

#### PARADISE VALLEY

Corridor Planning Study

# Informational Meeting No. 1

#### **Gardiner**

Wednesday, July 24<sup>th</sup>, 2013 Gardiner Community Center 6:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.

#### **Livingston**

Thursday, July 25<sup>th</sup>, 2013 Community Room 6:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.



### Welcome and Introductions

- Introduction of local officials
- Partners
  - MDT
  - FHWA
  - Park County
- Consultant team



# Outline of this Evening's Meeting

- Title VI considerations
- What is a corridor planning study?
- Study area boundary
- Study schedule
- Identified stakeholder groups
- Existing conditions in the corridor
- Next steps & conclusion

### Title VI Considerations

This meeting is held pursuant to Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act which ensures that no person shall, as provided by Federal and State Civil Rights law, be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination on the basis of a protected status during any MDT project.

Further information is available in Title VI pamphlets available at the sign-in table.

# What is a Corridor Planning Study?

- Corridor planning studies:
  - Are a "high level scan"
  - Define transportation issues/areas of concern
  - Consider social, economic and environmental effects at an early stage
  - Identify and prioritize cost-effective and feasible strategies
  - Provide a level of analysis that can support informed and sustainable decisions
  - Provide opportunities for early and continuous involvement

# What a Corridor Planning Study is Not

- Corridor planning studies are <u>not</u>:
  - Environmental compliance document
  - Preliminary or final design project
  - Construction or maintenance project
  - Right-of-way acquisition project

# Goals and Purpose of Study

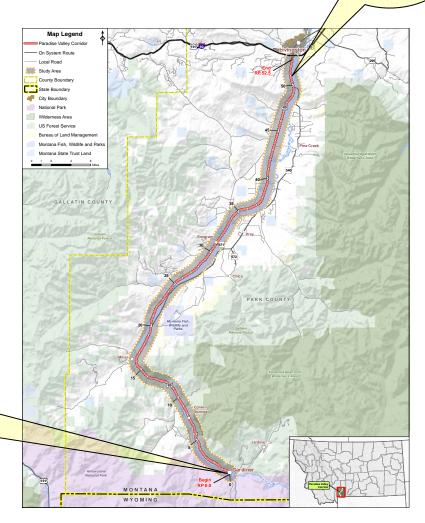
- Engage constituents early!
- Identify potential impacts and constraints
- Identify needs and objectives
- Identify short-range and long-range improvements
- Develop planning level cost estimates
- Develop information and data to be forwarded into the environmental process if a project moves forward from the study (dependent on available funds)

# Study Area Boundary

END US 89 south of Livingston (RP 52.5)

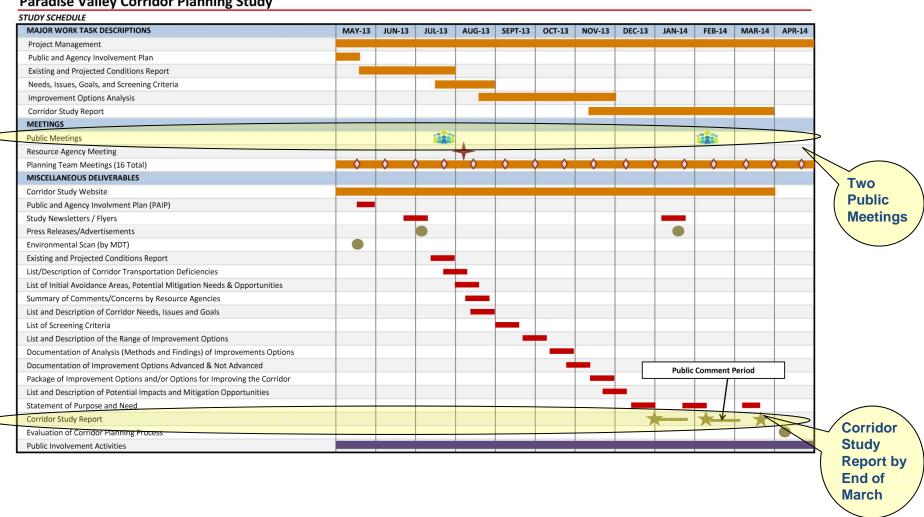
- US Highway 89 (US 89)
- Between Gardiner and Livingston
- 52.5 miles in length





