheit [USACE, 2010]. The growing season recorded for the meteorological station at Libby 32 SSE, Montana (245020), which is located approximately 20 miles northwest of the project site, extends from June 13 to September 1 for a total of 81 days. Areas that are defined as wetlands would require 10 contiguous days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria and performance standards.

Groundwater levels were measured in three monitoring wells across the site by US Geological Survey (USGS) staff in 2016. The well locations are shown on Figure A-2 (Appendix A).

2.2 STREAM CHANNEL SURVEY

Three baseline stream cross sections were established and originally surveyed in 2010 at permanent locations marked with bank pins to assess bank stability and lateral migration throughout the monitoring period. The cross-section locations are shown on Figure A-2 (Appendix A). The stream cross sections were resurveyed from 2011 through 2016. The results of the three cross-section surveys over the 6 monitoring years are presented in Section 3.2. Winward's plant stability rating scale [Winward, 2000] was used to assess streambank stability at the three cross sections. Photographs of the cross sections from 2010 through 2016 are provided in Appendix C.

2.3 VEGETATION

The boundaries of general dominant-species-based vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2016 aerial photographs. The percent cover of dominant species within a community type was estimated and recorded using the following values: 0 (< 1 percent), 1 (1–5 percent), 2 (6–10 percent), 3 (11–20 percent), 4 (21–50 percent), and 5 (> 50 percent) (Appendix B). Community types were named based on the predominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure A-3, Appendix A).

Temporal changes in vegetation were evaluated through annual assessments of static belt transects that were established in summer 2010 (Figure A-2, Appendix A). Vegetation composition was assessed and recorded along two vegetation belt transects approximately 10 feet wide and 504 feet and 1,000 feet long for Transects 1 and 2 (T-1 and T-2), respectively (Figure A-2, Appendix A). The transect locations were recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit. Spatial changes in the dominant vegetation communities were recorded along the stationed transect. The percent aerial cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated by using the same cover ranges listed for the community data (Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the endpoints of each transect during the monitoring event (Appendix C).

The *Montana Noxious Weed List* (July 2015), which was prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture [2015], was used to categorize weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field during the investigation and mapped on the 2016 aerial photographs (Appendix A). The noxious weed species that were identified are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol "x", "▲", or "■," which represent 0.0–0.1 acre, 0.1–1.0 acre, or greater than 1.0 acre in extent, respectively. The letters T, L, M, and H represent the cover classes and stand for less than 1 percent, 1–5 percent, 6–25 percent, and 26–100 percent, respectively. The survival of woody species that were planted on the site was recorded during each monitoring event.

2.4 SOIL

Soil information was obtained from the *Web Soil Survey for Lincoln County Area* [USDA, 2016] and in situ soil descriptions. Soil cores were excavated by using a Montana sharpshooter shovel and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric soil indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data form for each profile (Appendix B).

2.5 WETLAND DELINEATION

Waters of the US, including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands, were delineated throughout the project area according to criteria established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. The technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology that were described in the 2010 Regional Supplement must be satisfied to delineate a representative area as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species was derived from the 2016 national wetland plant list (NWPL) [Lichvar et al., 2016]. A routine level-2 on-site determination method [Environmental Laboratory, 1987] was used to delineate jurisdictional areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded onto the Wetland Determination Data forms (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross-referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area, or special aquatic site (i.e., mudflat). The wetland boundary was surveyed and identified on the 2016 aerial photographs. Wetland areas were calculated using GIS methods.

2.6 WILDLIFE

Observations and other positive indicators of use by mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring forms during each of the site visits. Indirectuse indicators, including tracks, scat, burrows, eggshells, skins, and bones, were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive wildlife species list of animals that were observed from 2010 through 2016 was compiled for this report.

2.7 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

The 2008 MDT MWAM [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008] was used to evaluate functions and values of wetlands delineated on the site from 2010 through 2016. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators with a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values [Berglund and McEldowney, 2008].

An MDT MWAM form was completed for each of the four assessment areas (AAs) within the McGinnis Meadows site. The AAs include: Creation (excavated cells in the southeast quadrant of the project area plus any wetland that is created outside of the restoration, enhancement, and preservation credit areas), Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation area), Enhancement (existing emergent wetland), and Preservation (existing riverine wetlands).

2.8 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Monitoring at photo points provided supplemental information that documented wetland, upland, and transect conditions; site trends; and current land uses that surround the site. Photographs were taken at established photo points throughout the site during the site visit (Appendix C). Photo-point locations were recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit (Figure A-2, Appendix A).

2.9 GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM DATA

Site features and survey points were collected by using a resource-grade (± 1 meter) Trimble R1 GNSS GPS receiver and companion Android tablet during the 2016 monitoring season. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and projected in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included wetland boundaries, fence boundaries, photo points, transect endpoints, noxious weed infestations, and wetland data points.

2.10 MAINTENANCE NEEDS

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, bird boxes, and other man-made features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. This examination was cursory and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 HYDROLOGY

Climate data from the Libby 32 SSE, Montana (245020) weather station recorded an average total annual precipitation rate of 24.44 inches from 1949 to 2015 [Western Regional Climate Center, 2016]. Annual precipitation for 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015 was 21.93, 22.64, 27.20, 19.18, 25.75, and 21.26 inches, respectively. In general, the region that surrounds the project area exhibited below-average precipitation before and during the growing season in 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2015 and above-average precipitation in 2012 and 2014. Based on data recorded from the Libby 32 SSE, Montana station for the January through August time period, precipitation totals for this region were 14.94 inches (long-term average), and 11.82 inches in 2016, which is over 3 inches less than the long-term average. Based on field observations of hydrology within the site over the 6-year monitoring period, water levels within the excavated basins appear to be largely influenced by groundwater and stream discharge with moderate influence from direct precipitation. In 2016, the water levels in the wetland cells were lower than in previous years; several cells were only saturated or moist during the site visit. These lower water levels are attributed to the reduced amount of precipitation this area received in 2016.

The McGinnis Creek Watershed is approximately 10.2 square miles in area. The creek bisects the project area. The project site was historically drained, filled, and leveled for agricultural purposes in the early to mid-twentieth century. The McGinnis Creek corridor was channelized during the same timeframe, which substantially altered the natural floodplain of the property. Mitigation activities included constructing a more sinuous McGinnis Creek channel. The hydrologic connection between

the creek and associated floodplain resulted in an elevated local groundwater table along the drainage. The constructed depressions were excavated to a depth that would intercept the peak seasonal groundwater elevation. Overbank flooding events recharge surface water to the depressions that were excavated within the floodplain along McGinnis Creek and throughout the site.

The average depth of surface water in areas of inundation across the site in 2016 was estimated at 1.0 foot with surface water depths ranging from 0.0 to 2.0 feet within the created cells. Approximately 15 percent of the entire site was inundated during the July site investigation, including the aquatic macrophytes/open water community and McGinnis Creek. The average depth at the emergent vegetation and open-water boundary was 1.0 feet.

Groundwater levels were measured by the USGS on July 26, 2016, in three on-site wells located within areas that were originally delineated as wetlands in 2005 and 2006. The measurements and locations are provided in Table 3-1 and Figure A-2 (Appendix A). Groundwater elevations recorded in Wells 1, 2, and 3 during the July 2016 monitoring were the lowest recorded July groundwater depths to date at this site. All of the previous monitoring years recorded higher groundwater depths in July. Overall, the water levels that were documented from 2010 through 2016 indicate that the site has a fluctuating water table that drops well below 1 foot of the ground surface during the latter part of the growing season.

Two data points were sampled in 2016 to help define the wetland and upland boundaries (Figure A-2, Appendix A; Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, Appendix B). DP-1W is located in an area that met the wetland criteria. Primary wetland hydrology indicators at DP-1W included saturation to ground level and oxidized rhizospheres along living roots. The site also had a positive FAC-neutral test. DP-2U did not display any primary or secondary indicators of wetland hydrology.

Table 3-1. Groundwater Depths Measured in Wells 1, 2, and 3 From 2010 Through 2016

Well Number	Groundwater Depth (feet below ground surface)						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Well 1	1.5	0.7	1.9	2.00	2.00	2.40	4.46
Well 2	3.3	2.4	2.4	3.24	2.5	3.2	3.39
Well 3	3.7	2.8	3.3	4.13	4.6	4.6	5.25

3.2 MCGINNIS CREEK CHANNEL

Surface-water flow rates through the McGinnis Meadows site depend on releases from a reservoir that is located less than 1 mile south of the project site. Two 24-inch equalizing pipes and a lower culvert that serves as a drain through an impoundment control the flow rates from the reservoir. The base of the new McGinnis Creek channel was constructed at a higher elevation than the incised, abandoned channel to facilitate overbank flow from the creek and to raise groundwater elevations across the site. The fisheries habitat was improved by excavating pools in the outside channel bends. The stream banks of McGinnis Creek were minimally disturbed during construction and are currently vegetated primarily with reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*). Reed canary grass has

a plant stability rating of 9; 1 is the lowest rating and 10 is the highest according to Winward's plant stability rating scale [Winward, 2000]. The existing vegetation on the banks of the restored channel is expected to provide long-term stability and allow minimal lateral stream migration across the site.

The results of the three cross-sectional surveys that were collected over the 6 years of monitoring are presented on Charts 3-1 through 3-3. The results of the cross-sectional surveys indicate that stream adjustments occurred at the permanent monitoring locations between 2012 and 2013. A slight widening of the channel occurred at each of the three surveyed cross sections in 2013. Undercut banks had been observed at Cross Sections 2 and 3 in previous years. The stream widening that was observed in 2013 at Cross Sections 2 and 3 is likely caused by partial collapse of these undercut banks. Placing large trees within the stream likely contributed to the channel widening in these areas. These trees were intended to provide the functions associated with large woody debris, have increased stream velocities, and exert a corresponding increase in erosional forces on the immediately adjacent streambanks.

Since 2013, the surveyed cross sections indicated relatively stable conditions at all three monitoring locations. Movement of the streambed and banks has been minimal and is within the resolution of the measurement methodology. Overall, the banks of McGinnis Creek were well vegetated and exhibited minimal, localized erosion only in the upper reach of the project area in 2016. Photographs of the cross sections from 2010 through 2016 are provided in Appendix C. The photographs illustrate a notable increase in the vegetation cover since construction.

3.3 VEGETATION

Vegetation communities were mapped and named based on the dominant species within a community and the results of the wetland delineation data. A list of the 156 plant species that were identified at the McGinnis Meadows site from 2010 to 2016 is provided in Table 3-2. The communities and associated species are listed on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form (Appendix B) and mapped on Figure A-3 (Appendix A). The 2016 monitoring event identified 12 vegetation communities including 7 wetland types, 1 open-water community, and 4 upland types (Figure A-3, Appendix A). In general, vegetation communities across the majority of the site (95 percent) have remained stable with just a slight change to a portion of the upland/boundary in an area that displayed increased hydrology and sedge development. Reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) appears to be gaining dominance in several vegetation communities. The McGinnis Meadows vegetation communities are discussed in this section.

Upland community Type 1 – *Alopecurus pratensis/Phalaris arundinacea* was identified within 2.27 acres in 2016. The frequency and duration of wetland hydrology in portions of the historic upland area resulted in portions of this upland community converting to a new wetland community type (18 – *Alopecurus pratensis/Carex* spp.) in 2013 and 2014. However, in 2016, the upland community increased by 0.13 acre along the northern boundary, which most likely occurred because of drier-than-average conditions in the region. The upland community occurred along the higher elevations adjacent to wetland communities. This upland community was dominated by facultative and facultative wetland species. Field meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*) dominated the community with lesser amounts of reed canary grass and five secondary species present at 5 percent cover or less (Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, Appendix B).

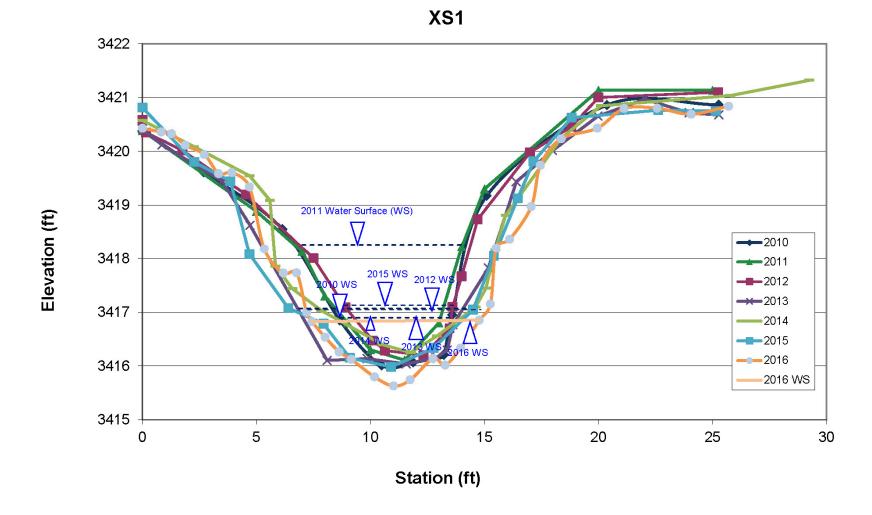


Chart 3-1. McGinnis Creek Stream Cross Section 1.

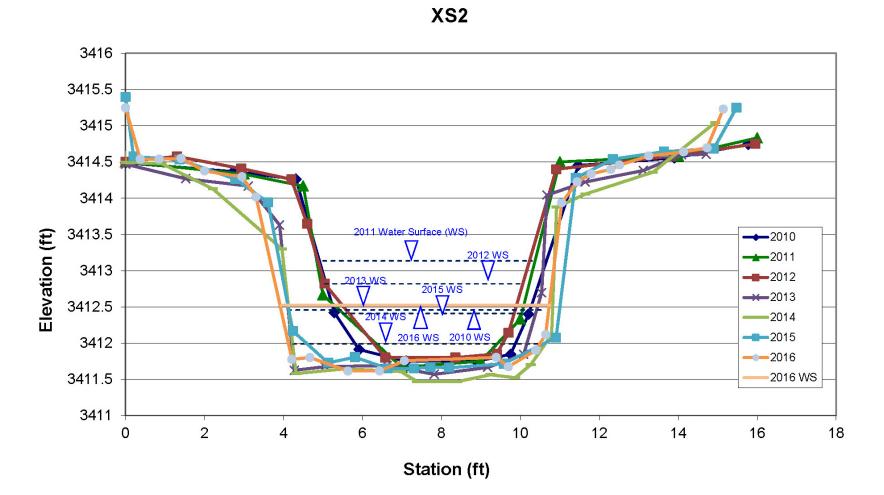
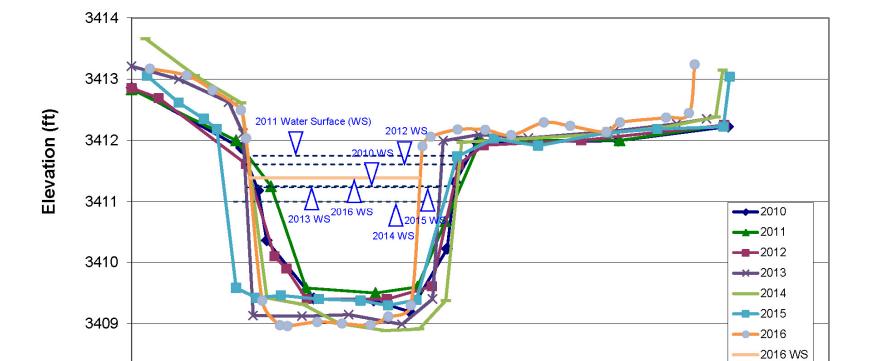


Chart 3-2. McGinnis Creek Stream Cross Section 2.



XS3

Chart 3-3. McGinnis Creek Stream Cross Section 3.

Station (ft)

Table 3-2. Comprehensive List of Plant Species Identified at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 1 of 4)

Scientific Name	Common Name	WMVC Indicator Status ^(a)
Abies lasiocarpa	Subalpine Fir	FACU
Achillea millefolium	Common Yarrow	FACU
Agrostis gigantea	Black Bent	FAC
Agrostis scabra	Rough Bent	FAC
Agrostis stolonifera	Spreading Bent	FAC
Algae, brown	Algae, brown	NL
Algae, green	Algae, green	NL
Alnus incana	Speckled Alder	FACW
Alnus viridis	Sitka Alder	FACW
Alopecurus aequalis	Short-Awn Meadow-Foxtail	OBL
Alopecurus pratensis	Field Meadow-Foxtail	FAC
Amelanchier alnifolia	Saskatoon Service-Berry	FACU
Antennaria parvifolia	Nuttall's Pussytoes	NL
Antennaria rosea	Rosy Pussytoes	NL
Apera interrupta	Dense Silky Bentgrass	NL
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Red Bearberry	FACU
Argentina anserina	Silverweed cinquefoil	NL
Arnica chamissonis	Leafy Leopardbane	FACW
Aster sp.	Aster	NL
Beckmannia syzigachne	American Slough Grass	OBL
Berberis repens	Creeping Oregon-grape	NL
Bromus carinatus	California Brome	NL
Bromus inermis	Smooth Brome	FAC
Calamagrostis canadensis	Bluejoint	FACW
Calamagrostis rubescens	Pinegrass	NL
Campanula rotundifolia	Bluebell-of-Scotland	FACU
Capsella bursa-pastoris	Shepherd's-Purse	FACU
Cardamine pensylvanica	Quaker Bittercress	FACW
Carex aquatilis	Leafy Tussock Sedge	OBL
Carex athrostachya	Slender-Beak Sedge	FACW
Carex bebbii	Bebb's Sedge	OBL
Carex microptera	Small-Wing Sedge	FACU
Carex nebrascensis	Nebraska Sedge	OBL
Carex pachystachya	Thick-Head Sedge	FAC
Carex petasata	Liddon Sedge	UPL
Carex praticola	Northern Meadow Sedge	FACW
Carex sp.	Sedge	NL
Carex stipata	Stalk-Grain Sedge	OBL
Carex utriculata	Northwest Territory Sedge	OBL
Carex vesicaria	Lesser Bladder Sedge	OBL
Centaurea stoebe	Spotted Knapweed	NL

Table 3-2. Comprehensive List of Plant Species Identified at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 2 of 4)

Scientific Name	Common Name	WMVC Indicator Status ^(a)
Cerastium fontanum	Common Mouse-Ear Chickweed	FACU
Ceratophyllum demersum	Coon's-Tail	OBL
Chara sp.	Algae	OBL
Chenopodium album	Lamb's-Quarters	FACU
Cicuta douglasii	Western Water-Hemlock	OBL
Cirsium arvense	Canadian Thistle	FAC
Cirsium vulgare	Bull Thistle	FACU
Comarum palustre	Purple Marshlocks	OBL
Convolvulus arvensis	Field Bindweed	NL
Crataegus douglasii	Black Hawthorn	FAC
Cynoglossum officinale	Gypsy-Flower	FACU
Dactylis glomerata	Orchard Grass	FACU
Deschampsia caespitosa	Tufted Hair Grass	FACW
Descurainia sophia	Herb Sophia	NL
Eleocharis palustris	Common Spike-Rush	OBL
Eleocharis sp.	Spike-Rush	NL
Elymus glaucus	Blue Wild Rye	FACU
Elymus repens	Creeping Wild Rye	FAC
Elymus trachycaulus	Slender Wild Rye	FAC
Epilobium ciliatum	Fringed Willowherb	FACW
Epilobium palustre	Marsh Willowherb	OBL
Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	FAC
Equisetum sp.	Horsetail	NL
Erysimum cheiranthoides	Worm-Seed Wallflower	FACU
Fragaria virginiana	Virginia Strawberry	FACU
Galium trifidum	Three-Petal Bedstraw	FACW
Galium triflorum	Fragrant Bedstraw	FACU
Geum macrophyllum	Large-Leaf Avens	FAC
Glyceria borealis	Small Floating Manna Grass	OBL
Glyceria elata	Tall Manna Grass	FACW
Glyceria grandis	American Manna Grass	OBL
Glyceria striata	Fowl Manna Grass	OBL
Gnaphalium palustre	Western Marsh Cudweed	FACW
Heracleum maximum	American Cow-Parsnip	FAC
Heracleum sphondylium	Eltrot	FAC
Hordeum brachyantherum	Meadow Barley	FACW
Juncus articulatus	Joint-Leaf Rush	OBL
Juncus balticus	Baltic Rush	FACW
Juncus bufonius	Toad Rush	FACW
Juncus confusus	Colorado Rush	FAC
Juncus effusus	Lamp Rush	FACW

Table 3-2. Comprehensive List of Plant Species Identified at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 3 of 4)

Scientific Name	Common Name	WMVC Indicator Status ^(a)
Juncus ensifolius	Dagger-Leaf Rush	FACW
Juncus longistylis	Long-Style Rush	FACW
Juncus nevadensis	Sierran Rush	FACW
Juncus nodosus	Knotted Rush	OBL
Juncus tenuis	Lesser Poverty Rush	FAC
Larix occidentalis	Western Larch	FACU
Lemna minor	Common Duckweed	OBL
Linaria vulgaris	Butter-and-eggs	NL
Linum lewisii	Prairie Flax	NL
Maianthemum stellatum	Starry False Solomon's-Seal	FAC
Medicago lupulina	Black Medick	FACU
Mentha arvensis	American Wild Mint	FACW
Mimulus guttatus	Seep Monkey-Flower	OBL
Montia linearis	Linear-Leaf Candy-Flower	FAC
Myosotis stricta	Small-flowered Forget-me-not	NL
Myriophyllum sp.	Water-Milfoil	NL
Packera pseudaurea	Streambank Groundsel	FACW
Penstemon confertus	Yellow Beardtongue	NL
Persicaria amphibia	Water Smartweed	OBL
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass	FACW
Phleum pratense	Common Timothy	FAC
Picea engelmannii	Engelmann's Spruce	FAC
Pinus contorta	Lodgepole Pine	FAC
Pinus ponderosa	Ponderosa Pine	FACU
Plantago major	Great Plantain	FAC
Poa palustris	Fowl Blue Grass	FAC
Poa pratensis	Kentucky Blue Grass	FAC
Poa sp.	Blue Grass	NL
Polygonum douglasii	Douglas' Knotweed	FACU
Populus tremuloides	Quaking Aspen	FACU
Potentilla gracilis	Graceful Cinquefoil	FAC
Potentilla norvegica	Norwegian Cinquefoil	FAC
Potentilla recta	Sulphur Cinquefoil	NL
Potentilla sp.	Cinquefoil	NL
Prunella vulgaris	Common Selfheal	FACU
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Douglas-Fir	FACU
Puccinellia nuttalliana	Nuttall's Alkali Grass	FACW
Ranunculus aquatilis	White Water-Crowfoot	OBL
Rorippa palustris	Bog Yellowcress	OBL
Rosa woodsii	Woods' Rose	FACU
Rubus idaeus	Common Red Raspberry	FACU

Table 3-2. Comprehensive List of Plant Species Identified at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 4 of 4)

Scientific Name	Common Name	WMVC Indicator Status ^(a)
Rumex acetosella	Common Sheep Sorrel	FACU
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	FAC
Salix sp.	Willow	NL
Scirpus microcarpus	Red-Tinge Bulrush	OBL
Scutellaria galericulata	Hooded Skullcap	OBL
Senecio hydrophilus	Alkali-Marsh Ragwort	OBL
Silene menziesii	White Catchfly	FAC
Sisymbrium altissimum	Tall Hedge-Mustard	FACU
Sparganium angustifolium	Narrow-Leaf Burr-Reed	OBL
Sparganium emersum	European Burr-Reed	OBL
Stellaria longifolia	Long-Leaf Starwort	FACW
Symphoricarpos albus	Common Snowberry	FACU
Symphyotrichum laeve	Smooth Blue American-Aster	FACU
Symphyotrichum lanceolatum	White Panicled American-Aster	OBL
Tanacetum vulgare	Common Tansy	FACU
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion	FACU
Thlaspi arvense	Field Pennycress	UPL
Tragopogon dubius	Meadow Goat's-beard	NL
Trifolium aureum	Yellow Clover	NL
Trifolium hybridum	Alsike Clover	FAC
Trifolium repens	White Clover	FAC
Triglochin maritima	Seaside Arrow-Grass	OBL
Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
Urtica dioica	Stinging Nettle	FAC
Vaccinium caespitosum	Dwarf Blueberry	FAC
Verbascum thapsus	Great Mullein	FACU
Veronica americana	American-Brooklime	OBL
Veronica peregrina	Neckweed	OBL
Veronica scutellata	Grass-Leaf Speedwell	OBL
Veronica serpyllifolia	Thyme-Leaf Speedwell	FAC
Viola adunca	Hook-Spur Violet	FAC
Viola sp.	Violet	NL

⁽a) 2016 NWPL [Lichvar et al., 2016].

Species that were identified for the first time in 2016 are **bolded.**

Wetland community Type 2 – Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water has developed on 1.91 acres in the deeper contours of the excavated depressions. The vegetation community has established under persistently inundated growing conditions. Vegetation species within the inundated areas included aquatic macrophytes, green algae, American manna grass (*Glyceria grandis*), reed canary grass, Northwest Territory sedge (*Carex utriculata*), and three other species with less than 1 percent cover each.

Upland Type 4 – *Picea engelmannii/Alopecurus pratensis* represented two small upland forests that are located on 0.86 acre in the southeast corner of the property, which contained a high percent cover of Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*). Woody species included Englemann's spruce (*Picea engelmannii*), lodgepole pine (*Pinus contorta*), ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*), and common snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*). Field meadow-foxtail and reed canary grass dominated the understory.

Wetland community Type 5 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Alnus incana* was a 1.64-acre, scrub/shrub, speckled alder (*Alnus incana*) and black hawthorn (*Crataegus douglasii*) community located near the southwest property corner. Reed canary grass dominated the understory. Northwest Territory sedge, American cow-parsnip (*Heracleum maximum*), American wild mint (*Mentha arvensis*), stinging nettle (*Urtica dioica*), and Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) were identified within the community. The Canada thistle appeared to have been sprayed in some locations.

Wetland community Type 6 – *Carex utriculata* is 1.39 acres of an irregularly shaped polygon surrounded by community Type 9 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* spp in the northwest portion of the site and in the east-central area of the site. Northwest Territory sedge was the predominant species. Reed canary grass slightly decreased since the 2015 survey. Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebrascensis*) and American wild mint were also present within this community at less than 1 percent cover.

Wetland community Type 9 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* spp. dominated 15.90 acres within preexisting wetlands throughout the site. A detailed investigation of the community in 2012 characterized the entire area as wetland. Reed canary grass and *Carex* spp. dominated the community with less than 5 percent cover of other species. This community type replaces wetland community Type 7 – *Phalaris arundinacea/alopocurus pratensis* across the site because of the increase in sedge and decrease in reed canary grass and field meadow-foxtail.

Wetland Type 11 – *Alnus incana/Carex utriculata* was identified on the 0.51-acre former McGinnis Creek channel that traverses the property north to south. Speckled alder, reed canary grass, Northwest Territory sedge, red-tinge bulrush, and field meadow-foxtail dominated the vegetation. The name of the community has been updated to reflect the increase of Northwest Territory sedge and the decrease of reed canary grass.

Upland community Type 14 – *Alopecurus pratensis/Pseudotsuga menziesii* was located within 2.16 acres in the southwest corner of the project site. Douglas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), lodgepole pine, and western larch (*Larix occidentalis*) dominated the overstory. Woody species that were present within the understory included common snowberry, speckled alder, and subalpine fir (*Abies lasiocarpa*). Field meadow-foxtail dominated the herbaceous understory, and seven other species were present at less than 5 percent cover.

Upland community Type 16 – *Phalaris arundinacea*/Soil mounds was identified on 0.28 acre that included the mounds that were created to provide woody species habitat throughout the site. The community contained reed canary grass, Canada thistle, and great mullein (*Verbascum thapsus*). None of the woody species planted in these areas survived, which was the result of herbivory by native ungulates.

Wetland community Type 18 – *Alopecurus pratensis/Carex* spp. was identified for the first time in 2013 to characterize a 0.16-acre area located near the southeast border of the project. The extent of the community increased by 1.17 acres to 1.33 acres in 2014 and remained unchanged in 2016. A wetland plant community has developed in an area that was previously delineated as upland. The community is dominated by field-meadow foxtail, Bebb's sedge, slender-beak sedge, tufted hair grass, and Colorado rush (*Juncus confusus*).

Wetland community Type 19 – Carex spp. characterized 3.75 acres of the excavated depressions that exhibited a slightly drier moisture regime (saturated, not inundated) than the adjacent open water of community Type 2 – Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water. The community was renamed in 2012 from community Type 13 – Deschampsia caespitosa/Glyceria grandis and again in 2015 from community Type 17 – Glyceria grandis/Carex spp. to reflect an increase in the prevalence of sedge species and a decrease in the amount of tufted hair grass and American manna grass. Nebraska sedge, Bebb's sedge (Carex bebbii), slender-beak sedge (Carex arthrostachya), lesser bladder sedge (Carex vesicaria), knotted rush (Juncus nodosus), Northwest Territory sedge, speckled alder, Canada thistle, and reed canary grass dominated the diverse community.

Polygon 15 in Figure A-3 (Appendix A) represents 0.75 acre of open water that was identified as waters of the US within the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of the McGinnis Creek channel.

Table 3-3 and Charts 3-4 and 3-5 summarize the data collected in 2016 for T-1. This transect intersects two excavated wetland basins and four communities, including upland Type 4 – *Picea engelmannii/Alopecurus pratensis*, wetland Type 2 – Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water, wetland Type 9 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* spp., and wetland Type 19 – *Carex* spp. The percent cover of sedge species along the transect has increased annually and replaced dominant communities of tufted hair grass and American manna grass. Open water along the transect has decreased since 2014. Hydrophytic species dominated 94 percent of the transect in 2016. The cover of wetland plants in the constructed depressions continued to increase from 2012 to 2016.

Table 3-3. Data Summary for T-1 From 2010 Through 2016 at the McGinnis Mitigation Site

Monitoring Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Transect Length (feet)	504	504	504	504	504	504	504
Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect	5	7	5	5	5	5	5
Vegetation Communities Along Transect	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect	0	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total Vegetative Species	43	59	41	30	29	29	22
Total Hydrophytic Species	30	37	30	24	24	23	20
Total Upland Species	13	22	11	6	5	6	2
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	60	80	95	95	95	95	98
Estimated % Unvegetated	40	20	5	5	5	5	2
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	0.0	91.9	93.7	93.7	93.7	94.0	94.0
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	75.4	8.1	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.0	6.0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	24.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	29.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

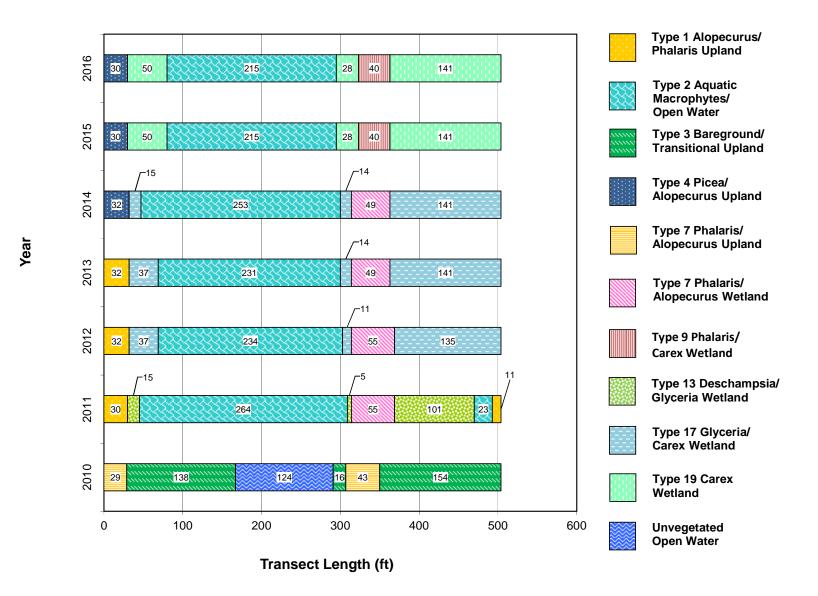


Chart 3-4. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-1 From 2010 Through 2016 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (504 Feet).



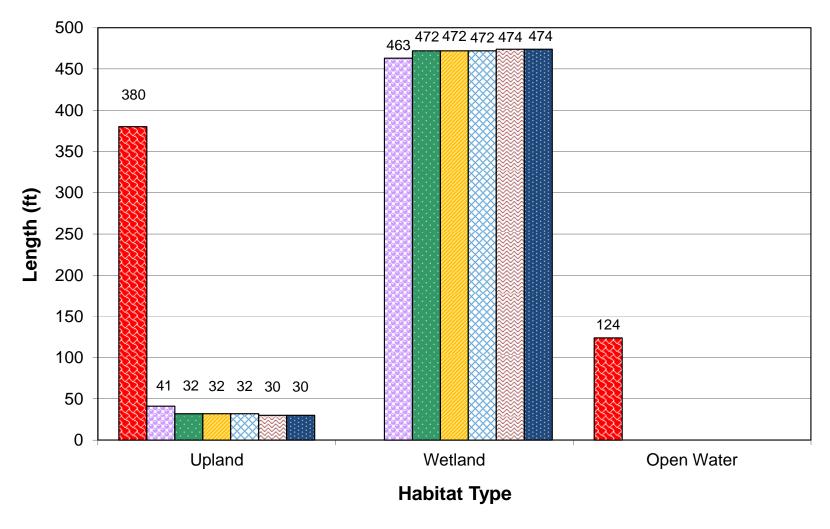


Chart 3-5. Length of Habitat Types Within T-1 From 2010 Through 2016.

T-2 extends north 1,000 feet from the center of the property to the site boundary. Data from this transect is summarized in Table 3-4 and Charts 3-6 and 3-7. The transect crossed the waters of the US that are associated with the constructed McGinnis Creek channel and two wetland communities in 2016: Type 9 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex spp.* and Type 19 – *Carex* spp. The 7- and 10-foot intervals of open water shown on Chart 3-6 represent the McGinnis Creek crossings. Hydrophytic vegetation communities accounted for 98.3 percent of this transect from 2012 through 2016.

Canada thistle, ox-eye daisy (*Leucanthemum vulgare*), and houndstongue (*Cynoglossum officinale*) are Priority 2B noxious weeds and were identified at the McGinnis Meadows site. Infestations ranged in size from less than 0.1 acre to a maximum 1.0 acre in size with cover classes that ranged from trace (< 1 percent) to high (25–100 percent cover). Canada thistle has invaded upland areas that were disturbed during construction. Two infestations of gypsy-flower were mapped in the southeast quarter of the site. One infestation of ox-eye daisy was mapped along the northern project boundary. The infestation size was less than 0.1 acre, and the cover class was trace at less than 1 percent.

Survival of containerized woody plants across the site was low in 2010 after the initial planting effort. A majority of the plants were installed on upland islands site-wide. Intensive wildlife browse and trampling severely compromised the survival of the woody plants. Initial survival rates were estimated at less than 10 percent. Additional woody species were planted in spring 2011. A total of 150 alder (*Alnus* sp.), 15 quaking aspen (*Populus tremuloides*), and 15 planted willows were observed alive in 2012. Approximately 125 living alder were observed along the former channel of McGinnis Creek in 2016, which was similar to previous surveys. The survival rate of the planted alder was estimated at 40 percent. The shrubs appeared to be a combination of planted, relic, and recruited alders and were not differentiated during the field survey. The natural recruitment of quaking aspen was noted in the southeast and northeast corners of the site in 2015 and 2016. Approximately 250 live quaking aspen were observed in 2016. No live red-osier dogwoods, willow (*Salix* spp.), or birch (*Betula* sp.) were observed within the planting clusters. The height and density of reed canary grass site-wide obscured the smaller woody saplings and complicated the survival assessment.

Table 3-4. Data Summary for T-2 From 2010 Through 2016 at the McGinnis Meadows Site

Monitoring Year		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Transect Length (feet)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Vegetation Community Transitions Along Transect	14	18	12	12	12	14	14
Vegetation Communities Along Transect	4	5	2	2	3	4	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities Along Transect	3	4	2	2	2	3	3
Total Vegetative Species	44	49	22	21	20	21	16
Total Hydrophytic Species	29	38	19	18	17	18	15
Total Upland Species	15	11	3	3	3	3	1
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	60	80	95	95	95	95	98
Estimated % Unvegetated	40	20	5	5	5	5	2
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	63.5	91.0	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.0
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	34.6	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	1.9	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0
% Transect Length Comprising Mudflat	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

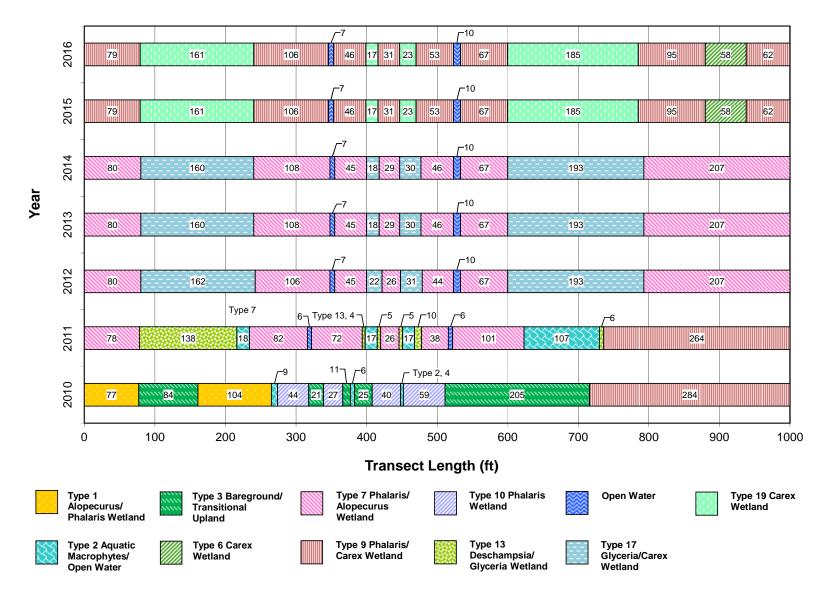


Chart 3-6. Transect Map Showing Community Types on T-2 From 2010 Through 2016 From Start (0 Foot) to Finish (1,000 Feet).



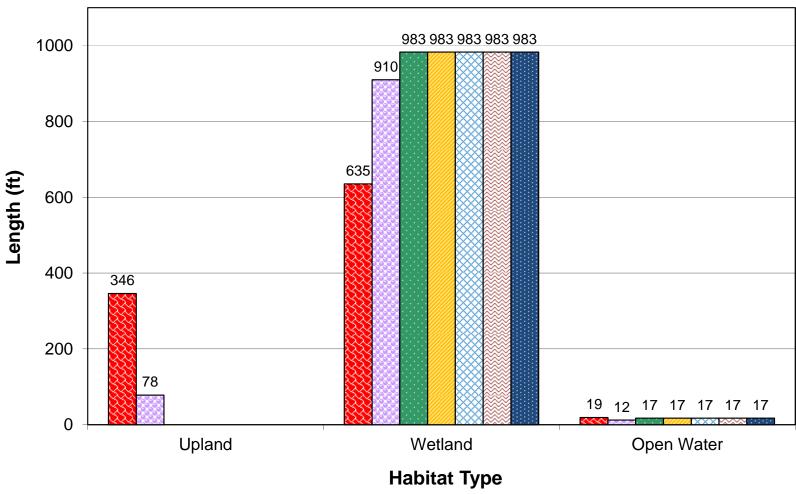


Chart 3-7. Length of Habitat Types Within T-2 From 2010 Through 2016.

3.4 SOIL

The project site is mapped in the *Web Soil Survey for Lincoln County Area* [USDA, 2016] as Fluvents, found on floodplains in mixed alluvium. These soil types are excessively drained, gravelly silt loams that are taxonomically classified as sandy, mixed, frigid Typic Udifluvents that are considered hydric.

Two test pits were profiled throughout the McGinnis Meadows site in 2016. DP-1W is located in wetland community Type 9 – *Phalaris arundinacea/Carex* spp. and met the three wetland criteria. The soil profile at DP-1W contained an upper layer that was 12 inches of dark (10YR 2/1) loam with 5 percent redox concentration (10YR 3/6). The matrix had a lower layer below 12 inches that consists of clay loam textured soil with a depleted matrix (10YR 4/2). The soil at DP-1U was a black (10YR 2/1) silt loam with no hydric indicators. The data point met the wetland criteria for hydrophytic vegetation; however, no indicators of hydric soils or wetland hydrology were observed at the data point. In general, the evaluated soils within the McGinnis Meadows project area confirmed the NRCS mapped series.

3.5 WETLAND DELINEATION

Two sites within the project area were sampled in 2016 to define the vegetation, soil, and hydrology of site wetlands (Figure A-2, Appendix A). The Wetland Determination Data forms are included in Appendix B. The July 27, 2016, delineation identified a total of 26.4 acres of wetland habitat and 0.75 acre of stream habitat within the 32.75-acre project area, as shown in Table 3-5. The wetland acreage remained the same from 2015 to 2016. Wetland habitat on the site included the aquatic bed and emergent wetland community types that have established in the open-water areas of the constructed depressions from 2011 through 2016. The percent cover of vegetation within the depressions continued to increase in 2016. MDT seeks to obtain approximately 8,835 stream credits to restore 2,850 linear feet (0.75 acre) of McGinnis Creek associated with the area below the OHWM of this channel.

Table 3-5. Wetland Acres Delineated From 2010 Through 2016 at the McGinnis Meadows Site

Habitat Type	2010 (acres)	2011 (acres)	2012 (acres)	2013 (acres)	2014 (acres)	2015 (acres)	2016 (acres)
Unvegetated Open Water	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wetlands	18.22	20.64	25.12	25.38	26.55	26.40	26.40
Total Wetland Habitat	19.22	20.64	25.12	25.38	26.55	26.40	26.40
McGinnis Creek - Open Water	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Total Stream Habitat	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75

3.6 WILDLIFE

Table 3-6 is a comprehensive list of animal species observed directly or indirectly from 2010 through 2016 (Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring form, Appendix B). Five different bird species, eight white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*), one mule deer (*Odocoileus hemionus*), one red

Table 3-6. Wildlife Species Observed at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 1 of 2)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Атр	phibian
Columbia Spotted Frog	Rana luteiventris
Frog sp.	Rana sp.
Western Toad	Bufo boreas
Re	eptile
Common Gartersnake	Thamnophis sirtalis
E	Bird
Alder Flycatcher	Empidonax alnorum
American Robin	Turdus migratorius
American Three-toed Woodpecker	Picoides dorsalis
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus
Bank Swallow	Riparia riparia
Black-billed Magpie	Pica hudsonia
Brewer's Blackbird	Euphagus cyanocephalus
Bufflehead	Bucephala albeola
Calliope Hummingbird	Stellula calliope
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum
Common Merganser	Mergus merganser
Common Raven	Corvus corax
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus
Evening Grosbeak	Coccothraustes vespertinus
Gadwall	Anas strepera
Golden Eagle	Aquila chrysaetos
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias
Great Horned Owl	Bubo virginianus
Hairy Woodpecker	Picoides villosus
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos
Mountain Bluebird	Sialia currucoides
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus
Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus
Song Sparrow	Melospiza melodia
Sora	Porzana carolina
Sparrow sp.	
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius
Swallow sp.	
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor

Table 3-6. Wildlife Species Observed at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 2 of 2)

Common Name	Scientific Name					
Bird						
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura					
Unknown Flycatcher						
Western Kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis					
Western Meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta					
Western Tanager	Piranga ludoviciana					
Wilson's Snipe	Gallinago delicata					
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa					
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia					
Ma	ammal					
Coyote	Canis latrans					
Deer Sp.	Odocoileus sp.					
Elk or Wapiti	Cervus canadensis					
Gray Wolf	Canis lupus					
Meadow Vole	Microtus pennsylvanicus					
Moose	Alces americanus					
Mule Deer	Odocoileus hemionus					
American Red Squirrel	Tamiasciurus hudsonicus					
Richardson's Ground Squirrel	Spermophilus richardsonii					
Striped Skunk	Mephitis mephitis					
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus					
	Fish					
Trout sp.						