# Study Schedule

#### **Paradise Valley Corridor Planning Study**



### Public Involvement Activities

- Two sets of informational meetings
- Presentations and outreach to interested parties, stakeholders, resource agencies and land owners as warranted
- Study newsletters
- Website
- Informal meetings

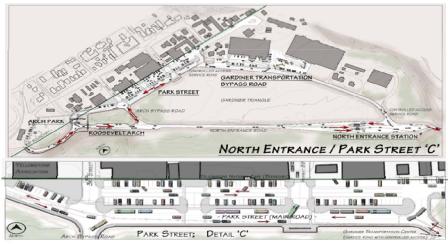
# Identified Stakeholder Groups

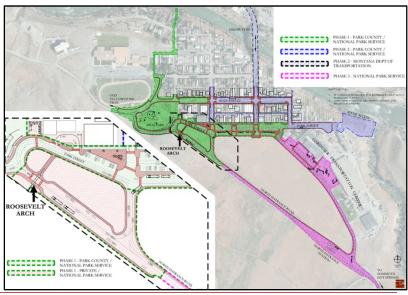
- City of Livingston
- Gardiner Chamber of Commerce
- Greater Gardiner Community Council
- Northern Rocky Mountain
   Economic Development District
- MSU Extension
- Yellowstone River Task Force
- Montana State Highway Patrol
- Gallatin Valley Land Trust

- Montana Land Reliance
- Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation
- The Nature Conservancy
- Montana Wild Sheep Foundation
- Montanan's for Safe Wildlife Passage
- Northern Plains Resource Council
- Trout Unlimited Joe Brooks Chapter
- Landowners in the Corridor

### US 89 Corridor - Local Planning

- Review past, current and future planning documents
  - Park County Growth Policy
  - Gallatin National Forest Plan
  - North Entrance & Park Street Improvement Plan/EA
  - Gardiner Gateway Project





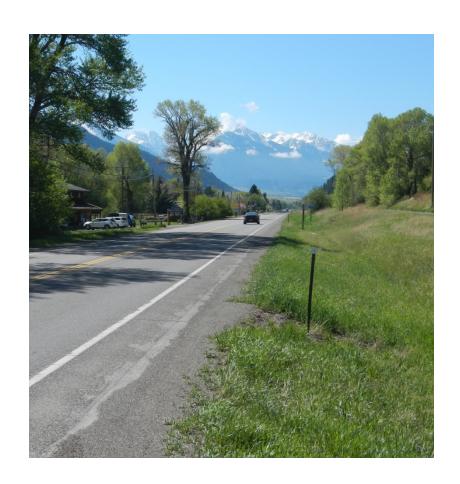
### **US 89 Corridor - Context**

- Functionally classified as a Rural Principal Arterial (Non-Interstate, National Highway System)
- Posted speeds vary between 25 mph and 70 mph
- Serves multiple uses
  - Local traffic
  - Recreational traffic
  - Tourism traffic
  - Commuter traffic
  - Farm-to-market agricultural traffic



### US 89 Corridor - Physical Characteristics

- Two-lane roadway
- Asphalt surfacing entire length
- 341 access points
- Constructed or improved at various times (as early as 1924 and as recently as 2012)