Species that were identified in 2016 are bolded.

squirrel (*Tamiasciurus hudsonicus*), and one ground squirrel (*Spermophilus richardsonii*) were observed on the site in 2016. Several small trout were observed in McGinnis Creek, but crews could not identify to species. The birds seen in 2016 are bolded in Table 3-6. Five bird boxes were installed on the site in fall 2012. The bird boxes were being used by tree swallows (*Tachycineta bicolor*) in 2016.

3.7 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

Functional assessments were completed on four AAs from 2010 through 2016 using the 2008 MWAM; the results are provided in Table 3-7. The MWAM forms are included in Appendix B. The four AAs were divided into creation (8.6 acres), restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation; 16.6 acres), enhancement (existing emergent wetland; 0.9 acre), and preservation (existing riverine wetlands; 0.30 acre) (Figure A-4, Appendix A).

Function and Value 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 Parameters From the 2008 Creation Creation Creation Creation Creation Creation Creation **MDT Montana Wetland** (excavated (excavated (excavated (excavated (excavated (excavated (excavated Assessment Method(a) cells) cells) cells) cells) cells) cells) cells) Listed/Proposed Threatened and Endangered (T&E) Species Low (0.3) Habitat Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) Species Mod (0.6) Mod (0.6) Low (0.1) Low (0.1) Low (0.2) Mod (0.6) Mod (0.6) Habitat General Wildlife Habitat Low (0.3) High (0.9) Exc. (1.0) Exc. (1.0) Exc (1.0) Exc (1.0) Exc (1.0) General Fish/Aquatic Habitat N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Flood Attenuation Mod (0.6) Short- and Long-Term Surface-Low (0.3) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) Water Storage Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Mod (0.7) Mod (0.7) Mod (0.7) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) Removal Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization NA Mod (0.7) Mod (0.7) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) Production Export/Food Chain Low (0.3) High (0.8) High (0.8) High (0.8) High (0.8) High (0.8) High (0.8) Support Groundwater Mod (0.7) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) High (1.0) Discharge/Recharge Uniqueness Low (0.1) Mod (0.4.) Mod (0.4.) Mod (0.4.) Mod (0.4) Mod (0.4) Mod (0.4) Recreation/Education Potential Low (0.05) High (0.15) High (0.20) High (0.20) High (0.20) High (0.20) High (0.20) (bonus points) **Actual Points/Possible Points** 3.45/9 6.65/10 6.90/10 7.90/10 7.90/10 7.90/10 7.90/10 % of Possible Score Achieved 38.3 66.5 69.0 79.0 79.0 79.0 79.0 Ш Ш Ш Ш Ш Ш Ш **Overall Category** Acreage of Assessed Aquatic **Habitats Within Easement** 0.20 6.42 6.42 6.42 6.42 8.60 8.60 (acres) Functional Units (acreage x 0.69 42.69 44.30 50.72 50.72 67.94 67.94 actual points)

Table 3-7. Functions and Values at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 1 of 4)

Table 3-7. Functions and Values at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 2 of 4)

Function and Value Parameters From the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method ^(a)	2010 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2011 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2012 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2013 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2014 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2015 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)	2016 Restoration (reestablishment and rehabilitation- existing wet meadow)
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.3)						
MTNHP Species Habitat	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)	Exc. (1.0)				
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	Mod (0.7)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)
Flood Attenuation	Mod (0.5)	High (0.8)	Mod (0.5)				
Short- and Long-Term Surface-Water Storage	High (1.0)						
Sediment/Nutrient/ Toxicant Removal	High (0.9)						
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)				
Production Export/Food Chain Support	High (0.9)	Exc. (1.0)					
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1.0)						
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.4)					
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Low (0.05)	High (0.15)	High (0.20)				
Actual Points/Possible Points	7.25/11	8.55/11	8.70/11	8.80/11	9.0/11	9.0/11	9.0/11
% of Possible Score Achieved	65.9	77.7	79.1	80.0	81.8	81.8	81.8
Overall Category	III	II	II	II	I	I	I
Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats Within Easement (acres)	16.57	12.60	17.08	17.34	18.09	16.60	16.60
Functional Units (acreage × actual points)	120.13	107.73	148.60	152.59	162.81	149.40	149.40

Table 3-7. Functions and Values at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 3 of 4)

Function and Value Parameters From the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method ^(a)	2010 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2011 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2012 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2013 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2014 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2015 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)	2016 Enhancement (existing emergent wetland)
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.3)						
MTNHP Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.5)	High (0.9)				
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Mod (0.7)	N/A	N/A
Flood Attenuation	Mod (0.6)						
Short- and Long-Term Surface-Water Storage	Low (0.3)	Low (0.1)					
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	High (1.0)	High (0.8)					
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N/A						
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Mod (0.4)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)				
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	Mod (0.7)	N/A	N/A	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.4)					
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Low (0.05)	High (0.15)	High (0.20)				
Actual Points/Possible Points	4.25/9	3.25/8	4.0/8	4.5/9	5.2/9	4.5/9	4.5/9
% of Possible Score Achieved	47.2	40.6	50.0	50.0	57.8	54.0	54.0
Overall Category	III	III	III	III	II	II	II
Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats Within Easement (acres)	1.74	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.74	0.90	0.90
Functional Units (acreage × actual points)	7.40	4.29	5.28	5.94	9.05	4.05	4.05

Table 3-7. Functions and Values at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 4 of 4)

Function and Value Parameters From the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method ^(a)	2010 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2011 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2012 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2013 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2014 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2015 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)	2016 Preservation (Existing riverine wetlands)
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.3)						
MTNHP Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)	Exc. (1.0)				
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	N/A						
Flood Attenuation	High (0.9)						
Short- and Long-Term Surface-Water Storage	Mod (0.4)	High (0.8)					
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	High (1.0)						
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	High (1.0)						
Production Export/ Food Chain Support	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.7)					
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1.0)						
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.4)					
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Low (0.05)	High (0.15)	High (0.2)				
Actual Points/Possible Points	6.25/10	7.25/10	7.50/10	7.9/10	7.9/10	7.9/10	7.9/10
% of Possible Score Achieved	62.5	72.5	75	79	79	79	79
Overall Category	III	II	II	II	II	II	II
Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats Within Easement (acres)	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
Functional Units (acreage × actual points)	1.88	2.18	2.25	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37

⁽a) Berglund and McEldowney 2008 MDT MWAM.

The original on-site wetlands were impacted historically from grazing, leveling, channel straightening, and hydrological alterations according to the 2005 baseline site evaluation. The wetland conservation easement area has been fenced, and grazing has been excluded. The original baseline evaluation rated the historic waters of the US as Category III wetlands using the 1999 MDT Wetland Assessment Method [Berglund, 1999].

3.8 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Photographs that were taken at photo points 1–7 (PP1 to PP7), transect endpoints, stream cross sections, and wetland determination data points are shown in Appendix C.

3.9 MAINTENANCE NEEDS

Canada thistle, ox-eye daisy, and houndstongue, which are Priority 2B noxious weeds, were identified at the McGinnis Meadows site. Infestations ranged in size from less than 0.1 acre to a maximum 1.0 acre in size with cover classes ranging from trace (< 1 percent) to high (25–100 percent cover). Canada thistle has invaded upland areas that were disturbed during construction. Two infestations of gypsy-flower were mapped in the southeast quarter of the site. One infestation of ox-eye daisy was mapped along the northern project boundary. The infestation size was less than 0.1 acre, and the cover class was trace at less than 1.0 percent. MDT has an ongoing weed-control program for their mitigation sites, which included spraying this site on July 5, 2016.

Five bird boxes were installed on this site in fall 2012 and were used by tree swallows in 2016. All of the bird boxes are in good functioning condition. The mitigation site design relied on excavating shallow depressions to intercept groundwater, increase hydrologic connectivity with McGinnis Creek and the adjacent floodplain, and passively increase the local water table. Consequently, water-control structures were not a part of the design. MDT spent 3 days in 2016 repairing damaged fence sections around the perimeter of the site.

3.10 CURRENT CREDIT SUMMARY

Goals that were established in 2009 for the McGinnis Meadows mitigation project included restoring approximately 0.8 acre of riparian/stream habitat on McGinnis Creek and 17.3 acres of degraded wetlands. Credit was to be awarded for creating 2.9 acres of emergent wetlands and enhancing 1.74 acres of existing emergent wetland and an intermittent drainage. Preserving 0.3 acre of existing riparian communities along the abandoned McGinnis Creek corridor and maintaining 2.2 acres of upland buffer provided additional wetland credits. Table 3-8 details the project credit ratios approved by the USACE and the calculated credit acreages from 2010 through 2016. Total wetland mitigation credits calculated for the McGinnis Meadows site in 2016 were 20.48 credit acres, which is 4.15 acres more than the original estimate for the site.

Table 3-9 provides a summary of the site's performance against approved success criteria. All of the wetlands that were delineated within the site in 2016 satisfied the criteria for wetland hydrology, hydrophytic vegetation, and hydric soils. The cover of wetland plants increased significantly from 60 percent in 2010 to 95 percent from 2012 through 2016. The success criteria that stipulate

Table 3-8. Summary of Wetland Credits at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 1 of 2)

Proposed Mitigation Activity	Compensatory Mitigation Type	USACE Mitigation Ratios	Proposed Acres	Final Credit Estimate (acres)	2010 Delineated Acreage	2010 Credit (acres)	2011 Delineated Acreage	2011 Credit (acres)	2012 Delineated Acreage	2012 Credit (acres)	2013 Delineated Acreage	2013 Credit (acres)
Creating palustrine emergent depression wetlands through shallow excavation	Creation	1:1	2.90	2.90	0.20	0.20	6.42	6.42	6.42	6.42	6.42	6.42
Restoring/ Reestablishing the McGinnis Creek channel and wetland fringe	Restoration (Reestablishme nt)	1:1	0.80	0.80	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)						
Rehabilitating existing impaired wet meadow wetlands	Restoration (Rehabilitation)	1.5:1	17.30	11.53	16.57	11.05	12.60	8.40	17.08	11.39	17.34	11.56
Enhancing existing emergent wetland upgradient of channel restoration	Enhancement	3:1	1.74	0.58	1.74	0.58	1.32	0.44	1.32	0.44	1.32	0.44
Preserving existing wetlands within abandoned McGinnis Creek reaches	Preservation	4:1	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08
Maintaining upland buffer averaging 50 feet in length on site perimeter	Upland Buffer	5:1	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44
Total				16.33	21.01	12.34	22.84	15.78	27.32	18.77	27.58	18.94

Table 3-8. Summary of Wetland Credits at the McGinnis Meadows Site From 2010 Through 2016 (Page 2 of 2)

Proposed Mitigation Activity	Compensatory Mitigation Type	USACE Mitigation Ratios	Proposed Acres	Final Credit Estimate (acres)	2014 Delineated Acreage	2014 Credit (acres)	2015 Delineated Acreage	2015 Credit (acres)	2016 Delineated Acreage	2016 Credit (acres)
Creating palustrine emergent depression wetlands through shallow excavation	Creation	1:1	2.90	2.90	6.42	6.42	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60
Restoring/Reestablishing the McGinnis Creek channel and wetland fringe	Restoration (Reestablishment)	1:1	0.80	0.80	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)	0.75 ^(a)
Rehabilitating existing impaired wet meadow wetlands	Restoration (Rehabilitation)	1.5:1	17.30	11.53	18.09	12.06	16.60	11.07	16.60	11.07
Enhancing existing emergent wetland upgradient of channel restoration	Enhancement	3:1	1.74	0.58	1.74	0.58	0.90	0.30	0.90	0.30
Preserving existing wetlands within abandoned McGinnis Creek reaches	Preservation	4:1	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08	0.30	0.08
Maintaining upland buffer averaging 50 feet in length on site perimeter	Upland Buffer	5:1	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44	2.20	0.44
	Total			16.33	28.75	19.58	28.60	20.48	28.60	20.48

⁽a) Stream credit being sought for McGinnis Creek; acreage excluded from total.

Table 3-9. Summary of Performance Standards and Success Criteria Compared to Existing Site Conditions (Page 1 of 2)

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion
Wetland Characteristics	All of the restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils as outlined in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement.	Y	Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site meet the three parameter criteria.
Wetland Hydrology	Soil saturation is present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.	Y	Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site exhibit soil saturation for a minimum 12.5 percent of growing season.
Lludria Cail	Hydric soil conditions are present or appear to be forming.	Y	Hydric soil characteristics, including redoximorphic concentrations and depleted matrix, have developed throughout a majority of the constructed wetlands.
Hydric Soil	Soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion.	Υ	Disturbed soil is stable and does not exhibit signs of erosion.
	Soil is able to support plant cover.	Υ	Plant cover across the disturbed soils is near 100 percent.
Hydrophytic	Success is achieved where aerial cover of facultative or wetter species is greater than or equal to 70 percent.	Y	Areas that were identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation (OBL, FACW, and FAC) at greater than 70 percent cover.
Vegetation	Montana state-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover.	Y	Montana State-listed noxious weed cover within wetland areas of the site is estimated at 2–3 percent.
Woody Plants	Plantings will be considered successful where they exceed 50 percent survival after 5 years.	N	The percentage of living woody vegetation (including natural recruitment of <i>Alnus</i> among the former channel) is well below the 50 percent target.
Open Water	Open-water area will be considered creditable under this plan.	Y	Open water appears to be perennial in several of the excavated cells. These areas exhibit vegetation cover generally greater than 20 percent.
McGinnis Creek Channel	Revegetation along the new McGinnis Creek channel corridor will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species.	Υ	Vegetation along the constructed McGinnis Creek support robust vegetation with high root-stability indices and predominantly includes reed canarygrass.

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion
McGinnis Creek Channel	The intent of the stream restoration is to allow the stream to migrate naturally within the floodplain and to give it enough room to move and stabilize itself within the site.	Y	The stream has plenty of room to migrate within the boundary of the mitigation site.
	Noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover within upland buffer area.	Y	Noxious weed cover is less than 5 percent within the upland buffer.
Upland Buffer	Any area disturbed within creditable buffer zone must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by end of monitoring period.	Y	Disturbed areas are well-vegetated (approximately 100 percent) by non-weed species.
Weed Control	Success will be based on annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and degree of infestation within the site. Control measures, based on the monitoring results, will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of state-listed noxious weed species within the site.	Y	State-listed noxious weed species across the site have been mapped yearly. Maps of weed infestations have been provided to MDT for evaluation, and control measures have been employed.
Fencing	Wildlife-friendly fencing will be installed along the easement boundaries.	Υ	Wildlife-friendly fencing has been installed around the easement boundaries. A tree has fallen on the western fence near PP6, and repairs are needed.

70 percent cover of wetland plants was met site-wide in 2012. The cover density continued to increase into 2016. Vegetation cover within the disturbed areas of the upland buffer also exceeded 50 percent by 2012. The cover of state-listed noxious weed species in the site wetlands has remained less than 5 percent, which satisfies the performance standard. MDT continues to monitor and control noxious weeds within this mitigation site. The woody plants installed in 2011 exhibited high mortality immediately after installation with approximately 20 percent survival. The majority of woody plants that initially survived have continued to develop. The success criterion for 50 percent survival of the woody vegetation has not been met. An increase in natural recruitment of quaking aspen and speckled alder was observed in 2016. Supplemental plantings of shrubs/trees could be considered at this site to meet this criterion.

Photographs of the cross sections in Appendix C illustrate the high vegetation cover on the banks of the restored channel. The McGinnis Creek restoration success criterion that pertains to well-vegetated banks with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species has been satisfied. The stream banks of McGinnis Creek were minimally disturbed during construction and are primarily vegetated with reed canary grass.

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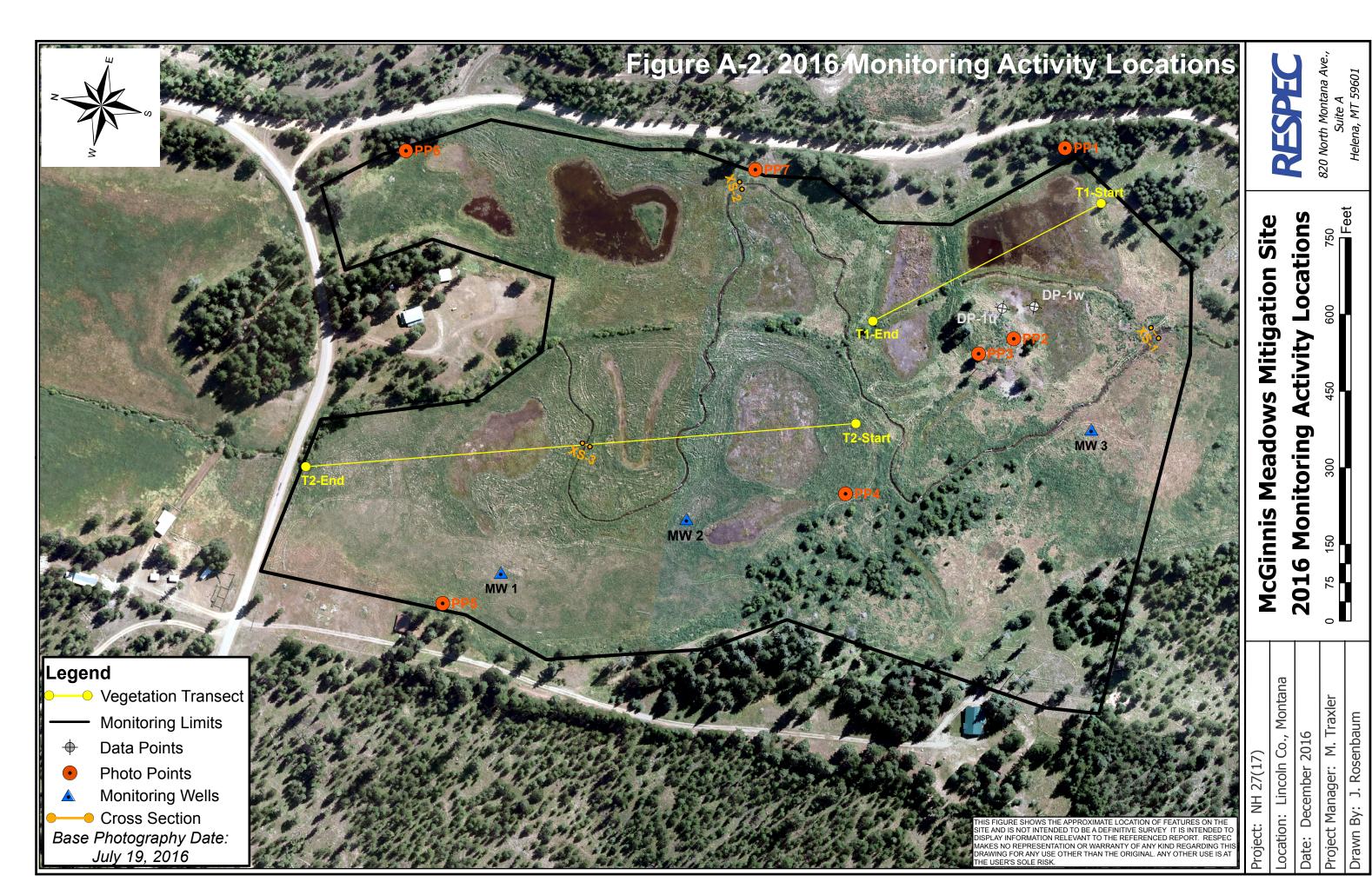
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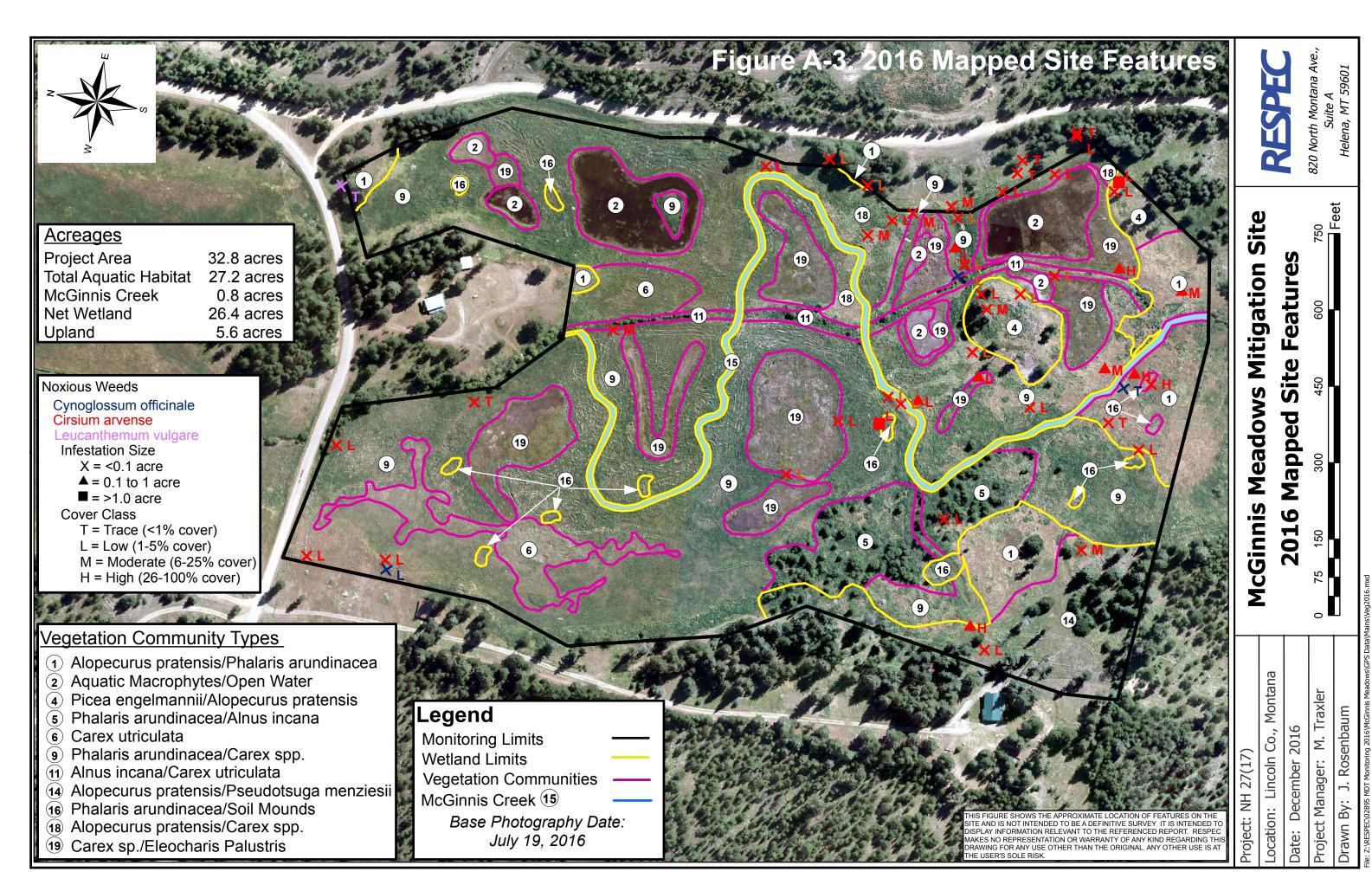
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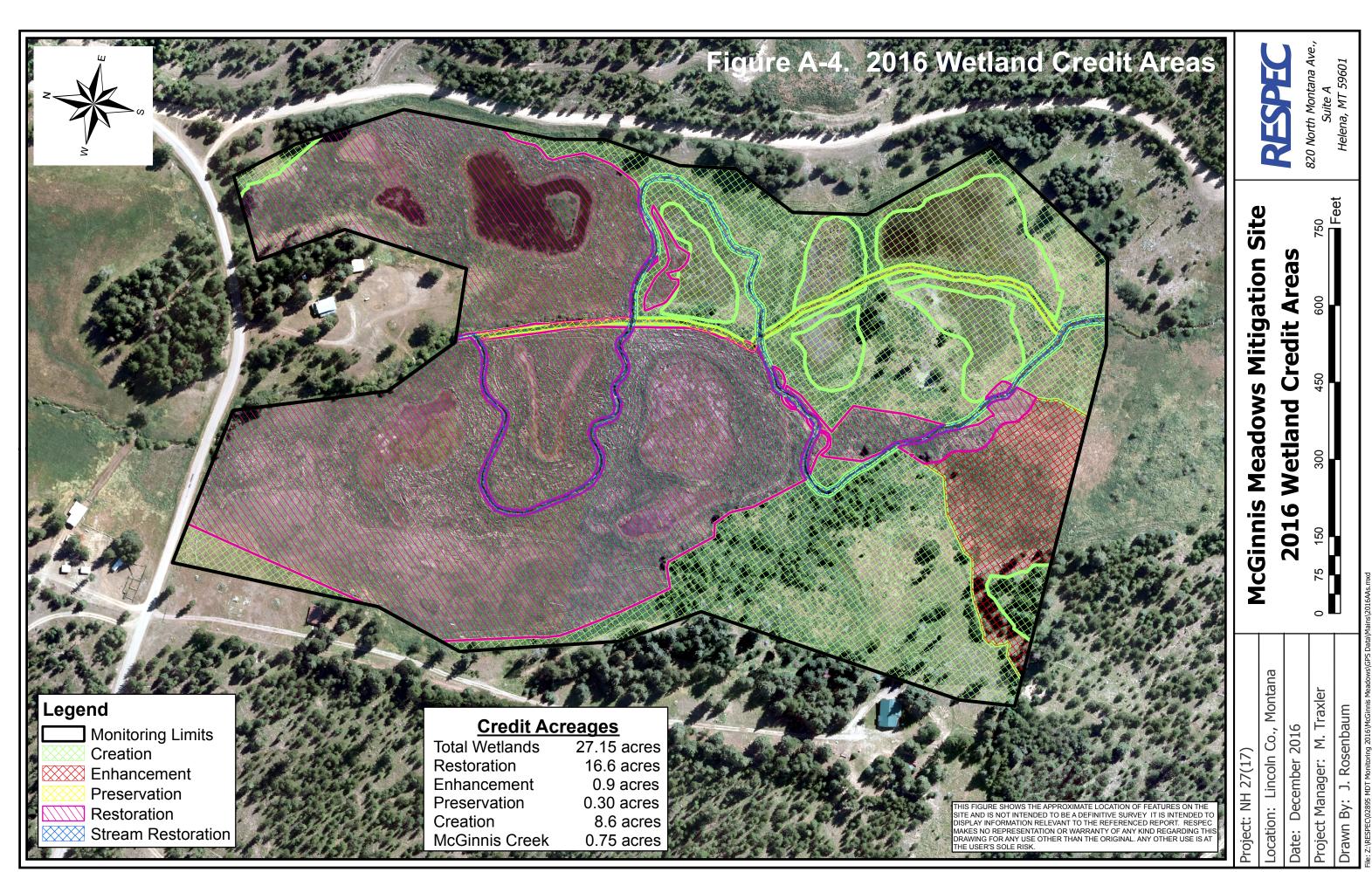
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APPENDIX A PROJECT AREA MAPS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring McGinnis Meadows Lincoln County, Montana







APPENDIX B MONITORING FORMS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring McGinnis Meadows Lincoln County, Montana

RESPEC/MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

Project Name: McGinnis Meadows Project Number: STPX-NH 27(17)

Assessment Date: <u>July 27, 2016</u> Person(s) conducting the assessment: <u>G. Howard, T.</u>

Traxler

Location: 7 miles south of US 2 MDT District: Missoula

Milepost: NA

Legal Description: T <u>26N</u> R <u>28W</u> Section <u>33</u>

Weather Conditions: **sunny**, **mid 80s**Time of Day: **mid-morning**

Initial Evaluation Date: <u>July 16, 2010</u> Monitoring Year: <u>7</u> # Visits in Year: <u>1</u>
Size of evaluation area: <u>32.75 acres</u> Land use surrounding wetland: <u>Hay production and</u>
grazing, rural residential, USFS property (forest), Plum Creek properties (commercial forest).

HYDROLOGY

Surface Water Source: McGinnis Creek, precipitation, shallow groundwater.

Inundation: **Present** Average Depth: **0.5 feet** Range of Depths: **0-2 feet**

Percent of assessment area under inundation: 15%

Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: **1.0 feet**

If assessment area is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: <u>Yes</u> Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc.):

FAC-neutral test, geomorphic position, drainage patterns, hydrogen sulfide odor

Groundwater Monitoring Wells: **Present**

Record depth of water below ground surface (in feet):

Well Number	Depth	Well Number	Depth	Well Number	Depth
MW-1	4.46				
MW-2	3.39				
MW-3	5.25				

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M	ap em	ergent	vegetatio	n-open	water	boundar	ry on	aerial	phot	ograp	h.

Observe extent of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface water elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, etc.)

☐ Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring well locations, if present.

COMMENTS / PROBLEMS:

Wells monitored by USGS.

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Community Number: 1 Community Title (main spp): Alopecurus pratensis / Phalaris arundinacea

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alopecurus pratensis	5 = > 50%	Poa pratensis	+ = < 1%
Phalaris arundinacea	2 = 6-10%	Taraxacum officinale	+ = < 1%
Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%		
Urtica dioica	1 = 1-5%		
Achillea millefolium	+=<1%		

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 2 Community Title (main spp): Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Open Water	5 = > 50%	Carex utriculata	1 = 1-5%
Aquatic macrophytes	4 = 21-50%	Lemna minor	+ = < 1%
Algae, green	2 = 6-10%	Persicaria amphibia	+ = < 1%
Glyceria grandis	2 = 6-10%		
Phalaris arundinacea	2 = 6-10%		
Chara sp.	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 4 Community Title (main spp): Picea engelmannii / Alopecurus pratensis

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alopecurus pratensis	5 = > 50%	Symphoricarpos albus	1 = 1-5%
Picea engelmannii	4 = 21-50%	Achillea millefolium	1 = 1-5%
Cirsium arvense	3 = 11-20%	Pinus ponderosa	1 = 1-5%
Phalaris arundinacea	3 = 11-20%		
Pinus contorta	1 = 1-5%		
Poa pratensis	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 5 Community Title (main spp): Phalaris arundinacea / Alnus incana

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	4 = 21-50%	Carex utriculata	1 = 1-5%
Alnus incana	3 = 11-20%	Mentha arvensis	+=<1%
Crataegus douglasii	2 = 6-10%	Urtica dioica	+=<1%
Algae, green	1 = 1-5%		
Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%		
Heracleum maximum	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems: ____

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES (continued)

Community Number: 6 Community Title (main spp): Carex utriculata /

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Carex utriculata	5 = > 50%		
Phalaris arundinacea	3 = 11-20%		
Carex nebrascensis	+=<1%		
Mentha arvensis	+ = < 1%		

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 9 Community Title (main spp): Phalaris arundinacea / Carex spp.

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%		
Carex athrostachya	1 = 1-5%		
Carex utriculata	1 = 1-5%		
Carex nebrascensis	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 11 Community Title (main spp): Alnus incana / Carex utriculata

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alnus incana	4 = 21-50%	Cirsium arvense	+ = < 1%
Carex utriculata	3 = 11-20%		
Phalaris arundinacea	2 = 6-10%		
Alopecurus pratensis	1 = 1-5%		
Scirpus microcarpus	1 = 1-5%		
Carex stipata	+=<1%		

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 14 Community Title (main spp): Alopecurus pratensis / Pseudotsuga menziesii

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alopecurus pratensis	5 = > 50%	Poa pratensis	1 = 1-5%
Pseudotsuga menziesii	4 = 21-50%	Symphoricarpos albus	1 = 1-5%
Larix occidentalis	2 = 6-10%	Achillea millefolium	+=<1%
Pinus contorta	2 = 6-10%	Calamagrostis canadensis	+ = < 1%
Alnus incana	1 = 1-5%	Fragaria virginiana	+ = < 1%
Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems: _____

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES (continued)

Community Number: 15 Community Title (main spp): Open Water / Macrophytes

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Open Water	5 = > 50%		
Macrophytes	2 = 6-10%		

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: **16** Community Title (main spp): **Phalaris arundinacea / Soil Mounds**

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%		
Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%		
Verbascum thapsus	+ = < 1%		

Comments / Problems:

Community Number: 18 Community Title (main spp): Alopecurus pratensis / Carex spp.

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Alopecurus pratensis	5 = > 50%		
Carex bebbii	2 = 6-10%		
Carex athrostachya	2 = 6-10%		
Deschampsia caespitosa	2 = 6-10%		
Juncus confusus	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems: _____

Community Number: 19 Community Title (main spp): Carex spp. /

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Carex nebrascensis	4 = 21-50%	Juncus confusus	1 = 1-5%
Carex utriculata	4 = 21-50%	Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%
Juneus nodosus	2 = 6-10%	Alnus incana	1 = 1-5%
Typha latifolia	2 = 6-10%	Carex bebbii	1 = 1-5%
Eleocharis palustris	2 = 6-10%	Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%
Carex vesicaria	1 = 1-5%		

Comments / Problems:

Additional Activities Checklist:

Record and map vegetative communities on aerial photograph.

PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Plant Species	Number Originally Planted	Number Observed	Mortality Causes
Alnus sp.	360	125	Native recruitment along former channel of
			McGinnis Creek
Betula	100	0	Betula sp.
Cornus stolonifera	100	0	
Populus tremuloides	180	250	Natural recruitment in SE and NE corners of site.
Salix sp.	100	0	

Comments	/ Problems:	

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MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: McGinnis Meadows Date: July 27, 2016 Examiner: G. Howard

Transect Number: 1 Approximate Transect Length: 504 feet Compass Direction from Start: 318 Note:

Transect Interval Length: 30 ft (Station 0-30)		
Vegetation Community Type: Picea engelmannii / Alopecurus pratensis		
Plant Species	Cover	
Alopecurus pratensis	5 = > 50%	
Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%	
Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%	
Total Vegetative Cover:	95%	

Transect Interval Length: 50 ft (Station 30-80)			
Vegetation Community Type: Carex sp. / Eleocharis palustris			
Plant Species	Cover		
Eleocharis palustris	5 = > 50%		
Carex utriculata	2 = 6-10%		
Deschampsia caespitosa	2 = 6-10%		
Juncus nodosus	2 = 6-10%		
Carex nebrascensis	1 = 1-5%		
Populus tremuloides	+ = < 1%		
Salix bebbiana	+ = < 1%		
Total Vegetative	Cover: 98%		

Transect Interval Length: 215 ft (Station 80-295)		
Vegetation Community Type: Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water		
Plant Species	Cover	
Open Water	5 = > 50%	
Ranunculus aquatilis	2 = 6-10%	
Chara sp.	2 = 6-10%	
Algae, green	2 = 6-10%	
Eleocharis palustris	1 = 1-5%	
Persicaria amphibia	+ = < 1%	
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%	

Transect Interval Length: 28 ft (Station 295 - 323)		
Vegetation Community Type: Carex sp. / Eleocharis palustris		
Plant Species	Cover	
Phalaris arundinacea	4 = 21-50%	
Carex utriculata	2 = 6-10%	
Juncus nodosus	2 = 6-10%	
Scirpus microcarpus	2 = 6-10%	
Carex stipata	1 = 1-5%	
Mentha arvensis	1 = 1-5%	
Eleocharis palustris	+=<1%	
Total Vegetative Cover:	98%	

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: McGinnis Meadows Date: July 27, 2016 Examiner: G. Howard

Transect Number: 1 Approximate Transect Length: 504 feet Compass Direction from Start: 318 Note:

Transect Interval Length: 40 ft (Station 323- 363)		
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Alopecurus		
pratensis		
Plant Species	Cover	
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%	
Alnus incana	1 = 1-5%	
Cirsium arvense	1 = 1-5%	
Mentha arvensis	+ = < 1%	
Poa pratensis	+ = < 1%	
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%	

Plant S _I	pecies	Cover
Scirpus microcarpus		4 = 21-509
Eleocharis palustris		3 = 11-209
Typha latifolia		2 = 6-10%
Deschampsia caespitosa		1 = 1-5%
Alnus incana		1 = 1-5%
Carex utriculata		1 = 1-5%
Carex bebbii		1 = 1-5%
Carex stipata		1 = 1-5%
Juncus tenius		1 = 1-5%
Calamagrostis canadensis		1 = 1-5%

Transect Interval Length:	
Vegetation Community Type:	
Plant Species	Cover
Total Vegetative Cover:	%

Transect Interval Length:	
Vegetation Community Type:	
Plant Species	Cover
Total Vegetative Cover:	%

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Transect Number: 2 Approximate Transect Length: 1000 feet Compass Direction from Start: 330 Note:

Transect Interval Length: 79 ft (Station 0-79)	
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Alop	ecurus
pratensis	
Plant Species	Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%
Alopecurus pratensis	2 = 6-10%
Carex athrostachya	1 = 1-5%
Cirsium arvensis	+=<1%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Plant Sp	ecies	Cover
Carex utriculata		4 = 21-50%
Carex nebrascensis		3 = 11-20%
Eleocharis palustris		3 = 11-20%
Alopecurus pratensis		1 = 1-5%
Calamagrostis canadensis		1 = 1-5%
Deschampsia caespitosa		1 = 1-5%
Typha latifolia		1 = 1-5%
		1 = 1-5%
		<u> </u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Total Vegetative Cover:	95%

Transect Interval Length: 106 ft (Station 240-346)			
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Carex			
Plant Species	Cover		
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%		
Carex utriculata	+=<1%		
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%		

Transect Interval Length: 7 ft (Station 346-353)			
Vegetation Community Type: McGinnis Creek - Open Water			
Plant Species	Cover		
Channel / Open Water	5 = > 50%		
Macrophytes	+ = < 1%		
Total Vegetative Cover:	2%		

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B-10

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: McGinnis Mea	<u>dows</u> [Date: July 27, 2016	Examiner: G	S. Howard	
Transect Number: 2	Approxi	mate Transect Lengt	h: 1000 feet	Compass Direction from Start:	Note:

Transect Interval Length: 46 ft (Station 353-399)			
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Carex			
Plant Species	Cover		
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%		
Carex utriculata	+ = < 1%		
	_		
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%		

Transect Interval Length: 17 ft (Station 399-416)	
Vegetation Community Type: Carex sp. / Eleochar	is palustris
Plant Species	Cover
Carex utriculata	5 = > 50%
Eleocharis palustris	1 = 1-5%
Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%
Calamagrostis canadensis	+=<1%
Deschampsia caespitosa	+=<1%
Total Vegetative Cov	ver: 80%

Transect Interval Length: 31 ft (Station 416-447)		
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Alopecurus		
pratensis		
Plant Species	Cover	
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%	
	_	
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%	

Transect Interval Length: 23 ft (Station 447-470) Vegetation Community Type: Carex sp. / Eleocharis pa	Inetrie
vegetation community Type. Carex sp. / Licocharis pa	iusuis
Plant Species	Cover
Carex utriculata	4 = 21-50%
Eleocharis palustris	3 = 11-20%
Glyceria grandis	2 = 6-10%
Sparganium emersum	2 = 6-10%
Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%
Total Vegetative Cover:	90%

B-11

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: McGinnis Mea	<u>dows</u> Dat	e: July 27, 2016	Examiner: G	<u>. Howard</u>			
Transect Number: 2	Approxima	te Transect Leng	th: 1000 feet	Compass 1	Direction from Start:	Note:	

Transect Interval Length: 53 ft (Station 470-523)	
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Alop	ecurus
pratensis	
Plant Species	Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%
Carex utriculata	+ = < 1%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length: 10 ft (Station 523-533)	
Vegetation Community Type: McGinnis Creek - Open Water	
Plant Species	Cover
Channel / Open Water	5 = > 50%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length: 67 ft (Station 533-600)	
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Alopecurus	
pratensis	
Plant Species	Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length: 185 f	t (Station 600-785)	
Vegetation Community Type: C	Carex sp. / Eleocharis p	alustris
Plant Speci	ies	Cover
Carex vesicaria		4 = 21-50%
Juncus confusus		4 = 21-50%
Juncus nodosus		2 = 6-10%
Phalaris arundinacea		2 = 6-10%
Typha latifolia		2 = 6-10%
Carex utriculata		1 = 1-5%
To	otal Vegetative Cover:	98%

MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site: McGinnis Mea	<u>dows</u> Da	ate: July 27, 2016	Examiner:	G. Howard	
Transect Number: 2	Approxim	ate Transect Lengt	th: 1000 feet	Compass Direction from Start: _	• Note:

Transect Interval Length: 95 ft (Station 785-880)	
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Care	X
Plant Species	Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%
Carex nebrascensis	1 = 1-5%
Alopecurus pratensis	+ = < 1%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length: 58 ft (Station 880-938)	
Vegetation Community Type: Carex utriculata	
Plant Species	Cover
Carex utriculata	5 = > 50%
Phalaris arundinacea	1 = 1-5%
	_
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length: 62 ft (Station 938-1000)	
Vegetation Community Type: Phalaris arundinacea / Care	X
Plant Species	Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	5 = > 50%
Carex nebrascensis	1 = 1-5%
Alopecurus pratensis	+ = < 1%
Total Vegetative Cover:	100%

Transect Interval Length:	
Vegetation Community Type:	
Plant Species	Cover
Total Vegetative Cover:	%

MDT WETLAND MONITORING - VEGETATION TRANSECT

Cover EstimateIndicator ClassSource+ = < 1%3 = 11-10%+ = ObligateP = Planted1 = 1-5%4 = 21-50%- = Facultative/WetV = Volunteer

0 = Facultative

Percent of perimeter developing wetland vegetation (excluding dam/berm structures): 100%

Establish transects perpendicular to the shoreline (or saturated perimeter). The transect should begin in the upland area. Permanently mark this location with a standard metal fencepost. Extend the imaginary transect line towards the center of the wetland, ending at the 3 foot depth (in open water), or at the point where water depths or saturation are maximized. Mark this location with another metal fencepost.

Estimate cover within a 10 foot wide "belt" along the transect length. At a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of the wetland. Remember that the purpose of this sampling is to monitor, not inventory, representative portions of the wetland site.

Comments: ____

2 = 6-10%

5 = > 50%

PHOTOGRAPHS

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

Photograph Checklis	st:
One photograph	oh for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
At least one p	hotograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland
exists then ta	ake additional photographs.
At least one p	hotograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
One photograp	oh from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

Location	Photograph Frame #	Photograph Description & Lat/Long	Compass Reading (°)
PP-1		Photo Point 1, Photo 1: 47.964584 / -115.2164	250
PP-1		Photo Point 1, Photo 2: 47.964584 / -115.2164	270
PP-1		Photo Point 1, Photo 3: 47.964584 / -115.2164	300
PP-2		Photo Point 2, Photo 1: 47.964512 / -115.217896	85
PP-2		Photo Point 2, Photo 2: 47.964512 / -115.217896	110
PP-2		Photo Point 2, Photo 3: 47.964512 / -115.217896	140
PP-2		Photo Point 2, Photo 4: 47.964512 / -115.217896	180
PP-3		Photo Point 3 (Pano): 47.964561 / -115.218163	300-10
PP-4		Photo Point 4 (Pano): 47.965092 / -115.219429	310-90
PP-5		Photo Point 5 (Pano): 47.966888 / -115.220978	80-180
PP-6		Photo Point 6 (Pano): 47.967838 / -115.217644	180-260
PP-7		Photo Point 7 (Pano): 47.966015 / -115.217171	180-240
T-1 start		Transect 1 start: 47.964188 / -115.216629	320
T-1 end		Transect 1 end: 47.965172 / -115.217987	140
T-2 start		Transect 2 start: 47.964584 / -115.218834	330
T-2 end		Transect 2 end: 47.965222 / -115.219133	150
DP-1W		Wetland soil pit: 47.963731 / -115.219522	
DP-1U		Upland soil pit: 47.963731 / -115.219522	
		<u>*</u>	

Comments /	Problems:	

GPS SURVEYING

Using a resource grade GPS survey the items on the checklist below. Collect at least 3 location points set at a 5 second recording rate. Record file numbers for site in designated GPS field notebook.