### US 89 Corridor - Planned Projects

- SF 110-Rumble Strips N-11
  - Shoulder rumble strips (RP 1.2 to RP 49.5)
- Gardiner North
  - Mill and fill, ADA upgrades at intersections, bridge deck repair, and full width seal and cover treatment (RP 0.0 to RP 1.0)
- North of Gardiner
  - Mill and fill and full width seal and cover treatment (RP 1.1 to RP 13.1)
- Yankee Jim Canyon North
  - Mill and fill and full width seal and cover treatment (RP 13.1 to RP 24)
- Cedar Cr 16 km N of Gardiner
  - Cedar Creek culvert to be replaced (RP 10.02)
- SF 129 Left Turn Ln Emigrant RA
  - Southbound left-turn lane at the Emigrant Rest Area (RP 23.5)

#### US 89 Corridor – Historic AADT

 Ranges from 4,640 vehicles per day (vpd) near Gardiner to 4,700 vpd near Livingston (2011 counts)

Location	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
RP 0.12	4,350	4,470	4,680	3,600	3,910	4,840	4,550	3,600	3,270	3,630	
RP 0.64	3,380	3,640	2,990	2,680	2,900	4,060	3,660	2,900	2,790	2,980	
RP 4.0	1,450	2,000	2,030	1,300	1,550	2,310	2,110	1,660	1,560	1,690	
RP 16.8	1,590	1,640	1,780	1,750	1,640	1,630	1,650	1,810	1,580	1,610	
RP 32.0	2,120	2,080	1,960	1,840	1,870	2,570	2,290	2,040	1,780	2,040	14001404
RP 49.6	2,600	2,530	3,120	2,770	2,360	3,500	3,280	2,920	2,470	2,870	Voor 0
RP 52.0	3,940	3,820	5,200	4,670	5,000	6,400	5,950	6,570	6,570	4,490	Year 2 Volum
Location	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Highes
RP 0.12	4,280	4,140	4,020	4,020	4,150	4,080	4,490	4,710	4,640	- /	Living
RP 0.64	3,320	3,540	3,410	3,410	3,520	3,440	3,740	3,920	3,870	1	
RP 4.0	1,830	2,080	2,040	2,040	2,100	2,030	2,120	2,220	2,190	-	
RP 16.8	1,590	1,600	1,550	1,540	1,630	1,550	1,680	1,740	1,670	-	
RP 32.0	2,460	2,370	2,300	2,300	2,370	2,190	2,140	2,250	2,220	-	
RP 49.6	3,850	3,420	3,290	3,290	3,390	3,320	3,350	3,510	3,460	-	
RP 52.0	6,720	4,980	4,700	4,700	4,850	5,020	5,150	4,770	4,700	-	

### US 89 Corridor - Projected AADT

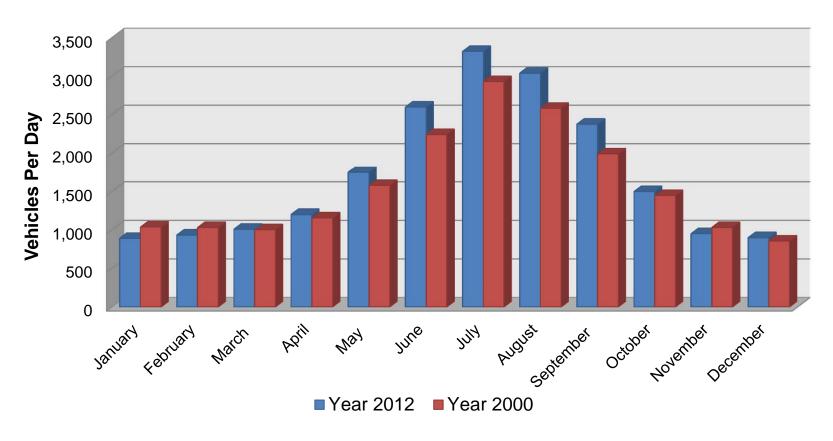
 Year 2035 projected volumes range from 5,486 – 10,114 vpd (near Gardiner) to 5,557 – 10,245 vpd (near Livingston