 GPS Checklist: □ Upland/wetland boundary. □ 4-6 landmarks that are recognizable on the aerial photograph. □ Start and End points of vegetation transect(s). □ Photograph reference points. □ Groundwater monitoring well locations. □ Bird nest boxes.
Comments / Problems:
WETLAND DELINEATION (attach COE delineation forms)
At each site conduct these checklist items: Delineate wetlands according to the 1987 Army COE manual and regional supplement. Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.
Comments / Problems:
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms.
Comments / Problems:
MAINTENANCE
Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? <u>Yes</u> If yes, do they need to be repaired? <u>No</u> If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems.
Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow into or out of the wetland? \underline{NA} If yes, are the structures working properly and in good working order? \underline{NA} If no, describe the problems below.
Comments / Problems:

WILDLIFE

Birds

Were man-made nesting structures installed? \underline{Yes} If yes, type of structure: \underline{Box} How many? $\underline{5}$ Are the nesting structures being used? \underline{Yes}

Do the nesting structures need repairs? **No**

Mammals and Herptiles

Mammal and Hauntila Species	Number	Indirect Indication of Use									
Mammal and Herptile Species	Observed	Tracks	Scat	Burrows	Other						
White-tailed deer	8										
Mule deer	1										
Red Squirrel	1										
Ground squirrel sp.	1										
Trout sp.	200										

Additional	Activities	Checklist:
------------	-------------------	-------------------

<u>NA</u> Macroinvertebrate Sampling (if required)

Comments / Problems: ____

BIRD SURVEY – FIELD DATA SHEET

Bird Species	#	Behavior	Habitat	Bird Species	#	Behavior	Habitat
Red-tailed Hawk	2	FO	UP	Î			
Sparrow sp.	5	FO	MA UP				
Γree Swallow.	20	FO L N	UP MA				
Cedar Waxwing	1	L	UP				
Brewer's Blackbird	3	FO	UP				
BEHAVIOR CODES				HABITAT CODES			
$\mathbf{BP} = \mathbf{One} \text{ of a breeding } \mathbf{P}$	nair			AB = Aquatic bed		SS = Scrub	/Shrub
BD = Breeding display	Pull			FO = Forested		$\mathbf{UP} = \mathbf{Uplan}$	
$\mathbf{F} = $ Foraging				I = Island		$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{W}\mathbf{e}$	
FO = Flyover				MA = Marsh		US = Unco	nsolidated shor
L = Loafing				$\mathbf{MF} = \mathbf{Mud} \ \mathbf{Flat}$			
N = Nesting				$\mathbf{OW} = \mathbf{Open} \ \mathbf{Water}$			
Weather:							
Notes:							

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

roject/Site: McGinnis Meadow				City/County:	Lincoln		Sampling Date: 27-Ju	ıl-16
pplicant/Owner: MDT						State: MT	Sampling Point:	DP-1U
nvestigator(s): RESPEC - G. Howard,	T. Traxler			Section, To	wnship, Ra	ange: S 33 T 26	N R 28 W	_
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Hillslope			Local relief	(concave, c	convex, none): convex	Slope:1	<u>.0</u> % / <u>0.6</u>
ubregion (LRR): LRR E			Lat.: 47	.963731		Long.: -115.219522	Datum	: WGS84
oil Map Unit Name: Fluvents, floodp	olains					NWI classifi	cation: Upland	
e climatic/hydrologic conditions on		oical for this	time of year	? Yes	. ● No C			
are Vegetation \Box , Soil \Box	, or Hydrol	logy 🗌	significantly	disturbed?	Are "N	ormal Circumstances" pi	esent? Yes •	No O
are Vegetation , Soil	, or Hydrol	logy	naturally pro	blematic?		eded, explain any answe		
Summary of Findings - At	•				•		•	tures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	No O		To the	Commissi A	1		
Hydric Soil Present?	$_{ m Yes}$ \circ	No 💿			Sampled A	Vaa O Na 📵		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes \bigcirc	No 💿		within	a Wetland	17 163 C NO C		
Remarks: Sampling point considered within a	ın upland a	rea.		•				
VEGETATION - Use scien	tific nam	es of plan	ıts.	Dominant				
				_Species? . Rel.Strat.		Dominance Test works	heet:	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:			% Cover		Status	Number of Dominant Spe		(4)
1				0.0%		That are OBL, FACW, or I	AC:1_	(A)
2			•	0.0%		Total Number of Dominar		(D)
4.				0.0%		Species Across All Strata:	1_	(B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)	0	= Total Cove	er	Percent of dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,		% (A/B)
1,			0	0.0%		Prevalence Index work	sheet:	
2			0	0.0%		Total % Cover of	f: Multiply by:	
3			0	0.0%		OBL speci es	0 x 1 =)
4			0	0.0%		FACW species	0 x 2 =)
5			0	0.0%		FAC speciles1	<u>00</u> x 3 = <u>3</u>	00
U. I. C (Diot size: E Et	,		0	= Total Cove	er	FACU speci es	0 x 4 =)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft.			95	✓ 90.5%	FAC	UPL speci es —	<u>0</u> x 5 =)
Alopecurus pratensis Cirsium arvense				4.8%	FAC	Column Totals: 1	00 (A) 30	00 (B)
3.				4.8%	TAG	Prevalence Index	= B/A = 3.000)
4			•	0.0%		H. J. J. B. P. V. J. J. P.	T. P	
5			0	0.0%		Hydrophytic Vegetatio		
6			0	0.0%		2 - Dominance Test	ydrologic Vegetation	1
7				0.0%		✓ 3 - Prevalence Inde		
8.—			_	0.0%		l		
9				0.0%			daptations ¹ (Provide s or on a separate she	
10.			_	0.0%		5 - Wetland Non-Va	scular Plants ¹	
11.			105	= Total Cove		☐ Problematic Hydrop	hytic Vegetation ¹ (E	xplain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:				0.0%	-	¹ Indicators of hydric s be present, unless dist	oil and wetland hydr urbed or problematio	ology must
1				0.0%		Hydrophytic		
2			0	= Total Cove	 er	Vegetation Present? Yes	No O	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum:	1							

^{*}Indicator suffix = National status or professional decision assigned because Regional status not defined by FWS.

Soil Sampling Point: DP-1U Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) **Redox Features** Matrix Depth % Color (moist) Loc2 Texture Remarks (inches) % Color (moist) Type 0-15 10YR 2/1 100 Silt Loam ¹Type: C=Concentration. D=Depletion. RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains ²Location: PL=Pore Lining. M=Matrix Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: 2 cm Muck (A10) Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except in MLRA 1) Other (Explain in Remarks) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Muck Mineral (S1) wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Redox depressions (F8) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: Yes O No 💿 **Hydric Soil Present?** Depth (inches): Remarks: No hydric soil indicator present. **Hydrology** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Water Marks (B1) Dry Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Frost Heave Hummocks (D7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** No 💿 Yes O Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): Yes O No 💿 Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes \bigcirc No 💿 **Wetland Hydrology Present?** Saturation Present? Yes O No 💿 Depth (inches): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitor well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks: No hydrology indicators present.

US Army Corps of Engineers

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Section Comment MOT More MOT More MOT More MOT More MOT	roject/Site: McGinnis Meadow		c	City/County:	Lincoln		Samplin	g Date: <u>27-J</u> υ	الـ16	
Lacidorm (hilistope, terrace, etc.): MWI classification: WWI classification:	pplicant/Owner: MDT					State: MT	Samı	oling Point:	DP-1	.w
Late: 47.963731 Long: -115,219522 Datum: WCS84	nvestigator(s): RESPEC - G. Howard,	T. Traxler		Section, To	wnship, Ra	ange: S 33 T	26 N	R _28 W		
Standard Chydrologic Conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No No No No No No No N	Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):			Local relief	<u>.0</u> % /	0.6				
Section Sect	ubregion (LRR): LRR E		Lat.: 47	.963731		Long.: -115.219522	2	- Datum	: WGS84	4
re Vegetation , soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed, soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed, soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed, soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed, soil , so						NWI clas	sification:			
Summary of Findings - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No So No No No No No No No No		the site typical for this	time of year?	? Yes	. ● No C	(If no, explain	in Remark	s.)		
Summary of Findings - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc. Hydrochytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Wes No West No West No West No West No West No West No No West No No West No No No West No No No No No No No No No N	re Vegetation \square , Soil \square	, or Hydrology 🗌 s	significantly (disturbed?	Are "N	lormal Circumstances	" present?	Yes	No \bigcirc	
Nydric Vegetation Present? Yes No	are Vegetation \square , Soil \square	, or Hydrology 🔲 r	naturally pro	blematic?	(If nee	eded, explain any ans	wers in Re	marks.)		
Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No No within a Wetland? Yes No No within a Wetland? Yes No No	Summary of Findings - At	tach site map sh	owing sa	mpling p	oint loc	ations, transect	ts, impo	ortant feat	tures,	etc.
Wetdand Hydrology Present? Yes	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?			Is the	Sampled #	 Агеа				
No No No No No No No No	Hydric Soil Present?				•	V (N- (
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants. Dominant Species? Species? Tree Stratum (Plot size:) Absolute Rel-Strat. Indicator Status Indicator Status Dominant Species Status Number of Dominant Species That are OBL. FACW, or FAC:	Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes No		Within	a Wetianu					
Species Species Species Species Status Status Status Species Status Statu	Sampling point considered within a				t vegetatio	n type. Formerly labo	eled as SP	·1.		
Tree Stratum		Time names of plant		_Species? .	Indicator	T Dominance Test wo	-kshoot:			
1.	Tree Stratum (Plot size:)								
3.								2_	(A	1)
3. 0 0.0% Species Across All Strata: 2 (8) 4. 0 0.0% Percent of dominant Species. That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B) 1. 0 0.0% Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species 101 x 1 = 101 OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species 0 x 3 = 0 OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species 0 x 4 = 0 OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species 0 x 2 = 0 OBL species OBL species <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Total Number of Dom</td> <td>inant</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						Total Number of Dom	inant			
Percent of dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)	3							2_	(B	s)
That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)	4					Percent of dominar	ıt Species			
1.	Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:	:_)	0	= Total Cove	:r	I .		100.09	<u>%</u> (A	√B)
2.			0	0.0%		Prevalence Index w	orksheet:			
4.	2		0	0.0%		Total % Cove	r of:	Multiply by:		
Merb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft.)				0.0%		OBL species	101	x 1 = 10	01	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft.)						FACW species _	0	x 2 =(<u>) </u>	
Herb Stratum	5			0.0%		FAC species	0	x 3 =	<u>) </u>	
1. Carex utriculata 2. Eleocharis palustris 3. Glyceria striata 40	Harb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Ft.	١	0	= Total Cove	er	FACU speci es -				
2 Eleocharis palustris 40 ✓ 39.6% OBL Col umn Total s: 101 (A) 101 (B) 3 Glyceria striata 1 1.0% OBL Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.000 4. 0 0.0% Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 5. 0 0.0% Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ✓ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation ✓ 2 - Dominance Test is > 50% ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ 10. 0 0.0% ✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ 11. 101 = Total Cover Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)) 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. 2. 0 0.0% Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No O		′	60	✓ 59.4%	OBI	UPL species -	0	x 5 =	<u>) </u>	
3 Glyceria striata 1 1.0% OBL Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.000 4 0 0.0% Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation 5 0 0.0% 0.0% 1 Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation 7 0 0.0% 0 0.0% 2 Dominance Test is > 50% 8 0 0.0% 0 0.0% 0 A Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.000 4 Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation 2 Dominance Test is > 50% 3 Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.000 4 Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation 4 Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation 1 No No No 2 Providex Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants 1 Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation 4 Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 6 No No No No No No No	± '					Column Totals: _	101	(A) <u>1</u> (<u> </u>	(B)
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrologic Vegetation	_,					Prevalence Inde	ex = B/A :	= 1.000)	
5.	4			0.0%		Hydronhytic Vegeta	tion Indic	otore:		
6.	5			0.0%		1			1	
8.	0.									
9.	• •					l				
data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 10. 11. O	··					4 - Morphologica	al Adaptat	ons ¹ (Provide	support	tina
11						data in Rema	rks or on	separate she	et)	
Moody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) 101			_	0.0%		5 - Wetland Non	-Vascular	Plants ¹		
1. 0 0.0% be present, unless disturbed or problematic. 2. 0 0.0% Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No O	11.			= Total Cove	er .	Problematic Hyd	rophytic V	egetation ¹ (E	xplain)	
1.	Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				¹ Indicators of hydr	ic soil and	wetland hydr	ology mu	ust
				0.0%			JISTUIDEG (or problematic	<u> </u>	
$\underline{0} = \text{Total Cover} \qquad \text{Present?} \qquad \text{Yes} \text{No} \bigcirc$	2			0.0%		Vegetation				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum: 2			0	= Total Cove	er		s • No	. ()		
	% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	: 2								
	Remarks: Vegetation considered hydrophytic									

^{*}Indicator suffix = National status or professional decision assigned because Regional status not defined by FWS.

Soil Sampling Point: DP-1W Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.) **Redox Features** Matrix Depth Color (moist) Loc² **Texture** Remarks (inches) % Color (moist) % Type 0-12 10YR 2/1 95 С Loam 10YR 12+ 10YR 4/2 100 Clay Loam ¹Type: C=Concentration. D=Depletion. RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains ²Location: PL=Pore Lining. M=Matrix Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils3: 2 cm Muck (A10) Histosol (A1) Sandy Redox (S5) Histic Epipedon (A2) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (TF2) Black Histic (A3) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except in MLRA 1) Other (Explain in Remarks) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Muck Mineral (S1) wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Redox depressions (F8) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: No O **Hydric Soil Present?** Yes Depth (inches): Remarks: Hydric soil indicators present with redox features above a depleted matrix. **Hydrology** Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required) Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) 1, 2, 4A, and 4B) High Water Table (A2) ✓ Saturation (A3) Salt Crust (B11) ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) Water Marks (B1) Dry Season Water Table (C2) Sediment Deposits (B2) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Drift deposits (B3) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Geomorphic Position (D2) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Shallow Aquitard (D3) Iron Deposits (B5) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) FAC-neutral Test (D5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A) Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Frost Heave Hummocks (D7) Other (Explain in Remarks) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) **Field Observations:** No 💿 Yes O Surface Water Present? Depth (inches): No 💿 Yes \bigcirc Water Table Present? Depth (inches): Yes ● No ○ Wetland Hydrology Present? Saturation Present? Yes No O Depth (inches): (includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitor well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Remarks:

US Army Corps of Engineers

Hydrology indicators present with soils saturated to the ground surface.

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

1. Project Name: McGinnis Me	<u>eadows</u> 2. MDT Project #: NI	H 27(17) 3. Control #: 4143		
3. Evaluation Date: 7/27/2016	4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard,	, T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site	t(s): Creation	
6. Wetland Location(s): Tow	nship <u>26 N</u> , Range <u>28 W</u> , Section	on <u>33;</u> Township <u>N</u> , Range	E, Section	
Approximate Stationing or	r Roadposts:			
Watershed: 1 - Kootenai	County: Lincoln			
7. Evaluating Agency: RESP Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially af Mitigation wetlands; p Other CLASSIFICATION OF WE	fected by MDT project pre-construction post-construction	9. Assessment Area	(AA) Size (acre): (Example 1) (visually estimated) (AA) Size (acre): (AA) Size (acre): (AB) Size (acre): (Visually estimated) (Visually estimated)	
HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% OF AA
Depressional	Aquatic Bed	Excavated	Permanent / Perennial	60
Depressional	Emergent Wetland	Excavated	Seasonal / Intermittent	40
Comments:				

Comments.

12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists.

	Predominant Conditions Adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA									
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.							
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.		low disturbance								
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.										
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.										

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): AA contains several depression area that were excavated within uplands in 2009. Many of these depressions were ponded in 2016 with 0.2 to 1 foot of standing water. The edges were vegetated with emergent plants.

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Cirsium arvense
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: Surrounding land use is low density residential, moderate road density. Forest Service land and Plum Creek properties (commercial forest).
- 13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management peristence of additional		Modified Rating
3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	mod	←NO	YES→	
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises 90% of total cover)		NA	NA	NA

Comments: aquatic bed and emergent

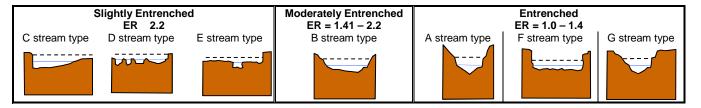
^{11.} ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common

Wetland/Site #(s): Creation

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDER	ALL	LISTE	D OR	PRO	POSE	D THE	REATE	NED	OR E	ENDAN	IGERE	D PL	ANTS.	OR A	IAMIN	_S				
Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list special list special habitat) Repeated the special habitat (list special habitat)	cies)																			
ii. Rating: Based on the stro			_			_										_ ,				
Highest Habitat Level	Doc	oc/Primary Sus/Primary Doc/Secondary Sus/Secondary Doc/Incidental											tal	Sus/	Incide	ntal	None	•		
Functional Point/Rating								•		-				.3L						
Sources for documented use (e.g. observations, records): Site is witin year-round range of grizzly and lynx. Adjacent landowner reported seeing a grizzly according to 2012 monitoring report.																				
14B. HABITAT FOR PLANTS OR ANIMALS RATED S1, S2, OR S3 BY THE MONTANA NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM Do not include species listed in 14A above.																				
 i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list special Incidental habitat (list special No usable habitat 	ist sp ecies)	ecies)		D [D [D [] S	reat bl	ue her	on (S	3), gc		in man agle (S									
ii. Rating: Based on the stro	onges	t habita	t chos	en in	14A(i)	above	e, selec	ct the	corre	spondi	ng fund	ctiona	al point	and ra	iting.					
Highest Habitat Level		/Prima			rimary		c/Sec				conda			nciden		Sus/I	ncide	ntal	None	
S1 Species Functional Point/Rating				-						-										
S2 and S3 Species Functional Point/Rating							.61													
Sources for documented us County.	se (e.ç	g. obsei	rvatior	is, red	cords):	great	blue h	eron	<u>obser</u>	ved on	site, g	<u>older</u>	n eagle	flyove	r in 20)13. N	MNHP:	SOC I	ist for L	<u>incoln</u>
14C. GENERAL WILDLIFE	HABI	TAT RA	TING																	
i. Evidence of Overall Wildl					ck sub	stantia	al, mod	derate	e, or lo	ow bas	ed on s	uppo	orting e	evidenc	e.					
 Substantial: Based on an □ observations of abunda □ abundant wildlife sign s □ presence of extremely □ interview with local biol 	ant wi such a limitin	ldlife #s as scat, ig habit	or hig tracks at feat	gh spe s, nes ures	ecies d t struc not ava	tures, ailable	game	trails,	etc.			few little spar	or no v to no v se adj	sed on a wildlife wildlife acent u with loca	obser sign ıpland	vatior food	ns durii source	ng pea	ak úse	
☐ <i>Moderate:</i> Based on any of observations of scatters common occurrence of adequate adjacent uplate interview with local biol	ed wil wildli and fo	dlife gro fe sign od soui	oups o such a ces	or indi	at, trac	ks, ne						k peri	iods							
ii. Wildlife Habitat Features For class cover to be conside percent composition of the AA S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/	red e	venly di #10).	stribut Abbre	ed, th	ne mos ns for	t and surfac	least p e wate	reval r dur	ent ve ations	egetate are as	d class follows	ses m s: P/F	nust be	within rmaner	20% nt/pere	of ea ennial	ch othe	ersity er in te	is from erms of	#13. their
Structural Diversity (see #13)		•			High								derate					□ L	.ow	
Class Cover Distribution (all vegetated classes)		□ E	ven			☐ Un	even			⊠E	ven			☐ Une	even			□ E	ven	
Duration of Surface	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α
Water in ≥ 10% of AA		- O,.			. /:	٥,.				- O/I				٥,.			- ''-	٥,.		
■ Low Disturbance at AA (see #12i)									Е											
☐ Moderate Disturbance at AA (see #12i)																				
☐ High Disturbance at AA (see #12i)																				
iii. Rating: Use the conclusi	ons fr	om i an	ıd ii ab	ove a	and the	e matri	x belov	w to s	select	the fur	ctional	poin	t and r	ating.						
Evidence of Wildlife Use										s Rati										
(i)		⊠ Exc	ceptio	nal			High			Mo	oderate	<u> </u>		☐ Lov	N					
Substantial Subst			1E																	
☐ Moderate									_							4				
☐ Minimal																1				

Comments: AA borders natural forested areas under management by the USFS and Plum Creek.

								Wetla	nd/Sit	e #(s):	Creation	on							
14D. GENERAL FISH HABIT If the AA is not used by entrapped in a canal], the	fish, fis	sh use		estora	able di	ue to h	nabitat			, ,		_	om a r	manage	ement	perspe	ective	[such	as fish
Assess this function if the precluded by perched of					e exist	ting si	tuatior	is "co	orrecta	ıble" su	ich tha	t the A	A cou	ıld be u	used by	y fish [i.e., fis	sh use	is
Type of Fishery: 🗌 C	old Wa	ter (C	W) [] Warı	m Wat	er (W	W) (Jse the	CW o	r WW	guideli	ines in	the m	anual t	o comp	olete th	e mat	rix.	
i. Habitat Quality and Know	n / Sus	pecte	d Fish	Spec	ies in	AA:	Use m	atrix t	o sele	ct the f	unctior	nal poi	nt and	rating					_
Duration of Surface Water in AA	□ P	erman	ent / P	erenn	ial		□s	easo	nal / lı	ntermit	tent		□ 1	empo	rary / I	Ephen	neral		
Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover	Opt] imal	Adeq] uate		oor] imal	Ade	quate	Po	oor		 timal	Aded	quate	Po	oor	
Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	S	
FWP Tier I fish species																			ĺ
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species																			
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish																			
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species																			
Sources used for identifying	j fish s	pp. p	otentia	lly fou	ınd in	AA:													•
ii. Modified Rating: NOTE:	Modifie	d sco	e cann	ot exc	eed 1.	.0 or b	e less	than	0.1.										
a) Is fish use of the AA signific MDEQ list of waterbodies in n support, or do aquatic nuisand	eed of	TMDL	develo	pmen	t with	listed	"Proba	able In	npaire	d Uses	" inclu	ding c	old or	warm ı	vater f	ishery	or aqu	uatic lif	fe
b) Does the AA contain a doc native fish or introduced game											nctuary	pool,	upwe	elling ar	ea; sp	ecify ii	n comi	nents)	for
iii. Final Score and Rating:	Com	ment	s:																
14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION Applies only to wetland: If wetlands in AA are no	s that a	re sub		floodir	ng via	in-cha					and pro	oceed	to 14F	₹.					
Entrenchment Ratio (ER) Es Flood-prone width = estimated																		e of the	e stream
<u>18</u> / <u>6</u> =	<u>3</u>							4	Q.							B	gr.		
flood prone width / bankfull wi	dth = e	ntrenc	hment	ratio		2 :	x Bank	full De	epth	He V	alva V	EXECUTE	<u>}</u>		N. Carlo	a F	•	rone W	√idth
										В	ankfull	Depth	%	and the					



i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment	⊠ SI	ightly Entrei	nched	☐ Mod	lerately Ent	renched	☐ Entrenched		
(Rosgen 1994, 1996)	C, D	, E stream t	ypes	В	stream typ	e	A, F, G stream types		
Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as			\boxtimes						
Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet			.6M						
AA contains unrestricted outlet									

ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA?

YES

NO Comments:

Excavated depressions hydrologically connected to periodic overbank flooding along McGinnis Creek.

Wetland/Site #(s): Creation

14F.	. SHORT AND LONG TERM SURFACE WATER STORAGE	☐ NA (proceed to 14G)
	Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channe	I flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow.
	If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, then ch	neck the NA box and proceed to 14G.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding		>5 acre fo	eet	□ 1.1	to 5 ac	re feet		≤1 acre t	foot
Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within the AA	⊠ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H								
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years									

Comments: Depressions located along the floodplain of McGinnis Creek, assumes 6.42 acres flooded to a minimum of one foot.

Applies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA	AA receive has potent nutrients, such that of substantia sedimenta toxicants, present.	ial to delive or compou other funct lly impaire tion, sourc	er sedime nds at lev ions are n d. Minor es of nutr	nts, els ot ients or	Waterbody is need of TMDL causes" related toxicants or A has potential nutrients, or c functions are sedimentation or signs of europed to the control of the	developmer ed to sedime AA receives of to deliver hig compounds s substantially n, sources of	nt for "probak nt, nutrients, or surrounding the levels of so such that other impaired. Monutrients or	ole or g land use ediments, er ajor
% Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA	⊠≥∵	⊠ ≥ 70%		70%	□≥7	70%	\ 	70%
Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA		⊠ Yes □ No		□No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
AA contains no or restricted outlet	1H	1H						
AA contains unrestricted outlet								

_			
Com	man	+0.	
JUIII	HIEL	ILO.	

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION NA (proceed to 14I)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

% Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability	Duration of S	urface Water Adjacent to Roo	ted Vegetation
Ratings of 6 (see Appendix F).	□ Permanent / Perennial	☐ Seasonal / Intermittent	☐ Temporary / Ephemeral
⊠ ≥ 65%	1H		
□ 35-64%			
☐ < 35%			

Comments: Assumes perennial open water areas subject to wave action. Banks dominated by sedges, reed canarygrass, and meadow foxtail.

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

General Fish Habitat Rating	Genera	I Wildlife Habitat Rati	ng (14Ciii)
(14Diii)	⊠ E/H	■ M	□L
☐ E/H			
_ L			
⊠ NA	Н		

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Α		Vegeta	ted Co	mponent	>5 ac	res		☐ Vegetated Component 1-5 acres				☐ Vegetated Component <1 a					re	
В	⊠⊦	ligh	Ш	oderate		Low	_	ligh		derate		Low	_	ligh	☐ Mo	derate		.ow
С	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
P/P		.7M																
S/I																		
T/E/A																		

			Wetlar	nd/Site #	(s): Creation				
14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD O	HAIN	SUPPORT (con	tinued)						
iii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified sc	ore car	nnot exceed 1.0	or be less that	n 0.1.					
Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area wit mowing or clearing (unless for weed <i>Is there an average</i> 50-foot wide v	contro	ol).					-		
iv. Final Score and Rating: .8H Com	ments	: AA has closed	depressions v	with no o	utlet, appear to	o be perennial	ly saturat	ed.	
14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / Check the appropriate indicators i	RECH	ARGE				,			
i. Discharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland. Springs or seeps are known Vegetation growing during of Wetland occurs at the toe of Seeps are present at the word AA permanently flooded du Wetland contains an outlet, Shallow water table and the	dorman f a natu etland e ring dro but no e site is	nt season/drough ural slope. edge. ought periods. i inlet. saturated to the	e surface.	□ Pe	etland contain ream is a know ther:	trate present v is inlet but no o wn 'losing' stre	outlet.		
iii. Rating: Use the information from i a	ınd ii at	bove and the tab	ole below to se	lect the f	unctional poin	t and rating.			=
Criteria			Saturation at A ATER THAT I S □	S RECH				STEM	
☐ Groundwater Discharge or Recha	arge	 1H							İ
☐ Insufficient Data/Information									
14K. UNIQUENESS i. Rating: Working from top to bottom,									
Replacement Potential	sprin fores asso	ontains fen, bo igs or mature (x sted wetland OF ciation listed as ITNHP	>80 yr-old) ≷ plant	cited radiversi contain	es not contain are types ANI ity (#13) is hig ns plant asso as "S2" by the	Structural gh OR ciation	previou associ	es not contai usly cited rar ations AND s ty (#13) is lo	e types OR tructural
Estimated Relative Abundance (#11)	□ Rar	re 🗆 Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare	□ Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare		□ Abundant
Low Disturbance at AA (#12i)								.4M	
■ Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i) ■ High Disturbance at AA (#12i)									
Comments:									
14L. RECREATION / EDUCATION PO' Affords 'bonus' points if AA provide i. Is the AA a known or potential recre ii. Check categories that apply to the	es a receationa AA: [2	creational or edu al or educationa ☑ Educational/S	al site? ⊠ YE	tunity. ES , go to	ii. 🔲 NO , cl	neck the NA b	ox.	sumptive recr	eational
		Other:							
iii. Rating: Use the matrix below to sele		functional point a		al Ares		I I	Vn	Detaut'-	-
				-	ים יים יים יים יים יים יים יים יים יים		Known	Potentia	-
Public ownership or public easemer Private ownership with general publ					ni requirea)		.2H		\dashv
Private or public ownership without	genera	al public acces	s, or requiring	g permis	sion for publ	ic access			

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

Comments: Public access, no permission required.

Wetland/Site #(s): Creation

Function & Value Variables	Rating – Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage	Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk
A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat	low 0.30	1.00	2.58	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	mod 0.60	1.00	5.16	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	exc 1.00	1.00	8.6	*
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	NA	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	mod 0.60	1.00	5.16	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	high 1.00	1.00	8.6	*
G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal	high 1.00	1.00	8.6	*
H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization	high 1.00	1.00	8.6	
I. Production Export / Food Chain Support	high 0.80	1.00	6.88	
J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge	high 1.00	1.00	8.6	*
K. Uniqueness	mod 0.40	1.00	3.44	
L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point)	high 0.20		1.72	
Total Points	7.9	10	67.94 Total	Functional Units
Percent of Possible	le Score 79% (round	to nearest whol	e number)	

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or ☐ Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) ☐ Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or ☐ Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or ☐ Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or ☐ "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or ☐ Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or ☐ Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).
VERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above.

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

1.	Project Name: McGinnis M	eadows 2. MDI Project #: Ni	H 27(17) 3. Control #: 4143								
3.	Evaluation Date: 7/27/2016	4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard,	T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site #	(s): Enhancement							
6.	Wetland Location(s): Tow	nship <u>26 N</u> , Range <u>28 W</u> , Section	on <u>33;</u> Township <u>N</u> , Range	E, Section							
	Approximate Stationing or	r Roadposts:									
	Watershed: 1 - Kootenai	County: Lincoln									
7.	Evaluating Agency: RESPEC for MDT Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially affected by MDT project Mitigation wetlands; pre-construction Mitigation wetlands; post-construction Other (visually estimated) 9. Assessment Area (AA) Size (acre): (visually estimated) (see manual for determining AA)										
10	. CLASSIFICATION OF WE	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT	TATS IN AA (See manual for d	efinitions.)							
	HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% OF AA						
	Depressional	Emergent Wetland		Temporary / Ephemeral	100						
ı											
<u> </u>	omments:										

11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common

12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists.

	Predominar	nt Conditions Adjacent to (within	500 feet of) AA
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.		low disturbance	
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.			
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.			

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): Area includes existing emergent wetland along intermittent drainage.

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Cirsium arvense
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: Area includes existing emergent wetland. Surrounding land use is residential moderate road density. USFS and Plum Creek properties (commercial forest).

13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management peristence of additional v		Modified Rating
3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	mod	←NO	YES→	
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises 90% of total cover)		NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent wetland

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDERALLY LISTED OR PROPOSED THREATENED OR ENDANGERED PLANTS OR ANIMALS																				
i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list spe Incidental habitat (list spec No usable habitat	ist species) cies)	ecies)		D [D [D [] S _] S _] S g] S	rizzly,	Canad	la lyn	<u>x</u>											
ii. Rating: Based on the stro																				
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/	Prima	ry S	us/P	rimary	/ Do	c/Sec	onda	ry S	us/Se	conda	ry	Doc/Ir	nciden	tal	Sus/	Incide	ntal	None	€
Functional Point/Rating										-				.3L						
Sources for documented us grizzly in 2012.	se (e.g	. obse	rvatior	is, red	cords):	site is	within	yeaı	r round	d range	of griz	zzly a	nd lyn:	x. Adja	cent la	andov	wner re	<u>eporte</u>	<u>d seein</u>	ig a
14B. HABITAT FOR PLANT Do not include species					S1, S	52, OR	S3 B	Y TH	E MO	NTANA	NAT	JRAL	. HERI	ITAGE	PRO	GRAI	И			
Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list spe																				
ii. Rating: Based on the stro	ongest	habita	t chos	en in	14A(i)	above	, selec	ct the	corre	spondi	ng fund	ctiona	al point	and ra	ating.					_
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/	Prima	ry S	us/P	rimary	/ Do	c/Sec	onda	ry S	us/Se	conda	ry	Doc/Ir	nciden	tal	Sus/l	ncide	ntal	None	
S1 Species Functional Point/Rating				_						-										
S2 and S3 Species							.6N	1												
Functional Point/Rating	,													-			*****	000		<u>.</u>
Sources for documented us County.	se (e.g	. obse	rvatior	is, red	cords):	great	blue h	eron	obser	ved on	site, g	older	eagle	tlyove	er in 20)13. N	MNHP	SOCI	ist for L	_incolr
Oddity.																				
14C. GENERAL WILDLIFE HABITAT RATING																				
i. Evidence of Overall Wildlife Use in the AA: Check substantial, moderate, or low based on supporting evidence.																				
 Substantial: Based on an □ observations of abunda □ abundant wildlife sign s □ presence of extremely □ interview with local biol 	ant wild such a limiting	dlife #s s scat, g habit	or hig tracks at feat	gh spe s, nes ures	ecies d t struc not ava	tures, ailable	game '	trails.	etc.			few little spar	or no v to no v se adja	wildlife wildlife acent ι	observ sign upland	vatior food	source	ng pea es	eck]. ak use dge of <i>i</i>	
 Moderate: Based on any □ observations of scatter □ common occurrence of □ adequate adjacent upla □ interview with local biol 	ed wild wildlif and foo	dlife gro e sign od sou	oups o such a rces	or indi as sca	at, trac	ks, ne						k peri	ods							
ii. Wildlife Habitat Features																				
For class cover to be conside percent composition of the AA																		er in te	erms of	their
S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/																	,			
Structural Diversity (see #13)					High								derate					ı	_ow	
Class Cover Distribution		□ E	ven			☐ Un	even			⊠E	ven			☐ Un	even			E	ven	
(all vegetated classes)			1	1				1		T -	· · · · ·								1	1
Duration of Surface Water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α
■ Low Disturbance at AA		1									Н									
(see #12i) ☐ Moderate Disturbance										1										
at AA (see #12i)																				
☐ High Disturbance at																				
AĀ (see #12i)									<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	[
iii. Rating: Use the conclusi	ons fro	om i ar	nd ii ab	ove a								poin	t and r	ating.		_				
Evidence of Wildlife Use					W			at Fe	eature	s Ratii		_		п.						
(i) Exceptional			_		High 9H				derate	9	1	☐ Lo	W	-						
☐ Moderate					+					-						1				
☐ Minimal																1				

Comments: AA borders natural forested areas under management by both the USFS and Plum Creek Timber company.

14D	GENERAL	FISH	HARITAT	M N	JΔ	(proceed to	14F
140.	GENERAL	. гіоп	DADITAL		NA.	ibioceea io	140

If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check the NA box and proceed to 14E.

Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier].

Type of Fishery: 🖂 Cold Water (CW) 🔲 Warm Water (WW) Use the CW or WW guidelines in the manual to complete the matrix.

i. Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA: Use matrix to select the functional point and rating.

Duration of Surface Water in AA	□ P	erman	ent / P	erenn	ial		□s	easoı	nal / Ir	ntermit	tent		П П	empo	rary / I	Ephem	eral	
Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover	Opti] imal	Adeq] uate	Po	oor	Opti] imal	Ade	_ quate	Po	or	Op:	_ timal	Aded	uate	Po	oor
Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	s	0	S	0	s	0	S	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species																		
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species																		
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish																		
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species																		

Sources used for identifying fish spp. potentially found in AA:

- ii. Modified Rating: NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1.0 or be less than 0.1.
- a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity, **or** is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, **or** do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see **Appendix E**) occur in fish habitat?

 YES, reduce score in **i** by 0.1 = ___ or NO
- b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area; specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?

 YES, add to score in i or iia 0.1 = ___ or

 NO
- iii. Final Score and Rating: _ Comments: Not connected to any fish habitat
- **14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION** NA (proceed to 14F)

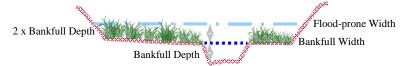
Applies only to wetlands that are subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow.

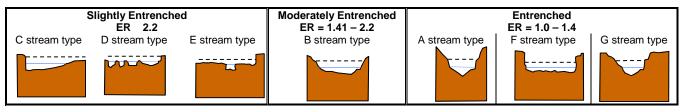
If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, check the NA box and proceed to 14F.

Entrenchment Ratio (ER) Estimation (see manual for additional guidance). Entrenchment ratio = (flood-prone width) / (bankfull width). Flood-prone width = estimated horizontal projection of where 2 X maximum bankfull depth elevation intersects the floodplain on each side of the stream.

18 / 6 = 3

flood prone width / bankfull width = entrenchment ratio





i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment	⊠ SI	ightly Entrei	nched	∐ Mod	erately Enti	renched	☐ Entrenched			
(Rosgen 1994, 1996)	C, D	C, D, E stream types			stream typ	е	A, F,	pes		
Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as			\boxtimes							
Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet			.6M							
AA contains unrestricted outlet										

ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA?

YES
NO Comments: AA subject to periodic flooding from McGinnis Creek

14F. SHORT	AND LC	NG TERM	SURFACE	WATER STORAGE
------------	--------	---------	---------	---------------

☐ **NA** (proceed to 14G)

Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, then check the NA box and proceed to 14G.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding		>5 acre fo	eet	□ 1.1	to 5 ac	re feet	⊠ ≤1 acre foot		
Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within the AA	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	⊠ T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years									
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years									.1L

Comments: AA is too small to provide much flood storage

Applies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA	AA receive has potent nutrients, such that of substantial sedimental toxicants, present.	ial to delivor compou other funct ally impaire tion, source	er sedime inds at lev ions are r d. Minor es of nutr	ents, rels not rients or	Waterbody is need of TMDL causes" relat toxicants or A has potential nutrients, or c functions are sedimentation or signs of eu	developmer ed to sedime AA receives of to deliver hig compounds s substantially n, sources of	nt for "probal nt, nutrients, or surroundin gh levels of so such that other y impaired. M nutrients or	ole or g land use ediments, er ajor
% Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA	⊠≥.	70%	_ <	70%	□≥7	70%	□ <	70%
Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA	☐ Yes	⊠ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
AA contains no or restricted outlet		.8H						
AA contains unrestricted outlet								

Comments: Well vegetated with sedges, no outlet

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION

NA (proceed to 14I)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

% Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability	Duration of Surface Water Adjacent to Rooted Vegetation							
Ratings of 6 (see Appendix F).	☐ Permanent / Perennial	☐ Seasonal / Intermittent	☐ Temporary / Ephemeral					
□ ≥ 65%								
□ 35-64%								
☐ < 35%								

Comments: No wave action due to small size of AA

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

General Fish Habitat Rating	Genera	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14Ciii)						
(14Diii)	⊠ E/H	■ M	L					
☐ E/H								
⊠ M	Н							
L								
□ NA								

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Α		Vegeta	ted Co	mponent	>5 ac	res								☐ Vegetated Component <1 acre						
В		ligh	M	oderate		Low	⊠ŀ	ligh	☐ Moderate		☐ Low		☐ High				☐ Low			
С	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No		
P/P																				
S/I																				
T/E/A								.4M												

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

			Wetlar	nd/Site #(s): <u>Enhancem</u>	<u>ient</u>			
14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD	CHAIN S	SUPPORT (con	tinued)		,				
iii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified so	core cann	not exceed 1.0	or be less than	ո 0.1.					
Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area wi	th 30%	6 plant cover.	15% noxious	weed or	ANVS cover.	AND that is no	t subject	ed to periodic	mechanical
mowing or clearing (unless for weed Is there an average 50-foot wide w	d control)				•		•	·	
iv. Final Score and Rating: <u>.5M</u> Con	nments:								
14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / Check the appropriate indicators i. Discharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland. Springs or seeps are know Vegetation growing during Wetland occurs at the toe of Seeps are present at the w AA permanently flooded du Wetland contains an outlet, Shallow water table and the Other: iii. Rating: Use the information from its Criteria Groundwater Discharge or Rech	RECHAI in i and ii n or obse dormant of a natur etland ec uring drou but no i e site is s	erved. season/drought ral slope. dge. ught periods. nlet. saturated to the ove and the tal	e surface.	Pe William Ot	etland contain ream is a know her: unctional poin nds FROM G ARGING THE T	trate present vs inlet but no own 'losing' stre	outlet. eam. Disc	charge volume HARGE or STEM	
☐ Insufficient Data/Information				•]
Comments: AA has ephemeral drainag 14K. UNIQUENESS i. Rating: Working from top to bottom,			soloct the fun	ctional n	oint and rating				
Replacement Potential	AA co spring forest	ntains fen, bo gs or mature (: ed wetland Of iation listed a	g, warm >80 yr-old) ⋜ plant	AA doe cited ra diversi contair	es not contain are types ANI ty (#13) is high as plant assons "S2" by the	n previously O structural gh OR ciation	previou associ	es not containusly cited rar ations AND s ty (#13) is lov	e types OR tructural
Estimated Relative Abundance (#11)	□ Rare	Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare	☐ Common	☐ Abundant	□ Rare	□ Common	□ Abundant
Low Disturbance at AA (#12i)								.4M	
Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i)									
High Disturbance at AA (#12i) Comments:									
14L. RECREATION / EDUCATION PO Affords 'bonus' points if AA provide i. Is the AA a known or potential recr ii. Check categories that apply to the	es a recreeational	eational or education Educational/S	al site? ⊠ YE	tunity. ES , go to	ii. П NO , cl	neck the NA be	ox.	sumptive recr	eational
iii. Rating: Use the matrix below to sele		Other: unctional point	and rating.						_
Known or I	Potentia	I Recreational	or Education	al Area			Known	Potential	
Public ownership or public easemen					n required)		.2H		_
Private ownership with general pub									_
Private or public ownership without	_	•	s, or requiring	g permis	sion for publi	c access			
Comments: Public access, no permissi	on requir	red.							

Function & Value Variables	Rating – Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage	Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk
A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat	low 0.30	1.00	0.27	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	mod 0.60	1.00	0.54	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	high 0.90	1.00	8.6	*
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	NA	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	mod 0.60	1.00	0.54	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	low 0.10	1.00	0.09	*
G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal	high 0.80	1.00	0.72	*
H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization	NA		0	
I. Production Export / Food Chain Support	mod 0.50	1.00	0.45	
J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge	low 0.10	1.00	0.09	*
K. Uniqueness	mod 0.40	1.00	0.36	
L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point)	high 0.20		0.18	
Total Points	4.5	9	4.05 Total	Functional Units
Percent of Possible	le Score 54% (round	to nearest whol	e number)	

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or ☐ Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
☐ Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).
OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above.