		2011 Existing AADT	Projected AADT (2035)			
Site	Location		Low (0.7%)	Medium (1.3%)	High (3.3%)	
34-3-10	RP 0.12	4,640	5,486	6,326	10,114	
34-3-9	RP 0.64	3,870	4,575	5,276	8,436	
34-3-1	RP 4.0	2,190	2,589	2,986	4,774	
34-3-2 <sup>(i)</sup>	RP 16.8	1,670	1,974	2,277	3,640	
34-3-3	RP 32.0	2,220	2,625	3,027	4,839	
34-2-2	RP 49.6	3,460	4,091	4,717	7,542	
34-2A-5	RP 52.0	4,700	5,557	6,408	10,245	
Average		3,256	3,849	4,439	7,097	

<sup>(</sup>i) US 89 at ATR Station A-020

### US 89 Corridor - Seasonal Historic

Seasonal variation noted May thru October



US 89 at ATR Station A-020 by month for the years 2012 and 2000

### US 89 Corridor - Seasonal Projected

Seasonal variation will elevate the AADT traffic volumes

Month	Eviating AADT	Projected ADT (2035)			
Month	Existing AADT	Low Growth	Medium Growth	High Growth	
June	2,599	2,816	3,267	4,905	
July	3,321	3,599	4,175	6,268	
August	3,040	3,294	3,822	5,737	
Peak Average	2,987	3,237	3,755	5,637	
AADT Average	1,710	2,008	2,302	3,608	
Difference (%)	+1,277 (+74.7%)	+1,229 (+61.2%)	+1,453 (+61.2%)	+2,329 (+56.2%)	

US 89 at ATR Station A-020

### US 89 Corridor - Roadway Geometrics

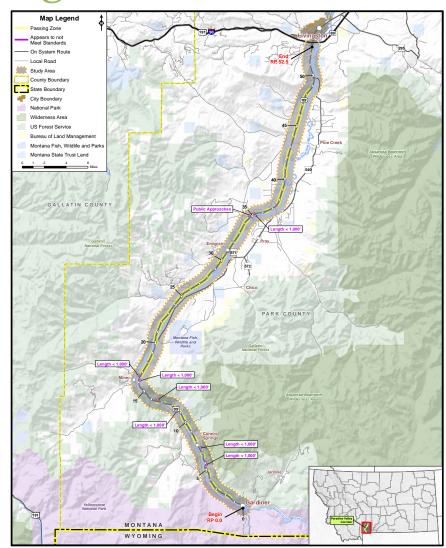
- Eight horizontal curves <u>do</u> not appear to meet current standards
  - Radius
- Six vertical curves <u>do not</u> <u>appear</u> to meet current standards
  - Curvature
  - Grade
  - Stopping Sight Distance



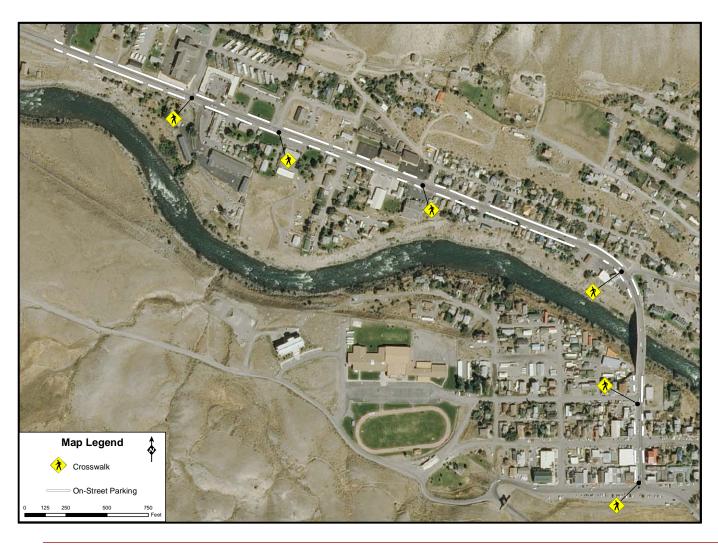


### US 89 Corridor - Passing Areas

- Seven locations where passing zones are less than 1,000 feet in length
- One location where passing is allowed in front of a public approach