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

i. I roject Name. Mcomms W	<u>caaows</u> 2. mb i i ojcot w. <u>iti</u>	127(17) 3. Control #. 4143		
3. Evaluation Date: 7/27/2016	6 4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard,	T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site #	(s): Preservation	
6. Wetland Location(s): Tow	nship <u>26 N</u> , Range <u>28 W</u> , Section	on <u>33;</u> Township <u>N</u> , Range	E, Section	
Approximate Stationing of	r Roadposts:			
Watershed: 1 - Kootenai	County: _ Lincoln			
Evaluation Date: 7/27/2016 4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard, T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site #(s): Preservation Wetland Location(s): Township 26 N. Range 28 W. Section 33; Township N. Range E. Section Approximate Stationing or Roadposts: Watershed: 1 - Kootenai County: _ Lincoln Evaluating Agency: RESPEC for MDT				
_	Jost-construction			
☐ Other		(see manual for det	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure	
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT	(see manual for dei	termining AA) 0.3 (measure efinitions.)	ed, e.g. GPS)
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson)	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin)	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime	ed, e.g. GPS) % OF AA
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson) Riverine	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT Class (Cowardin) Scrub-Shrub Wetland	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin) Impounded	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime Permanent / Perennial	% OF AA 50
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson) Riverine	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT Class (Cowardin) Scrub-Shrub Wetland	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin) Impounded	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime Permanent / Perennial	% OF AA 50
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson) Riverine	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT Class (Cowardin) Scrub-Shrub Wetland	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin) Impounded	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime Permanent / Perennial	% OF AA 50
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson) Riverine	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT Class (Cowardin) Scrub-Shrub Wetland	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin) Impounded	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime Permanent / Perennial	% OF AA 50
Other 10. CLASSIFICATION OF WE HGM Class (Brinson) Riverine Riverine	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABIT Class (Cowardin) Scrub-Shrub Wetland	(see manual for det FATS IN AA (See manual for de Modifier (Cowardin) Impounded	termining AA) <u>0.3</u> (measure efinitions.) Water Regime Permanent / Perennial	% OF AA 50

11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common

12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists.

	Predominar	nt Conditions Adjacent to (within	500 feet of) AA
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.		low disturbance	
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.			
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.			

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): No disturbance within AA

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Cirsium arvense
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: Area includes former channel of McGinnis Creek that was abandoned when McGinnis Creek was restored. Former channel runs north-south through the property. Surrounding habitat includes undisturbed upland and other assessment areas.
- 13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management peristence of additional		Modified Rating
3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	mod	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture		←NO	YES→	
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises 90% of total cover)		NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent and scrub-shrub

Wetland/Site #(s): Preservation

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDER	ALLY	LISTE	D OR	PRO	POSE	D THI	REATE	NED	OR E	NDAN	GERE	D PL	ANTS.	OR A	NIMAI	LS				
 i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list specific incidental habitat (list specific incidental habitat) 	ist sp ecies)	ecies)	(S) to	D [ain: C S _ S _ S gi S					nitions	in man	ual.								
ii. Rating: Based on the stro	ngest	habitat								spondin	g funct	iona	l point	and ra	ting.					
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/	Primar	y S	Sus/P	rimary	Do	c/Sec	onda	ry S	Sus/Se	conda	у	Doc/Ir	nciden	tal	Sus/	Incide	ntal	None)
Functional Point/Rating				-						-				.3L						
Sources for documented us							VS dat	abas	e, site	within	year-ro	ound	range	of griz	zly an	d lynx	k. Adja	cent la	ındown	er
reported seeing a grizzly acco	ording	to 2012	2 mon	itorin	g repor	<u>t.</u>														
14B. HABITAT FOR PLANT Do not include species					S1, S	62, OF	8 S3 B	Y TH	E MOI	NTANA	NATU	JRAL	HER	ITAGE	PRO	GRAI	М			
 i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list specific incidental habitat (list specific incidental habitat) 	ist sp ecies)	ecies)		D [D [D [ain: Ch □ S □ S gı ⊠ S pi □ S	eat bl	ue her	on, g	olden		n manı	ual.								
. Rating: Based on the strongest habitat chosen in 14A(i) above, select the corresponding functional point and rating. Highest Habitat Level Doc/Primary Sus/Primary Doc/Secondary Sus/Secondary Doc/Incidental Sus/Incidental None																				
Highest Habitat Level Doc/Primary Sus/Primary Doc/Secondary Sus/Secondary Doc/Incidental Sus/Incidental None S1 Species																				
Functional Point/Rating																				
S2 and S3 Species Functional Point/Rating																				
Functional Point/Rating Sources for documented use (e.g. observations, records): great blue heron observed on site, golden eagle flyover in 2013. MNHP SOC list for Lincoln County.																				
14C. GENERAL WILDLIFE	HARIT	TAT RA	TING																	
i. Evidence of Overall Wildl					ok ouh	ctanti	al mac	lorate	or lo	w bacc	nd on c	unno	ortina o	vidono	20					
 ☑ Substantial: Based on an ☑ observations of abunda ☑ abundant wildlife sign s ☐ presence of extremely ☐ interview with local biol 	ant will such a limitin logist	dlife #s is scat, g habita with kna	or hig tracks at feat owled	gh spe s, nes cures ge of	ecies d t struct not ava	tures, ailable	game '	trails,	etc.	,		few little spar	or no v to no v se adj	vildlife wildlife acent u	obser sign upland	vatioi I food	source	ng pea	eck]. ak use dge of <i>F</i>	
 Moderate: Based on any observations of scatter common occurrence of adequate adjacent upla interview with local biol 	ed wild wildlif and foo	dlife gro fe sign od sour	oups o such a ces	or indi as sca	at, trac	ks, ne						c peri	ods							
ii. Wildlife Habitat Features																				
For class cover to be conside percent composition of the AA																		er in te	erms of	their
S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/																	,			
Structural Diversity (see #13)			<u>, </u>		High								derate					_ l	.ow	
Class Cover Distribution (all vegetated classes)		□ E	ven			☐ Un	even			⊠E	ven			□ Un	even			□ E	ven	
Duration of Surface	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α
Water in ≥ 10% of AA																				
(see #12i)									E											
☐ Moderate Disturbance																				
at AA (see #12i) High Disturbance at																				
AA (see #12i)				L												L				
-	_																			
iii. Rating: Use the conclusi	ons fro	om ı an	d II at	ove a								poin	t and r	atıng.		7				
Evidence of Wildlife Use (i)	Evidence of Wildlife Use Wildlife Habitat Features Rating (ii)																			
⊠ Substantial			1E			<u></u>									-	1				
□ Moderate																1				

Comments: Area borders natural forested areas under management by USFS and Plum Creek.

Minimal

								Wetla	nd/Sit	e #(s):	Preser	vation	ı						
14D. GENERAL FISH HABIT If the AA is not used by entrapped in a canal], the	fish, fis	sh use		restora	able du	ue to h		const	raints	, or is n	ot des	ired fro	om a r	manage	ement	perspe	ective	[such	as fish
Assess this function if the precluded by perched contact the contact that the precluded by perched contact the precluded by perched contact the precluded by perched contact the precluded by the					e exist	ing sit	tuation	is "co	orrecta	ıble" su	ich tha	t the A	A cou	ıld be u	ised by	/ fish [i.e., fis	sh use	is
Type of Fishery: C	old Wa	ter (C	W) [] War	m Wat	er (W '	W) (Jse the	CW o	or WW	guideli	ines in	the m	anual t	o comp	olete th	e matı	rix.	
i. Habitat Quality and Know	n / Sus	pecte	d Fish	Spec	ies in	AA:	Use m	atrix t	o sele	ct the f	unction	nal poi	nt and	l rating					_
Duration of Surface Water in AA	□ P	erman	ent / P	erenr	ial		□s	easo	nal / lı	ntermit	tent		□ 1	empo	rary / I	Ephen	neral		
Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover	Opt	Optimal Adequate Poor Optimal Adequate Poor Optimal Adequate Poor												oor					
Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal																			
FWP Tier I fish species																			
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species																			
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish																			
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species																			
Sources used for identifying	fish s	pp. pe	otentia	llv fou	ınd in	AA:	!		1	1	1	<u> </u>							4
ii. Modified Rating: NOTE: !				-			e less	than	0.1.										
a) Is fish use of the AA signific MDEQ list of waterbodies in no support, or do aquatic nuisand	eed of	TMDL	develo	pmen	t with	listed	"Proba	able In	npaire	d Uses	" includ	ding co	old or	warm ı	vater f	ishery	or aqu	uatic lii	fe
b) Does the AA contain a docu native fish or introduced game											nctuary	pool,	upwe	lling ar	ea; sp	ecify ii	n comi	ments)	for
iii. Final Score and Rating:	Com	ment	s:	_															
14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION Applies only to wetlands If wetlands in AA are no	that a	re sub	NA (p pject to n in-ch	floodii	na via	in-cha	innel c	or over check	bank the N	flow. A box a	and pro	oceed	to 14F	₹.					
Entrenchment Ratio (ER) Es Flood-prone width = estimated																		e of the	e stream.
<u>18</u> / <u>6</u> =	<u>3</u>							4	Δ.								92°		
flood prone width / bankfull wid	dth = e	ntrenc	hment	ratio		2 2	k Bank	full De	pth		A STATE OF	EXAM	: XX		N. A. Walle	a F	lood-p	rone W 'idth	√idth
										В	ankfull	Depth	Z.	ood					
Slightly Entr	enche	d			Mod	erate	ly Ent	rench	ed				Ent	renche	ed				

Slightly Entrenched ER 2.2		Moderately Entrenched ER = 1.41 - 2.2		Entrenched ER = 1.0 - 1.4	
C stream type D stream type E	stream type	B stream type	A stream type	F stream type	G stream type

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment	⊠ SI	ightly Entrei	nched	☐ Mod	lerately Enti	enched	☐ Entrenched			
(Rosgen 1994, 1996)	C, D, E stream types			E	stream typ	е	A, F, G stream types			
Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as		\boxtimes								
Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet		.9H								
AA contains unrestricted outlet										

ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA?

YES

NO Comments:
AA subject to periodic flooding from McGinnis Creek

Wetland/Site #(s): Preservation

☐ **NA** (proceed to 14G)

Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, then check the NA box and proceed to 14G.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding		>5 acre fo	eet	⊠ 1.1	to 5 ac	re feet	☐ ≤1 acre foot		
Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within the AA	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	⊠ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years				.8H					
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years									

Comments: AA includes former channel of McGinnis Creek with potential to store several feet of surface water.

Applies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA	AA receives or surrounding land use has potential to deliver sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.				Waterbody is need of TMDI causes" relat toxicants or A has potential nutrients, or c functions are sedimentation or signs of eu	developmer ed to sedime AA receives of to deliver hig compounds s substantially n, sources of	nt for "probal nt, nutrients, or surroundin gh levels of so such that other y impaired. M nutrients or	ole or g land use ediments, er ajor
% Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA	⊠≥°	70%	□ <	70%	□≥7	70%	□ < 70%	
Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA	⊠ Yes	⊠ Yes □ No		☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
AA contains no or restricted outlet	1H							
AA contains unrestricted outlet								

Comments: Well vegetated with restricted outlet (ditch plugs)

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION NA (proceed to 14I)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

% Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability	Duration of S	Duration of Surface Water Adjacent to Rooted Vegetation						
Ratings of 6 (see Appendix F).	□ Permanent / Perennial	☐ Seasonal / Intermittent	☐ Temporary / Ephemeral					
⊠ ≥ 65%	1H							
□ 35-64%								
☐ < 35%								

Comments: Shoreline dominated by reed canarygrass, meadow foxtail, and sedges.

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

General Fish Habitat Rating	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14Ciii)					
(14Diii)	⊠ E/H		□ L			
☐ E/H						
M						
L						
⊠ NA	Н					

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Α		☐ Vegetated Component >5 acres					☐ Vegetated Component 1-5 acres				☑ Vegetated Component <1 acre							
В		ligh	M	oderate		Low	- ⊦	ligh		derate		Low	⊠⊦	ligh	☐ Mo	derate		.ow
С	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
P/P														.6M				
S/I																		
T/E/A																		

	Wetland/Site #(s): Preservation								
14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD O	CHAIN SI	UPPORT (con	tinued)						
iii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified score cannot exceed 1.0 or be less than 0.1.									
Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area with 30% plant cover, 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, AND that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control). Is there an average 50-foot wide vegetated upland buffer around 75% of the AA's perimeter? YES, add 0.1 to score in ii = 0.70 □ NO									
•	•	•			•		10.1 10 50	501e III II = <u>0.7</u>	<u>u</u> 🗆 NO
iv. Final Score and Rating: <u>.7M</u> Con	iments:	AA IS SMall, N	o surface oulle	et, well ve	getated bullet	<u>[.</u>			
14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / Check the appropriate indicators i	_	-							
i. Discharge Indicators ☐ The AA is a slope wetland. ☐ Springs or seeps are known or observed. ☐ Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought. ☐ Seeps are present at the toe of a natural slope. ☐ Seeps are present at the wetland edge. ☐ AA permanently flooded during drought periods. ☐ Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet. ☐ Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface. ☐ Other:									
iii. Rating: Use the information from i a	and ii abo	ve and the tak	ole below to se	elect the f	unctional poin	t and rating.			
3			Saturation at				ER DISC	HARGE or	1
0 %			ATER THAT I			GROUNDWA			
Criteria ☐ Groundwater Discharge or Recharge	orgo	<u>⊠ P/P</u> 1H	S		T	<u> </u>	No	ne	
☐ Insufficient Data/Information	arge								
Comments: Shallow water table contrib	utes surf	ace water to fo	ormer channel	of McGir	nis Creek.				4
14K. UNIQUENESS	use the r	natriy helow to	select the fur	octional n	oint and rating				
i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. AA contains fen, bog, warm springs or mature (>80 yr-old) forested wetland OR plant association listed as "S1" by the MTNHP AA does not contain previously cited rare types AND structural diversity (#13) is high OR contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP AA does not contain previously cited rare types OR associations AND structural diversity (#13) is low-moderate									
Estimated Relative Abundance (#11)	□ Rare	☐ Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare	□ Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare		□ Abundant
Low Disturbance at AA (#12i)								.4M	
Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i)									
14L. RECREATION / EDUCATION PO Affords 'bonus' points if AA provide i. Is the AA a known or potential recre	AL. RECREATION / EDUCATION POTENTIAL NA (proceed to Overall Summary and Rating page) Affords 'bonus' points if AA provides a recreational or educational opportunity. Is the AA a known or potential recreational or educational site? YES, go to ii. NO, check the NA box.								
	• • •	- 1 1/0			5				

4L. RECREATION / EDUCATION POTENTIAL NA (proceed to Overall Summary and Rating page)								
Affords 'bonus' points if AA provides a recreational or educational opportunity.								
i. Is the AA a known or potential recreational or educational site? 🖂 YES, go to ii. 🔲 NO, check the NA box.								
ii. Check categories that apply to the AA: 🛛 Educational	/Scientific Study 🛛 Consumpti	ive Recreational Non-cons	sumptive recreational					
Other:	_							

iii. Rating: Use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Known or Potential Recreational or Educational Area	Known	Potential
Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)	.2H	
Private ownership with general public access (no permission required)		
Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access		

Comments: Public access, no permission required. Signs of hunting observed during 2015 site visit.

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

Wetland/Site #(s): Preservation

Function & Value Variables	Rating – Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage	Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk				
A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat	low 0.30	1.00	0.09					
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	mod 0.60	1.00	0.18					
C. General Wildlife Habitat	exc 1.00	1.00	0.3	*				
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	NA	0					
E. Flood Attenuation	high 0.90	1.00	0.27					
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	high 0.80	1.00	0.24					
G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal	high 1.00	1.00	0.3	*				
H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization	high 1.00	1.00	0.3	*				
I. Production Export / Food Chain Support	mod 0.70	1.00	0.21					
J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge	high 1.00	1.00	0.3	*				
K. Uniqueness	mod 0.40	1.00	0.12					
L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point)	high 0.20		0.06					
Total Points	Total Points 7.9 10 2.37 Total Functional Units							
Percent of Possible	Percent of Possible Score 79% (round to nearest whole number)							

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or ☐ Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
☐ Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) □ "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and □ Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and □ Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).
OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above.

MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised March 2008)

1.	. Project Name: McGinnis Meadows 2. MDT Project #: NH 27(17) 3. Control #: 4143										
3.	Evaluation Date: 7/27/2016 4. Evaluator(s): G. Howard, T. Traxler 5. Wetland/Site #(s): Restoration										
6.	. Wetland Location(s): Township 26 N, Range 28 W, Section 33; Township N, Range E, Section										
	Approximate Stationing or Roadposts:										
	Watershed: 1 - Kootenai	County: _ Lincoln									
7.	Evaluating Agency: RESPEC for MDT Purpose of Evaluation: Wetland potentially affected by MDT project Mitigation wetlands; pre-construction Mitigation wetlands; post-construction Other 8. Wetland Size (acre): (visually estimated) 16.6 (measured, e.g. GPS) 9. Assessment Area (AA) Size (acre): (visually estimated) (see manual for determining AA) 16.6 (measured, e.g. GPS)										
10.	. CLASSIFICATION OF WE	TLAND AND AQUATIC HABI	TATS IN AA (See manual for d	efinitions.)							
	HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% OF AA						
	Riverine	Emergent Wetland		Permanent / Perennial	5						
	Depressional	Emergent Wetland		Permanent / Perennial	90						
	Depressional Scrub-Shrub Wetland Permanent / Perennial 5										
^-	mments:										

- 11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (of similarly classified sites within the same Major Montana Watershed Basin; see manual.) common
- 12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA

i. Disturbance: Use matrix below to select the appropriate response; see manual for Montana listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species lists.

	Predominar	Predominant Conditions Adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA							
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.						
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is 15%.		low disturbance							
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is 30%.									
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >30%.									

Comments (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc.): No disturbance within AA

- ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, and other exotic vegetation species: Cirsium arvense
- iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat: AA includes previously delineated wetlands within conservation easement boundary. Adjacent land use includes low density residential, roads, USFS land, and Plum Creek Timber property.
- 13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes]; see #10 above.)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management peristence of additional v		Modified Rating
3 (or 2 if one is forested) classes		NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	mod	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture		←NO	YES→	
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises 90% of total cover)		NA	NA	NA

Comments: emergent and scrub-shrub

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDER	RALLY	LISTE	D OR	PRO	POSE	D THE	REATE	NED	OR E	NDAN	GERE	D PL	ANTS.	OR A	NIMAI	LS				
i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list spe Incidental habitat (list spec No usable habitat	list spe ecies)		(S) to	D [D [D [ain: C S _ S _ S gr S						in mar	nual.								
ii. Rating: Based on the stro	ngest h	nabitat	chose	n in	14A(i) a	above	, selec	t the	corres	pondin	ig func	tiona	l point	and ra	ting.					
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/F	Prima	ry S	us/P	rimary	Do	c/Sec	onda	ry S	us/Se	conda	ry	Doc/Ir	nciden	tal	Sus/	Incide	ntal	None	•
Functional Point/Rating				-						-				.3L						
Sources for documented us							VS dat	abas	e, site	within	year-ro	ound	range	of griz	zly an	d lynx	k. Adja	cent la	ındown	er
reported seeing a grizzly acce	ording t	o 201	2 moni	itorin	g repor	<u>t.</u>														
14B. HABITAT FOR PLANT Do not include species					S1, S	62, OR	S3 B	Y TH	E MON	NTANA	NATU	JRAI	- HER	ITAGE	PRO	GRAI	VI			
 i. AA is Documented (D) or Primary or critical habitat (I Secondary habitat (list spe Incidental habitat (list spec No usable habitat 	list spe ecies)			D [D [D [ain: Ch □ S <u>V</u> □ S gr ☑ S pi □ S	Vestsle eat bl	ope cu ue her	tthroa	at trout olden (t, Colu			ed-ban	<u>id trout</u>	: (S1)					
ii. Rating: Based on the stro	ongest	habita	t chose	en in	14A(i)	above	e, selec	ct the	corres	spondii	ng fund	ctiona	al point	t and ra	ating.					=
Highest Habitat Level	Doc/F	Prima	ry S	us/P	rimary	Do	c/Sec	onda	ry S	us/Se	conda	ry	Doc/Ir	nciden	tal	Sus/l	ncide	ntal	None	
S1 Species Functional Point/Rating		1H		-						-										
S2 and S3 Species				_																
Functional Point/Rating Sources for documented us																				
i. Evidence of Overall Wildl Substantial: Based on an observations of abunda presence of extremely niterview with local bio Moderate: Based on any observations of scatter common occurrence of adequate adjacent upla interview with local bio ii. Wildlife Habitat Features For class cover to be conside percent composition of the A/S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/Structural Diversity (see #13)	ny of the ant wild such as limiting logist woof the freed wild freed with the work will be wild freed with the work of the wor	e in the following scat, a habit with known the country ith known the known	wing [cos or high tracks at feath owledge on such a rees owledge om top istribut. Abbrev	check the special special to book ed, the viation]. ecies d t struct not ava the AA viduals at, tracl the AA ottom, che mos ns for s	iversit tures, ailable s or rel ks, nes check t and l surfac	y (during game in the attively st struct appropleast per wate	ng ar trails, surro few ctures oriate reval	ny perio etc. bunding specie s, gam AA att ent ve ations	od) g area s durir e trails tributes getate are as	mg peaks, etc.	few little spar inter inter trix to ses mes: P/F efinit	al: Bassor no vito no vise adjaview w	sed on wildlife wildlife acent uvith loc	any of obser sign upland al biol ing. S 20% nt/pere	vatior I food ogist Structu of eacennial	ns during source with kr	ng pea es nowled	is from	AA ı #13.
(see #13)												30	I							
Class Cover Distribution (all vegetated classes)			ven			☐ Un	even			□ E	ven			⊠ Un	even			□ E	ven	
Duration of Surface	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α
Water in ≥ 10% of AA		3/1	1/2	^	171	3/1	1/2	^	1 /F	3/1	1/5	_^_	1 //	3/1	1/2	^	175	3/1	1/2	
■ Low Disturbance at AA (see #12i)													Е							
☐ Moderate Disturbance																				
at AA (see #12i)																				
☐ High Disturbance at AA (see #12i)	at																			
iii. Rating: Use the conclusions from i and ii above and the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.																				
Evidence of Wildlife Use		iii i ai	iu ii ab	OVE &						s Ratir		poiri	t and i	atiriy.		1				
(i)		⊠ Ex	ceptio	nal			High				derate	e		☐ Lo	w					
⊠ Substantial			1E										1							
☐ Moderate										-										
☐ Minimal																				
Comments: Area borders na	tural fo	restec	areas	unde	er man	agem	ent by	USF:	S and	Plum (Creek.					_				

14D. GENERAL FISH HABITAT	☐ NA (proceed to 14E)
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If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check the NA box and proceed to 14E.

Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier].

Type of Fishery: Cold Water (CW) Warm Water (WW) Use the CW or WW guidelines in the manual to complete the matrix.

i. Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA: Use matrix to select the functional point and rating.

Duration of Surface Water in AA	⊠ Pe	☑ Permanent / Perennial						☐ Seasonal / Intermittent						☐ Temporary / Ephemeral				
Aquatic Hiding / Resting / Escape Cover	Opti	Optimal Adequate Poor O			Opti	Optimal Adequate			Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor			
Thermal Cover: optimal / suboptimal	0	S	0	s	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	s	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species			.8H															
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species																		
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish																		
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species																		

Sources used for identifying fish spp. potentially found in AA: MFWP

- ii. Modified Rating: NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1.0 or be less than 0.1.
- a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity, or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? XES, reduce score in i by 0.1 = 0.70 or NO
- b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area; specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish? \square YES, add to score in i or iia 0.1 = __ or \boxtimes N0
- iii. Final Score and Rating: .7M Comments: Perched culvert at Bayhorse Pass Road on northern boundary of the site prevents fish passage at certain times of year.
- 14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION

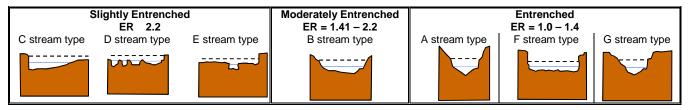
■ NA (proceed to 14F)

Applies only to wetlands that are subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, check the NA box and proceed to 14F.

Entrenchment Ratio (ER) Estimation (see manual for additional guidance). Entrenchment ratio = (flood-prone width) / (bankfull width). Flood-prone width = estimated horizontal projection of where 2 X maximum bankfull depth elevation intersects the floodplain on each side of the stream.

flood prone width / bankfull width = entrenchment ratio





i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Training Training from top to section, does the matrix select to entertain family and rating.										
Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment	⊠ Sli	ightly Entrei	nched	☐ Mod	erately Entr	renched	☐ Entrenched			
(Rosgen 1994, 1996)	C, D	, E stream t	ypes	В	stream typ	е	A, F, G stream types			
Percent of Flooded Wetland Classified as			\boxtimes							
Forested and/or Scrub/Shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet									-	
AA contains unrestricted outlet			.5M							

ii. Are 10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA? XYES NO Comments: Residence located north of AA, elevated above floodplain and not subject to flooding. Road and culvert located directly downstream.

14F.	SHORT AND LONG TERM SURFACE WATER STORAGE NA (proceed to 14G)
	Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow
	If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, then check the NA box and proceed to 14G.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Estimated Maximum Acre Feet of Water Contained in Wetlands within the AA that are Subject to Periodic Flooding or Ponding		>5 acre fo	eet	□ 1.1	to 5 ac	re feet	☐ ≤1 acre foot			
Duration of Surface Water at Wetlands within the AA	⊠ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	□ P/P	□ S/I	□ T/E	
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H									
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years										

Comments: Greater than 5 acre feet capacity across 18.09 acre wetland.

Applies to wetland with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, check the NA box and proceed to 14H.

i. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating.

Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Input Levels within AA	AA receive has potent nutrients, such that a substantia sedimenta toxicants, present.	tial to deliv or compou other funct Illy impaire tion, sourc	er sedime inds at lev ions are r d. Minor es of nutr	nts, els ot ients or	Waterbody is need of TMDI causes" relat toxicants or A has potential nutrients, or c functions are sedimentation or signs of eu	developmer ed to sedime AA receives of to deliver hig compounds s substantially n, sources of	nt for "probal nt, nutrients, or surroundin gh levels of so such that other y impaired. M nutrients or	ole or g land use ediments, er ajor		
% Cover of Wetland Vegetation in AA	⊠≥°	70%	□<	70%	□ ≥ 70% □ < 70%					
Evidence of Flooding / Ponding in AA	⊠ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No		
AA contains no or restricted outlet										
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9H									

Comments: Area receives surface runoff during precipitation events.

14H. SEDIMENT / SHORELINE STABILIZATION NA (proceed to 14I)

Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action.

If 14H does not apply, check the NA box and proceed to 14I.

% Cover of Wetland Streambank or Shoreline by Species with Stability	Duration of S	Duration of Surface Water Adjacent to Rooted Vegetation								
Ratings of 6 (see Appendix F).	Permanent / Perennial	☐ Seasonal / Intermittent	☐ Temporary / Ephemeral							
⊠ ≥ 65%	1H									
□ 35-64%										
☐ < 35%										

Comments: Open water areas are subject to wave action, streambank is subject to erosion. The streambank is well vegetated (reed canarygrass, meadow foxtail) and open water areas have >65% vetetation cover.

14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD CHAIN SUPPORT

i. Level of Biological Activity: Synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat rates (select).

General Fish Habitat Rating	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14Ciii)								
(14Diii)	⊠ E/H	■ M	L						
⊠ E/H	Н								
■ M									
L									
□ NA									

ii. Rating: Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to select the functional point and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14li); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to the duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E were previously defined, and A = "absent" [see manual for further definitions of these terms].

Α	\boxtimes	Vegeta	ted Co	mponent	>5 ac	res	☐ Vegetated Component 1-5					res	☐ Vegetated Component <1 acre					
В	⊠⊦	ligh	M	oderate		Low	☐ High		☐ Moderate		☐ Low		☐ High				☐ Low	
С	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
P/P	1H																	
S/I																		
T/E/A																		

			vveliai	iu/Site #	(3). Itestoratio	<u></u>					
14I. PRODUCTION EXPORT / FOOD (CHAIN S	SUPPORT (con	tinued)								
iii. Modified Rating: Note: Modified so	ore can	not exceed 1.0	or be less tha	n 0.1.							
Vegetated Upland Buffer: Area wi mowing or clearing (unless for weed Is there an average 50-foot wide v	control)).					•	·			
iv. Final Score and Rating: $\underline{1H}$ Com	ments:	AA is well vege	etated with hig	h biologic	cal activity.						
14J. GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE / Check the appropriate indicators i i. Discharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland. Springs or seeps are known Vegetation growing during of Wetland occurs at the toe of Seeps are present at the world AA permanently flooded du Wetland contains an outlet.	n i and i n or obs dormant of a natu etland e ring dro	erved. t season/drougl ral slope. dge. ught periods.		☐ Pe ☐ W ☐ St	etland contain	ors trate present v s inlet but no d wn 'losing' stre	outlet.	, .	0 ,		
Shallow water table and the	e site is s	saturated to the									
iii. Rating: Use the information from i a	and ii ab								7		
						ROUNDWAT					
WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM											
Criteria ☑ P/P ☐ S/I ☐ T ☐ None ☑ Groundwater Discharge or Recharge 1H											
☐ Insufficient Data/Information	arge	1H									
Comments:									ı		
14K. UNIQUENESS i. Rating: Working from top to bottom,											
Replacement Potential	spring forest	ontains fen, bo gs or mature (; ged wetland Of giation listed a TNHP	>80 yr-old) ⋜ plant	cited r divers contai	es not contain are types ANI ity (#13) is hig ns plant asso as "S2" by the	o structural gh OR ciation	previou associa	es not containusly cited rare ations AND s ty (#13) is low	e types OR tructural		
Estimated Relative Abundance (#11)	□ Rare	e ☐ Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare	□ Common	□ Abundant	□ Rare	□ Common	□ Abundant		
■ Low Disturbance at AA (#12i)								.4M			
Moderate Disturbance at AA (#12i)											
High Disturbance at AA (#12i)											
14L. RECREATION / EDUCATION PO Affords 'bonus' points if AA provide i. Is the AA a known or potential recre	es a recr	reational or edu	icational oppor	rtunity.	·	nd Rating page	,				
ii. Check categories that apply to the	AA: ⊠	Educational/S						sumptive recr	eational		
W. Barran Handle and A. C. C. C. C.		Other:	and and								
iii. Rating: Use the matrix below to sele							17	1 5	-		
		I Recreational					Known		4		
Public ownership or public easemer					n required)		.2H		4		
Private ownership with general publ									4		

Comments: Public access, no permission required. Signs of hunting observed during 2015 site visit.

15. GENERAL SITE NOTES: _____

Function & Value Variables	Rating – Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage	Indicate the Four Most Prominent Functions with an Asterisk
A. Listed / Proposed T&E Species Habitat	low 0.30	1.00	4.98	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	high 1.00	1.00	16.6	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	exc 1.00	1.00	16.6	
D. General Fish Habitat	mod 0.70	1.00	11.62	
E. Flood Attenuation	mod 0.50	1.00	8.3	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	high 1.00	1.00	16.6	*
G. Sediment / Nutrient / Toxicant Removal	high 0.90	1.00	14.94	*
H. Sediment / Shoreline Stabilization	high 1.00	1.00	16.6	
I. Production Export / Food Chain Support	high 1.00	1.00	16.6	*
J. Groundwater Discharge / Recharge	high 1.00	1.00	16.6	*
K. Uniqueness	mod 0.40	1.00	6.64	
L. Recreation / Education Potential (bonus point)	high 0.20		3.32	
Total Points	9	11	149.4 Total	Functional Units
Percent of Possible Score 82% (round to nearest whole number)				

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or ☐ Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or ☐ Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
☐ Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; if not go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).
DVERALL ANALYSIS AREA (AA) RATING: Check the appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above.

APPENDIX C PROJECT AREA PHOTOGRAPHS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring McGinnis Meadows Lincoln County, Montana



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2010



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2012



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2013



Photo Point: 1 Location: SE Corner of Site Bearing: 250 Degrees



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2016



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 270 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2010



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 270 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2012



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 270 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2013



Photo Point: 1 Loc Bearing: 270 Degrees Y

Location: SE Corner of Site
Degrees Year: 2014



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 270 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 270 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site

Year: 2016



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2010



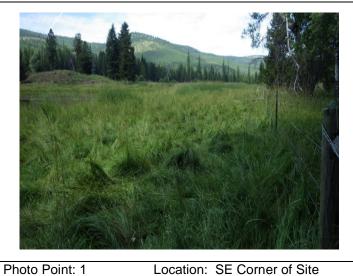
Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2012



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2013



Bearing: 300 Degrees Year: 2014



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2015



Photo Point: 1 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: SE Corner of Site Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2010



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2012



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2013



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2014



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 85 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2016



Photo Point: 2 Location: South-Central Part of Site Bearing: 110 Degrees Year: 2010



Photo Point: 2 Location: South-Central Part of Site Bearing: 110 Degrees Year: 2012



Photo Point: 2 Location: South-Central Part of Site Bearing: 110 Degrees Year: 2013



Photo Point: 2 Location: South-Central Part of Site Bearing: 110 Degrees Year: 2014



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 110 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 110 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2010



Photo Point: 2 Local Bearing: 140 Degrees Ye

Location: South-Central Part of Site es Year: 2012



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2013



Photo Point: 2 Loc Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Degrees Year: 2014



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site

Year: 2015



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2010



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2012



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2013



Bearing: 180 Degrees

Photo Point: 2 Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2014



Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site Year: 2015

Photo Point: 2 Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: South-Central Part of Site



Photo Point 3; Location: South-Central part of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2010



Photo Point 3; Location: South-Central part of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2012



Photo Point 3; Location: South-Central part of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2014



Photo Point 3; Location: South-Central part of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2016



Photo Point 4; Location: Center of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2010



Photo Point 4; Location: Center of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2012



Photo Point 4; Location: Center of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2014



Photo Point 4; Location: Center of site; Bearing 200 degrees; Year 2016



Photo Point 5; Location: NW Corner; Bearing 130 degrees; Year 2010



Photo Point 5; Location: NW Corner; Bearing 130 degrees; Year 2012



Photo Point 5; Location: NW Corner; Bearing 130 degrees; Year 2014



Photo Point 5; Location: NW Corner; Bearing 130 degrees; Year 2016



Photo Point 6; Location: NE Corner of site; Bearing 220 degrees; Year 2010



Photo Point 6; Location: NE Corner of site; Bearing 220 degrees; Year 2012



Photo Point 6; Location: NE Corner of site; Bearing 220 degrees; Year 2014

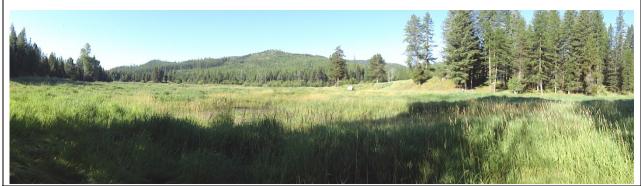


Photo Point 6; Location: NE Corner of site; Bearing 220 degrees; Year 2016



Photo Point 7; Location: East Side of Property; Bearing 210 degrees; Year 2010



Photo Point 7; Location: East Side of Property; Bearing 210 degrees; Year 2012



Photo Point 7; Location: East Side of Property; Bearing 210 degrees; Year 2014



Photo Point 7; Location: East Side of Property; Bearing 210 degrees; Year 2016



Transect 1: Start Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2010



Transect 1: Start Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2012



Transect 1: Start
Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2013



Transect 1: Start
Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2014



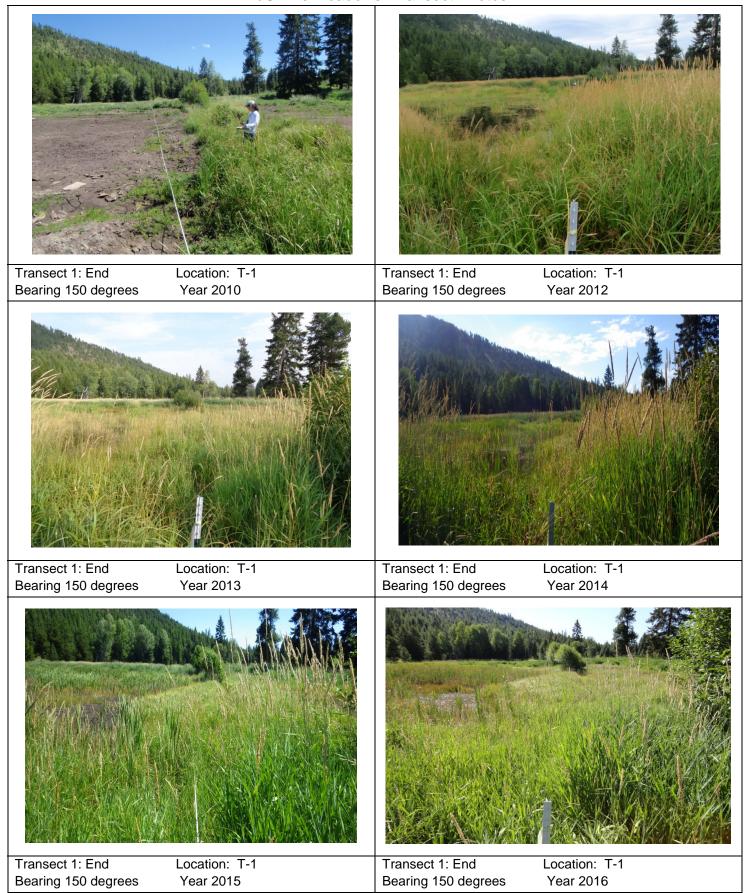
Transect 1: Start
Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2015



Transect 1: Start
Bearing 330 degrees

Location: T-1 Year 2016





Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2010



Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2012



Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2013



Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2014



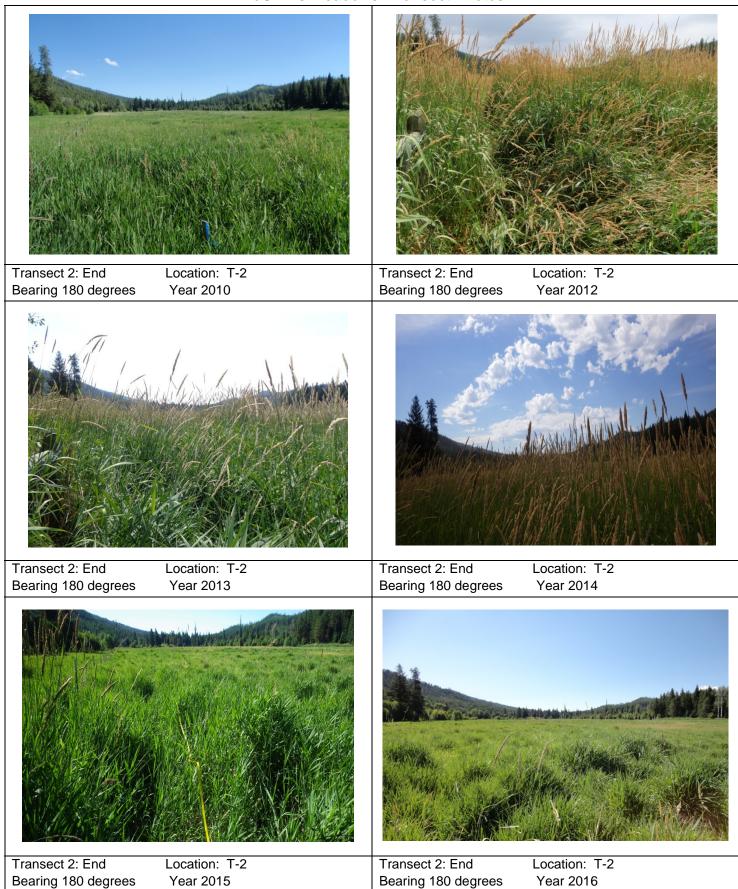
Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

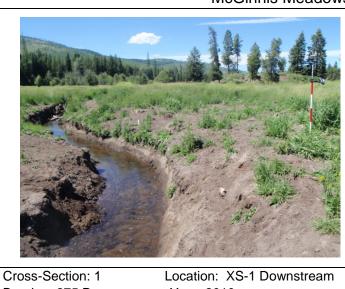
Location: T-2 Year 2015



Transect 2: Start Bearing: 0 degrees

Location: T-2 Year 2016





Bearing: 275 Degrees

Year: 2010



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 275 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2012



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 275 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2013



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 275 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2014



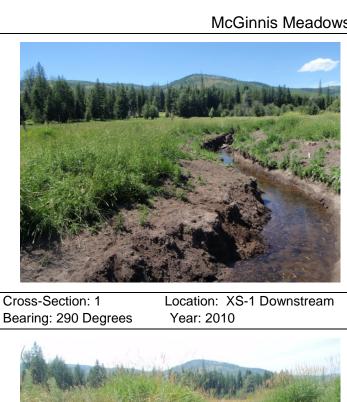
Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 275 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2015



Cross Section: 1 Bearing: 275 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream

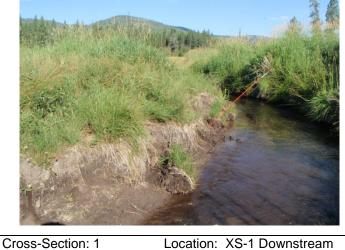


Cross-Section: 1 Location: XS-1 Downstream
Bearing: 290 Degrees Year: 2012



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 290 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2013



Bearing: 290 Degrees Year: 2014



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 290 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2015



Cross-Section: 1 Bearing: 290 Degrees

Location: XS-1 Downstream Year: 2016



Cross-Section 1; Location: XS-1 Upstream; Bearing 110 degrees; Year 2010



Cross-Section 1; Location: XS-1 Upstream; Bearing 110 degrees; Year 2012



Cross-Section 1; Location: XS-1 Upstream; Bearing 110 degrees; Year 2014



Cross-Section 1; Location: XS-1 Upstream; Bearing 110 degrees; Year 2016



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Upstream; Bearing 70 degrees; Year 2010



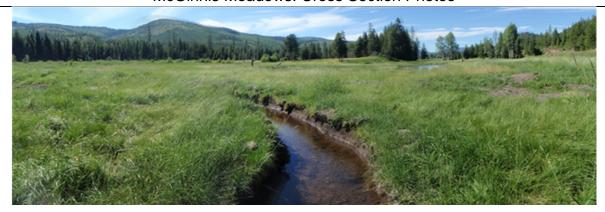
Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Upstream; Bearing 70 degrees; Year 2012



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Upstream; Bearing 70 degrees; Year 2014



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Upstream; Bearing 70 degrees; Year 2016



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Downstream; Bearing 350 degrees; Year 2010



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Downstream; Bearing 350 degrees; Year 2012



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Downstream; Bearing 350 degrees; Year 2014



Cross-Section 2; Location: XS-2 Downstream; Bearing 350 degrees; Year 2016



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Upstream; Bearing 260 degrees; Year 2010



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Upstream; Bearing 260 degrees; Year 2012



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Upstream; Bearing 260 degrees; Year 2014



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Upstream; Bearing 260 degrees; Year 2016



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Downstream; Bearing 90 degrees; Year 2010



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Downstream; Bearing 90 degrees; Year 2012



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Downstream; Bearing 90 degrees; Year 2014



Cross-Section 3; Location: XS-3 Downstream; Bearing 90 degrees; Year 2016



Data Point: DP-1U Year 2016

Location: SE part of site



Data Point: DP-1W Year 2016

Location: SE part of site

APPENDIX D PROJECT PLAN SHEETS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring McGinnis Meadows Lincoln County, Montana