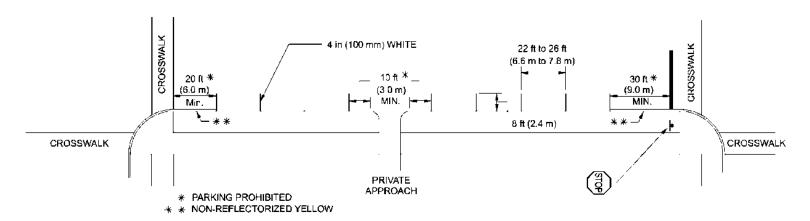
# US 89 Corridor – Gardiner On-Street Parking



### US 89 Corridor – MDT No Parking Standards

- 20 feet of crosswalk
- 10 feet from mid-block approach
- Areas designated by local regulations

- 30 feet from intersection with a flashing beacon, stop sign or traffic signal
- Across from a Tintersection



#### US 89 Corridor - Landslide Areas

#### Gardiner-Area 7

- RP 0 to RP 5
- Numerous faults that contribute to landslides
- Debris slide located immediately east of US 89

#### Gardiner-Area 1

- RP 10 to RP 24
- Parallels the Yellowstone River Valley
- New or renewed movement could affect US 89

### Livingston-Area 12

- RP 47 to RP 51
- Majority located west of the highway



### US 89 Corridor - Rockfall Hazard

RP Start	RP End	Side of Road
6.01	6.06	Right
6.57	6.96	Right
12.2	12.46	Right
13.22	13.32	Right
13.32	13.66	Right
13.66	13.84	Right
13.84	13.96	Right
13.96	14.61	Right
15.03	15.71	Right
15.71	15.84	Right
48.99	49.17	Left
49.32	49.38	Left





### US 89 Corridor – Road Width

- Determined from MDT's 2011 Montana Road Log
  - Surface width, lane width, shoulder width, surfacing thickness, and base thickness
- RP 0.0 to RP 1.1 44' Width
  - 12' Lanes, 8' Shoulders
- RP 1.1 to RP 52.5 32' Width
  - 32' Surface 12' Lanes, 4' Shoulders

#### **US 89 Corridor - Access Points**

#### 341 Access Points

#### 6.5 access/mile

- 16.8 access/mile near Gardiner (RP 0.0 to RP 4.0)
- 19.7 access/mile near Livingston (RP 49.0 to RP 52.5

#### 11 skewed

 Greater than 30° from perpendicular



### US 89 Corridor - Bridge Crossings

- Three bridges and one large culvert
  - RP 0.16 (Yellowstone River)
  - RP 20.41 (Yellowstone River)
  - RP 24.07 (Big Creek)
  - RP 47.85 (Farm Access)

None of the bridges are structurally deficient or functionally obsolete









### US 89 Corridor - Safety

- For period between July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012
- RP 0.0 to RP 52.5
- 286 total reported crashes
  - One fatality
  - 19 crashes produced incapacitating injuries
  - 82% single vehicle crashes
  - 8% involved drugs and/or alcohol
  - Almost 50% animal/vehicle

### US 89 Corridor - Crash Rates and Severity

- Crash rates are defined as the number of crashes per million vehicle miles of travel
- Compared to average rates for similar roadways....
  - Crash rate 1
  - Severity index
  - Crash severity rate

Crash Data Location	Crash Rate	Crash Severity Index	Crash Severity Rate
US 89 (RP 0.0 to 52.5)	1.27	1.84	2.34
Statewide Average for Non-Interstate NHS Routes	1.01	2.05	2.07

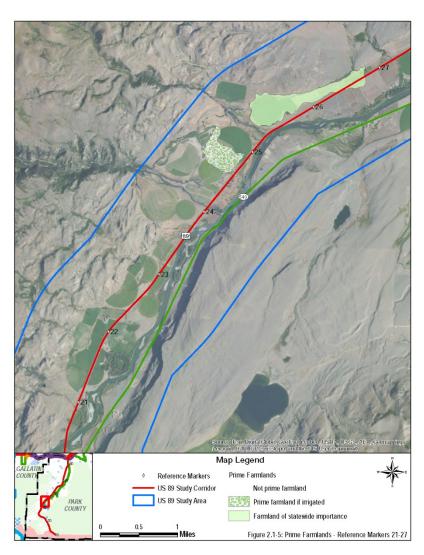
### **Environmental Resources**

- Land Ownership
- Soil Resources and Prime Farmland
- Geologic Resources
- Water Resources
- Wetlands
- Floodplains and Floodways
- Hazardous Substances

- Air Quality
- Noise
- Visual Resources
- Biological Resources
- Vegetation
- Cultural and Archaeological Resources
- Social

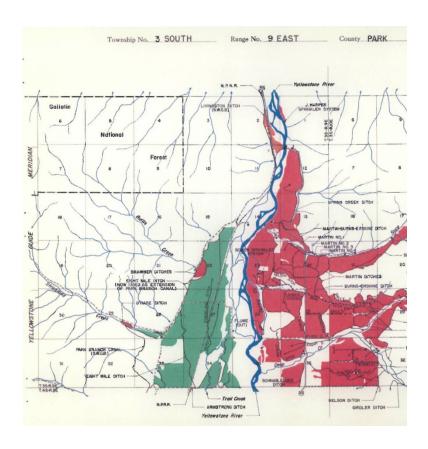
### Soil Resources and Prime Farmland

- Based on Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey
  - Prime if irrigated farmlands are found between RP 24 – 25 and 41 – 46
  - Farmlands of statewide importance are found between RP 25 – 27, 30 – 31, 34 – 37



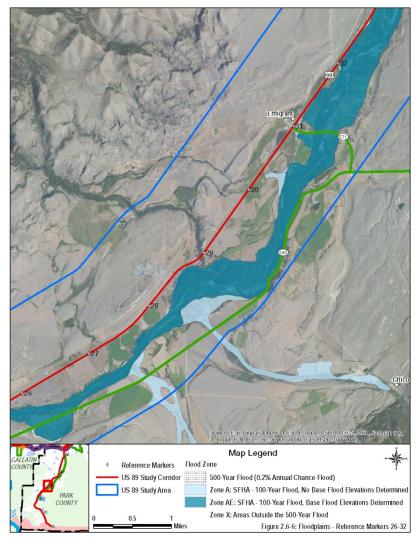
### Water Resources

- Numerous drainage & irrigation crossings
- Three bridges / one large culvert
- Wetlands delineated if and when a project is identified and advances



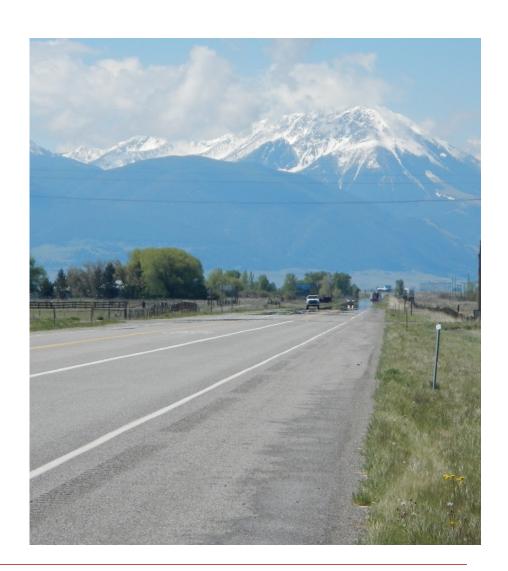
### Floodplains and Floodways

 Avoid to the extent possible adverse impacts to floodplains



### Visual Resources

- Landscape character
- Visual integrity
- Scenic integrity
- Landscape visibility

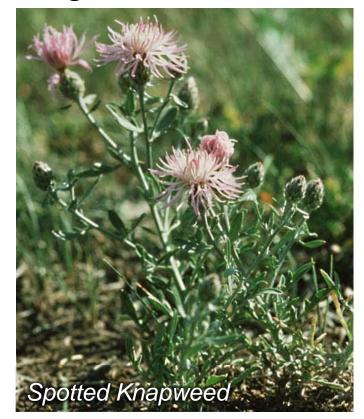


# Biological Resources

Fish and Wildlife



Vegetation



### Fish and Wildlife - T & E Species

#### Park County

- Canada Lynx
  - Listed Threatened, Critical Habitat
- Grizzly Bear
  - Listed Threatened
- Greater Sage-Grouse
  - Candidate
- Sprague's Pipit
  - Candidate
- Wolverine
  - Proposed
- Whitebark Pine
  - Candidate

#### Study Area

- Canada Lynx
  - Listed Threatened, Critical Habitat
- Grizzly Bear
  - Listed Threatened
- Wolverine
  - Proposed

# Fish and Wildlife - Species of Concern

Animal SubGroup	Common Name	Short Habitat Description	
Mammals	Bison	Grasslands	
Maiiiiiais	Hoary Bat	Riparian and forest	
	Great Blue Heron	Riparian forest	
	Trumpeter Swan	Lakes, ponds, reservoirs	
	Peregrine Falcon	Cliffs / canyons	
Birds	Pinyon Jay	Open conifer forest	
Dirus	Cassin's Finch	Drier conifer forest	
	Harlequin Duck	Mountain streams	
	Clark's Nutcracker	Conifer forest	
	Brewer's Sparrow	Sagebrush	
Reptiles	Common Sagebrush Lizard	Rock outcrops	
Fish	Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout	Mountain streams, rivers, lakes	
	Spiny Hopsage	Shrublands (Dry)	
Plants	Spiny Skeleton Weed	Lower Elev. Grasslands	
	Wedge-leaf Saltbush	Wetland/Riparian	

#### Fish and Wildlife - Wildlife Carcass

- MDT Maintenance Animal Incident Database
- January 2002 and December 2012
- 1,659 animal carcasses collected in the ten-year period
  - >93% Deer

Animal	# of Carcasses Collected
Antelope	1
Bighorn Sheep	6
Bison	2
Black Bear	1
Elk	94
Moose	1
Deer (unknown species)	21
Mule Deer	1116
White-tailed Deer	417
TOTAL	1659

### Cultural and Archaeological Resources

- Possible 4(f) Campgrounds and Picnic Areas
  - Yankee Jim Picnic Area
  - La Duke Picnic Area
  - Cinnabar Picnic Area
  - Sphinx Creek Picnic Area
  - Canyon Campground
  - Gardiner Community Park

### Cultural and Archaeological Resources

#### Historic Sites

Site	Site No.	NRHP Eligibility	RP±
Roosevelt Arch	24PA0765	Listed	N/A
Yellowstone R. Bridge at Gardiner	24PA0790	Yes	0.1
Electric Mines/Electric HD	24PA0483	Yes	7±
OTO Homestead and Dude Ranch	24PA1227	Listed	15±
Carbella Bridge	24PA1237	Listed	15±
Emigrant Crossroad Arch.	24PA0969	Yes	
Park Branch Canal	24PA1114	Yes	40±
Carter Bridge	24PA0817	Listed	S-540

## Next Steps

- Continue study coordination and outreach
- Finalize environmental scan
- Finalize existing and projected conditions report
- Continue analysis of transportation needs
- Identify potential improvement options (if any)
- Draft corridor study report

### Conclusion

- Questions, answers and/or comments?
  - Study website:
     <a href="http://www.mdt.mt.gov/pubinvolve/paradisevalley/">http://www.mdt.mt.gov/pubinvolve/paradisevalley/</a>
  - Study newsletters:
  - Study contact:

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